JS HTTP Requests

JS & HTTP Requests

- Why?
 - Performance
 - User Experience

- XMLHttpRequest
 - AJAX
 - Basic Concept
 - yes is is all about asynchronous calls

JS Libraries

XMLHttpRequest

For simplicity the "old" onstatechange pattern will be used

```
http.onreadystatechange = function() {//Call a function when the state changes.
```

- The "newer" addEventListener pattern will be presented later
 - Links for event listener
 - https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/XMLHttpRequest/load_event

Basic Design

- 1. Creating request object
- Setting parameters of request object & submitting it
- 3. Synchronous or **asynchronous** handling of response

Documentation

- Docs
 - https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/XMLHttpRequest/open
- Links for event listener
 - https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/XMLHttpRequest/load_event

Example -> make aysn. call to node post

Node Code

```
app.post('/sayHello', (req,res) => {
    var name = req.body.name;
    var answer = "hello " + name;
    res.send(answer);
});
```

```
function sayHello()
   var http = new XMLHttpRequest();
  var url = '/sayHello';
  var params = 'name=' + document.getElementById("input").value;
   http.open('POST', url, true);
   http.setRequestHeader('Content-type',
'application/x-www-form-urlencoded');
```

```
http.onreadystatechange = function()
       if(http.readyState == 4 && http.status == 200)
     document.getElementById("answer").value = http.responseText;
   http.send(params);
```

- request.readyState
- https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/XMLHttpRequest/readySta te
- o 0 -> unsent
- 1 -> opened
- 2 -> headers_received
- o 3 -> loading
- 4 -> done

HTTP Status

• We have seen this !!!!

https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTTP/Status

JSON?

- JavaScriptObjectNotation
- JSON.parse
 - String -> Object
- JSON.stringify
 - Object -> String