```
存储型XSS
低级别源代码:
Medium Stored XSS Source
High Stored XSS Source
防御
扫描工具
```

26-27主要讲了windows下面的网站搭建,这里只要讲28

存储型XSS

低级别源代码:

```
1
   <?php
2
3 if(isset($_POST['btnSign']))
4 {
5
6
     $message = trim($_POST['mtxMessage']);
              = trim($_POST['txtName']); //trim是吧左右两侧的信息里面的空格给去掉!
7
     $name
8
9
     // Sanitize message input
     $message = stripslashes($message);
10
     $message = mysql_real_escape_string($message);//这个函数做转义! 可以防止sql注入,对xss无
11
12
13
     // Sanitize name input
     $name = mysql_real_escape_string($name);
14
15
     $query = "INSERT INTO guestbook (comment, name) VALUES ('$message', '$name');";
16
17
     $result = mysql_query($query) or die('' . mysql_error() . '' );
18
19
20 }
21
22 ?>
```

Medium Stored XSS Source

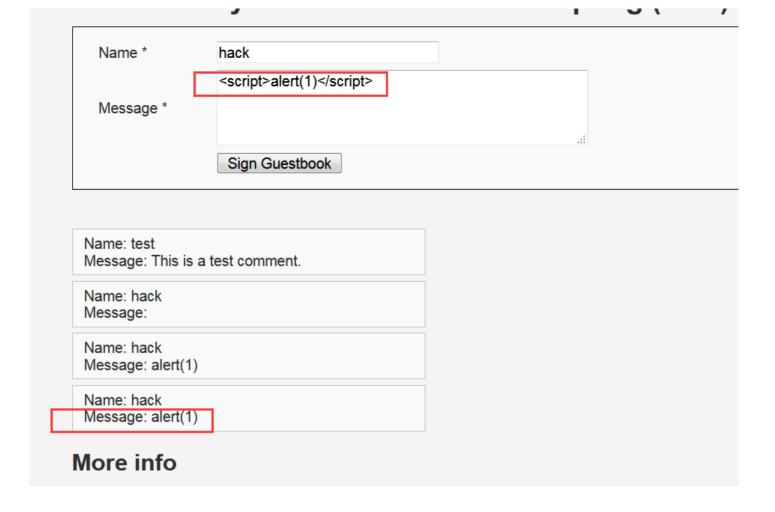
medium级别存储型XSS

对Message输入框做了诸多过滤:

- 利用strip_tags()函数过滤字符串中的HTML标签;
- 利用htmlspecialchars()函数对敏感字符进行转换。

Name框仍有漏洞,但只允许最多输入10个字符,可利用审查元素进行绕过。

```
1 <?php
 2
 3 if(isset($_POST['btnSign']))
  {
 4
 5
 6
      $message = trim($_POST['mtxMessage']);
 7
              = trim($ POST['txtName']);
      $name
 8
9
     // Sanitize message input
10
      $message = trim(strip_tags(addslashes($message)));//strip_tags: 过滤字符串里面的标签, i
11
      $message = mysql_real_escape_string($message);
      $message = htmlspecialchars($message);//用于防止跨站
12
13
14
     // Sanitize name input, name这一栏没有用htmlspecialchars这个函数!
      $name = str_replace('<script>', '', $name);//这里用绕过的话很简单,只要用大写即可:<SCRIPT</pre>
15
      $name = mysql_real_escape_string($name);
16
17
18
      $query = "INSERT INTO guestbook (comment, name) VALUES ('$message', '$name');";
19
      $result = mysql_query($query) or die('' . mysql_error() . '' );
20
21
22 }
23
24 ?>
```



High Stored XSS Source

```
1 <?php
 2
 3 if(isset($_POST['btnSign']))
 4 {
 5
      $message = trim($_POST['mtxMessage']);
 6
 7
              = trim($_POST['txtName']);
      $name
 8
 9
      // Sanitize message input
      $message = stripslashes($message);
10
11
      $message = mysql_real_escape_string($message);
      $message = htmlspecialchars($message);//加了htmlspecialchars这个函数
12
13
14
      // Sanitize name input
15
      $name = stripslashes($name);
16
      $name = mysql_real_escape_string($name);
      $name = htmlspecialchars($name);//加了htmlspecialchars这个函数
17
18
19
      $query = "INSERT INTO guestbook (comment, name) VALUES ('$message', '$name');";
20
21
      $result = mysql_query($query) or die('' . mysql_error() . '' );
```

22	2							
23	3	}						
24	4							
25	5	?>						

防御

XSS的防御措施

- 对前端输入和输出做过滤和编码 htmlspecialchars()、strip_tags()
- 給关键的cookie使用http-only

XSS的防御措施

对前端输入和输出做过滤和编码
 htmlspecialchars()、strip_tags()、srt_replace()

Ι

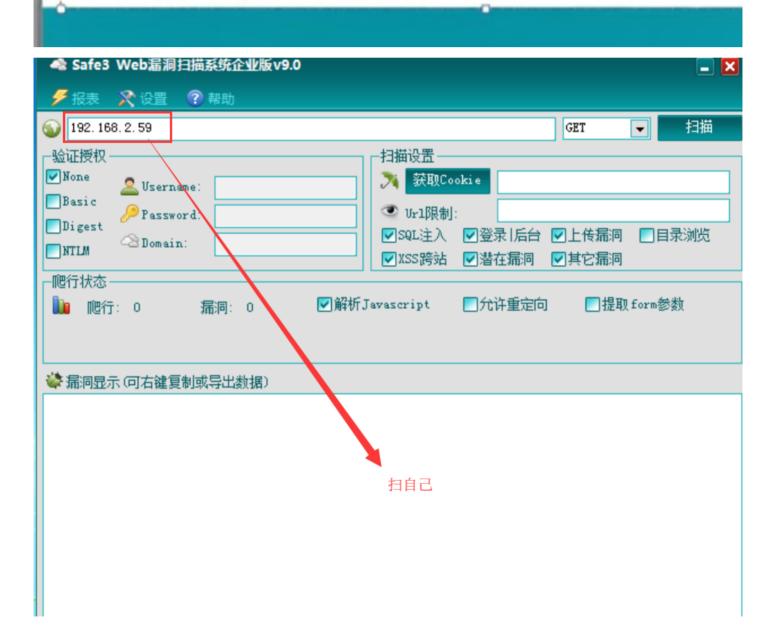
给关键的cookie使用http-only

edu.51cto.

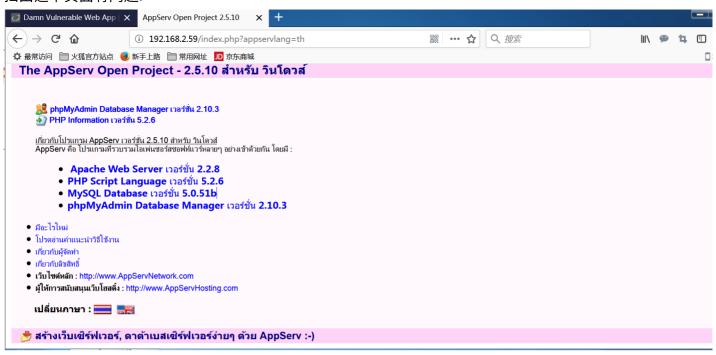
漏洞扫描工具

- safe3wvs
- 扫描速度比较快,需要安装.net 2.0
- 相树I
- BruteXSS

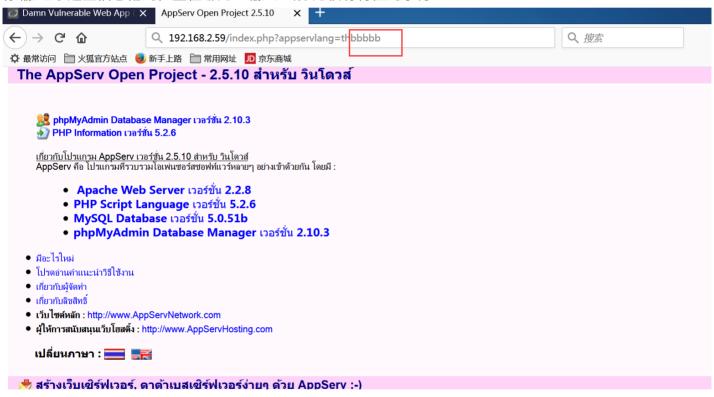
通过自带的字典文件对XSS漏洞进行暴力测试 需要安装Python



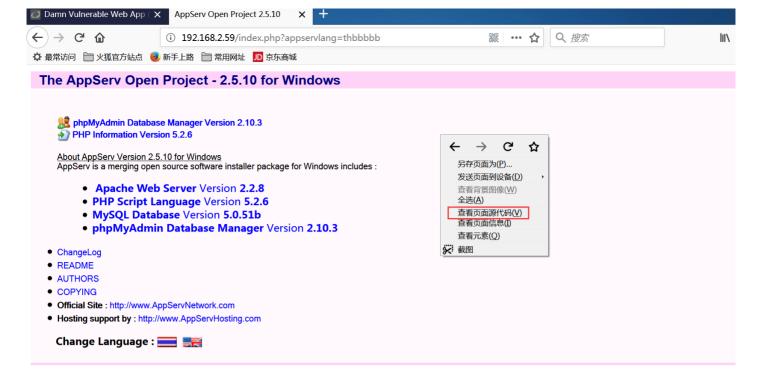
扫出这个页面有问题:



你输入的 这些信息他的位置在哪儿! 输入一段 比较有特征的字符!



应该就把 这5个B带入至代码里面,而后在网页里面输出:



ctrl+F:查找:

```
< > > C · 心
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   … ☆ Q 搜索
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  III\ • 11 fl •
                                                                             (i) view-source:http://192.168.2.59/index.php?appservlang=thbbbbb
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cli>ch><a href="http://www.php.net">PHP
Script Language
cli>ch>
version <a href="http://www.php.net">PHP</a>
Script Language
version <a href="http://www.php.net">PHP</a>
Script Language
version <a href="http://www.php.net">PhP</a>
Script Language
                                                    <1i><b><a href="http://www.phpmyadmin.net">phpMyAdmin Database Manager</b> Version <b 2.10.3</b></a><br/>b></a></br/>b></a></br/>for the first of the first 
                                                    </blockguote>
                                                    </span>
                                              </blockquote>
                                             59           (b) Change Language: </b><a href="index.php?appservlang=th">(b) change Language: </b><a href="index.php?appservlang=th">(b) change Language: </b><a href="index.php?appservlang=th">(b) change Language: </a></a>
           60 (hr)(hr)
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        iew-source:http://192.168.2.59/appserv/README-thbbbbb.php?appservlang=thbbbbb
       bbbbb
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                       </blockquote>
                        <1i><a href="appserv/ChangeLog.txt"><span class="app">ChangeLog</span></a>
                       <1i> <a href="appserv/README-thobbbb" php?appservlang=thobbbb" > <span class="app" > README </span > </a>
                       <1i>\lambda href="appserv/AUTHORS.txt"\span class="app"\AUTHORS\sqrt{span}\sqrt{a}\sqrt{1i}
                       <1i><a href="appserv/COPYING.txt"><span class="app">COPYING</span></a></1i>
                       <1i>\span class="app">\sb\0fficial Site : \langle b \langle a href="http://www.AppServNetwork.com/?appserv">http://
                       <span class="app"><b>Hosting support by :</b> <a href="http://www.AppServHosting.com/?appserv">htt

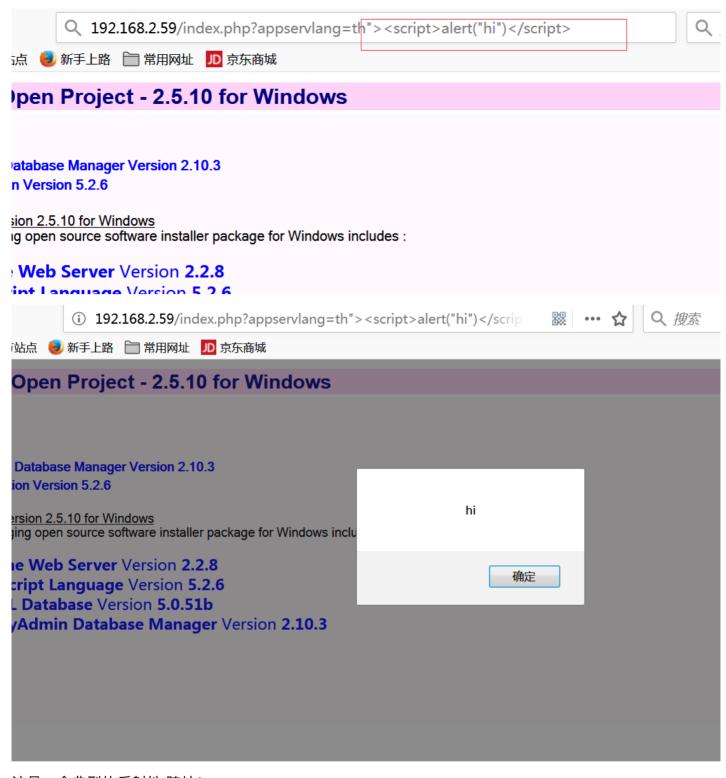
</u1>
p;       \delta b> Change Language: \language index.php?appservlang=th">\language index
<br/>br>
```

发现其放在一个标签属性里面!

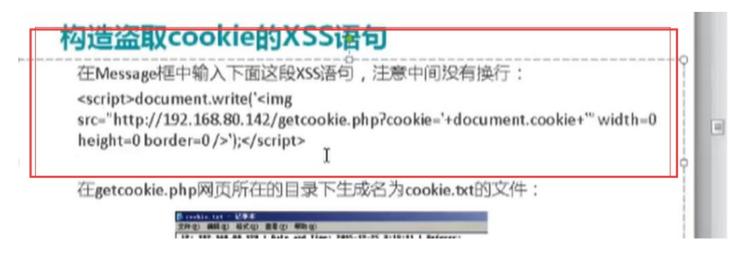
构造跨站语句,首先考虑闭合问题;

```
现加个引号,再加一个 >:
         </blockquote>
       ⟨u1⟩
         <1i><a href="appserv/ChangeLog.txt"><span class="app">ChangeLog</span></a></1i>
         <1i> <a href= appserv/README-thbbbbbb.php?appservlang=thbbbbb > span class= app > READM
         <1i><a href="appserv/AUTHORS.txt"><span class="app">AUTHORS</a></1i>
         <1i><a href="appserv/COPYING.txt"><span class="app">COPYING</span></a></1i>
         <1i><span class="app"><b>Official Site : </b> <a href="http://www.AppServNetwork.com/">
         <span class="app"><b>Hosting support by :</b> <a href="http://www.AppServHosting."</pre>

        &b> Change Language : </b><a href="index.php?appservlang=th"><img sr
<br><br><br>></pr>
      //i \l
  1 "><script>alert("hi")</script>
```



这是一个典型的反射性 跨站!



这个语句很重要!

怎么利用盗取的cookie!可以自己研究研究!