Module 1 Day 16

File I/O - Reading

What makes an application?

- Program Data
 - ✓ Variables & .NET Data Types
 - ✓ Arrays
 - ✓ More Collections (list, dictionary, stack, queue)
 - ✓ Classes and objects (OOP)
- Program Logic
 - ✓ Statements and expressions
 - ✓ Conditional logic (if)
 - ✓ Repeating logic (for, foreach, do, while)
 - ✓ Methods (functions / procedures)
 - ✓ Classes and objects (OOP)
 - ☐ Frameworks (MVC)

Input / Output
 User
 ✓ Console read / write
 ☐ HTML / CSS
 ☐ Front-end frameworks (HTML / CSS / JavaScript)
 Storage
 ❖ File I/O

☐ Relational database

☐ APIs

Directory(Info), File(Info) and Path

- System.IO namespace
- Classes that allow you to navigate the file system
- Directory == folder
- Directory and File: <u>static</u> methods for navigating, creating and deleting folders and files
- DirectoryInfo and FileInfo: <u>instance</u> methods for detailed information on a single folder or file
- Path provides help parsing and combining paths together
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/standard/io/common-i-otasks

Directory and DirectoryInfo

Directory (static)	DirectoryInfo	Description
	new DirectoryInfo(path)	Constructor
CreateDirectory(path)	Create()	Create a directory / folder
Delete(path)	Delete()	Delete a directory / folder
Exists(path)	Exists	This is a Property on DI class
Move(fromPath, toPath)	MoveTo(toPath)	Move a directory to another path
GetDirectories(path)	GetDirectories()	List subdirectories. Dir method returns string[]; DI method returns DI[]
GetFiles(path)	GetFiles()	List files. Dir method returns string[]; DI method returns FI[]
GetParent(path)	Parent	This is a Property on DI class, returns DI
GetDirectoryRoot(path)	Root	This is a Property on DI class, returns DI

- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/api/system.io.directory?view=netcore-2.2
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/api/system.io.directoryinfo?view=netcore-2.2

File and FileInfo

File (static)	FileInfo	Description
	new FileInfo(path)	Constructor
CreateFile(path)	Create()	Create a new file
Delete(path)	Delete()	Delete a file
Exists(path)	Exists	This is a Property on FI class
Move(fromPath, toPath)	MoveTo(toPath)	Move a file to another path / name
OpenRead(path)	OpenRead()	Open an existing file for reading
OpenWrite(path)	OpenWrite()	Open an existing file file for writing, or create a new file.

- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/api/system.io.file?view=netcore-2.2
- https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/api/system.io.fileinfo?view=netcore-2.2

Path

- Provides help parsing and combining paths together
 - Cross-platform (separators, drive letters, roots, etc.)
 - Absolute vs. relative path
- These do not modify files and folders in the file system
- Combine, GetDirectoryName, GetExtension, GetFileName, GetFullPath, GetRelativePath, GetTempPath
- https://docs.microsoft.com/enus/dotnet/api/system.io.path?view=netcore-2.2
- Common I/O Tasks:
 - https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/dotnet/standard/io/common-i-o-tasks



Reading from a File

```
using (StreamReader stream = new StreamReader(path))
{
    // Read a line at a time.
    while (!stream.EndOfStream)
    {
        string line = stream.ReadLine();
        // Process the line however you want to here...
    }
}
```

- Use a <u>StreamReader</u>
 - Allows you to read and process chunks of a file sequentially
 - Think streaming a movie vs. downloading
- EndOfStream property
 - Tells when we have reached the end of the file
- using construct
 - Creates, uses and disposes a resource within the block
 - Important for cleaning up <u>un-managed</u> resources (not garbage-collected)
 - IDisposable



Exceptions

- Exceptions are how the .Net Framework reports runtime errors
- Exceptions are <u>thrown</u> when an error occurs
- Your code can <u>catch</u> an error and <u>handle</u> it
 - You can re-throw it using throw;
- Examples of runtime errors:
 - Attempting to int.Parse a non-numeric value
 - Attempting to read a File that does not exist
 - Divide by zero
 - NULL reference exception
- You can define and throw your own Exceptions
- Exceptions "unwind the stack" until someone catches it

Exceptions

```
try
    // Do some work here...
catch (ArgumentNullException e)
    // catch most specific Exceptions first
catch (Exception e)
    // (optional) catch more general exceptions later
    // (optional) re-throw the same exception so it can be caught further up the stack
    throw;
finally
    // (optional) Do work that shouldexecute whether the above succeeded or failed
                                                                                      Let's
```

Code

Bonus: Intro to Console Menu Framework

- Nuget packages allow you to add functionality written by other developers
- Nuget is known as a "package manager"
- This package written by Josh & Mike
- Easily create menu-driven programs
- Func<MenuOptionResult> means "a pointer to a method which returns type MenuOptionResult"