Name: Richard Nadar

Reg No: RA1911030010109

EXPERIMENT 7A: UNIFICATION ALGORITHM

<u>AIM</u>: To implement unification algorithm.

PROCEDURE:

- 1) Initialize the substitution set to be empty.
- 2) Recursively unify atomic sentences:
 - Check for Identical expression match.
 - If one expression is a variable v_i, and the other is a term t_i which does not contain variable v_i, then:
 - Substitute t_i / v_i in the existing substitutions
 - Add t_i /v_i to the substitution setlist.
 - If both the expressions are functions, then function name must be similar, and the number of arguments must be the same in both the expression.

For each pair of the following atomic sentences find the most general unifier (If exist).

INPUT CODE:

```
def get_index_comma(string):
   index_list = list()
   par_count = 0
   for i in range(len(string)):
      if string[i] == ',' and par_count == 0:
        index_list.append(i)
      elif string[i] == '(':
        par_count += 1
      elif string[i] == ')':
      par_count -= 1
```

```
return index list
def is_variable(expr):
  for i in expr:
    if i == '(' or i == ')':
       return False
  return True
def process_expression(expr):
  expr = expr.replace(' ', ")
  index = None
  for i in range(len(expr)):
    if expr[i] == '(':
       index = i
       break
  predicate_symbol = expr[:index]
  expr = expr.replace(predicate_symbol, ")
  expr = expr[1:len(expr) - 1]
  arg_list = list()
  indices = get_index_comma(expr)
  if len(indices) == 0:
    arg_list.append(expr)
  else:
    arg_list.append(expr[:indices[0]])
    for i, j in zip(indices, indices[1:]):
       arg_list.append(expr[i + 1:j])
    arg_list.append(expr[indices[len(indices) - 1] + 1:])
  return predicate_symbol, arg_list
```

```
def get_arg_list(expr):
  _, arg_list = process_expression(expr)
  flag = True
  while flag:
    flag = False
    for i in arg_list:
       if not is_variable(i):
         flag = True
         _, tmp = process_expression(i)
         for j in tmp:
           if j not in arg_list:
              arg_list.append(j)
         arg_list.remove(i)
  return arg_list
def check_occurs(var, expr):
  arg_list = get_arg_list(expr)
  if var in arg_list:
    return True
  return False
def unify(expr1, expr2):
  if is_variable(expr1) and is_variable(expr2):
    if expr1 == expr2:
       return 'Null'
    else:
```

```
return False
elif is variable(expr1) and not is variable(expr2):
  if check_occurs(expr1, expr2):
    return False
  else:
    tmp = str(expr2) + '/' + str(expr1)
    return tmp
elif not is_variable(expr1) and is_variable(expr2):
  if check_occurs(expr2, expr1):
    return False
  else:
    tmp = str(expr1) + '/' + str(expr2)
    return tmp
else:
  predicate_symbol_1, arg_list_1 = process_expression(expr1)
  predicate symbol 2, arg list 2 = process expression(expr2)
  if predicate_symbol_1 != predicate_symbol_2:
    return False
  elif len(arg_list_1) != len(arg_list_2):
    return False
  else:
    sub_list = list()
    for i in range(len(arg_list_1)):
      tmp = unify(arg_list_1[i], arg_list_2[i])
      if not tmp:
         return False
```

```
elif tmp == 'Null':
            pass
         else:
            if type(tmp) == list:
              for j in tmp:
                sub_list.append(j)
            else:
              sub_list.append(tmp)
       # Step 6
       return sub_list
if __name__ == '__main__':
  f1 = 'Q(a, g(x, a), f(y))'
  f2 = 'Q(a, g(f(b), a), x)'
  result = unify(f1, f2)
  if not result:
    print('The process of Unification failed!')
  else:
    print('The process of Unification successful!')
    print(result)
```

OUTPUT:

Rradhika:~/environment \$ cd 109/exp7/
Rradhika:~/environment/109/exp7 \$ python3 unification.py
The process of Unification successful!
['f(b)/x', 'f(y)/x']

EXPERIMENT 7B: RESOLUTION ALGORITHM

<u>AIM</u>: To implement resolution algorithm.

PROCEDURE:

Resolution is used, if there are various statements are given, and we need to prove a conclusion of those statements. Unification is a key concept in proofs by resolutions. Resolution is a single inference rule which can efficiently operate on the **conjunctive normal form or clausal form.**

- 1) Conversion of facts into first-order logic.
- 2) Convert FOL statements into CNF
- 3) Negate the statement which needs to prove (proof by contradiction)
- 4) Draw resolution graph (unification).

INPUT CODE:

```
import copy
import time
class Parameter:
  variable count = 1
  def __init__(self, name=None):
    if name:
      self.type = "Constant"
      self.name = name
    else:
      self.type = "Variable"
      self.name = "v" + str(Parameter.variable_count)
      Parameter.variable count += 1
  def isConstant(self):
    return self.type == "Constant"
  def unify(self, type_, name):
    self.type = type_
    self.name = name
  def eq (self, other):
    return self.name == other.name
```

```
def str (self):
    return self.name
class Predicate:
  def init (self, name, params):
    self.name = name
    self.params = params
  def eq (self, other):
    return self.name == other.name and all(a == b for a, b in zip(self.params,
other.params))
  def __str__(self):
    return self.name + "(" + ",".join(str(x) for x in self.params) + ")"
  def getNegatedPredicate(self):
    return Predicate(negatePredicate(self.name), self.params)
class Sentence:
  sentence count = 0
  def __init__(self, string):
    self.sentence_index = Sentence.sentence_count
    Sentence_count += 1
    self.predicates = []
    self.variable map = {}
    local = \{\}
    for predicate in string.split("|"):
      name = predicate[:predicate.find("(")]
      params = []
      for param in predicate[predicate.find("(") + 1:
predicate.find(")")].split(","):
         if param[0].islower():
           if param not in local: # Variable
             local[param] = Parameter()
             self.variable_map[local[param].name] = local[param]
           new param = local[param]
         else:
```

```
new param = Parameter(param)
           self.variable_map[param] = new_param
         params.append(new_param)
      self.predicates.append(Predicate(name, params))
  def getPredicates(self):
    return [predicate.name for predicate in self.predicates]
  def findPredicates(self, name):
    return [predicate for predicate in self.predicates if predicate.name ==
name]
  def removePredicate(self, predicate):
    self.predicates.remove(predicate)
    for key, val in self.variable_map.items():
      if not val:
        self.variable map.pop(key)
  def containsVariable(self):
    return any(not param.isConstant() for param in self.variable_map.values())
  def __eq_ (self, other):
    if len(self.predicates) == 1 and self.predicates[0] == other:
      return True
    return False
  def __str__(self):
    return "".join([str(predicate) for predicate in self.predicates])
class KB:
  def init (self, inputSentences):
    self.inputSentences = [x.replace(" ", "") for x in inputSentences]
    self.sentences = []
    self.sentence_map = {}
  def prepareKB(self):
    self.convertSentencesToCNF()
    for sentence_string in self.inputSentences:
```

```
sentence = Sentence(sentence string)
    for predicate in sentence.getPredicates():
      self.sentence map[predicate] = self.sentence map.get(
        predicate, []) + [sentence]
def convertSentencesToCNF(self):
  for sentenceIdx in range(len(self.inputSentences)):
    if "=>" in self.inputSentences[sentenceIdx]:
      self.inputSentences[sentenceIdx] = negateAntecedent(
        self.inputSentences[sentenceIdx])
def askQueries(self, queryList):
  results = []
  for query in queryList:
    negatedQuery = Sentence(negatePredicate(query.replace(" ", "")))
    negatedPredicate = negatedQuery.predicates[0]
    prev sentence map = copy.deepcopy(self.sentence map)
    self.sentence map[negatedPredicate.name] = self.sentence map.get(
      negatedPredicate.name, []) + [negatedQuery]
    self.timeLimit = time.time() + 40
    try:
      result = self.resolve([negatedPredicate], [
                   False]*(len(self.inputSentences) + 1))
    except:
      result = False
    self.sentence map = prev sentence map
    if result:
      results.append("TRUE")
    else:
      results.append("FALSE")
  return results
def resolve(self, queryStack, visited, depth=0):
  if time.time() > self.timeLimit:
    raise Exception
```

```
if queryStack:
      query = queryStack.pop(-1)
      negatedQuery = query.getNegatedPredicate()
      queryPredicateName = negatedQuery.name
      if queryPredicateName not in self.sentence map:
        return False
      else:
        queryPredicate = negatedQuery
        for kb sentence in self.sentence map[queryPredicateName]:
          if not visited[kb sentence.sentence index]:
            for kbPredicate in
kb sentence.findPredicates(queryPredicateName):
               canUnify, substitution = performUnification(
                 copy.deepcopy(queryPredicate),
copy.deepcopy(kbPredicate))
              if canUnify:
                 newSentence = copy.deepcopy(kb sentence)
                 newSentence.removePredicate(kbPredicate)
                 newQueryStack = copy.deepcopy(queryStack)
                 if substitution:
                   for old, new in substitution.items():
                     if old in newSentence.variable map:
                       parameter = newSentence.variable map[old]
                       newSentence.variable_map.pop(old)
                       parameter.unify(
                         "Variable" if new[0].islower() else "Constant", new)
                       newSentence.variable map[new] = parameter
                   for predicate in newQueryStack:
                     for index, param in enumerate(predicate.params):
                       if param.name in substitution:
                         new = substitution[param.name]
                         predicate.params[index].unify(
                           "Variable" if new[0].islower() else "Constant",
new)
                 for predicate in newSentence.predicates:
```

```
newQueryStack.append(predicate)
                 new visited = copy.deepcopy(visited)
                 if kb sentence.containsVariable() and
len(kb sentence.predicates) > 1:
                    new_visited[kb_sentence.sentence_index] = True
                 if self.resolve(newQueryStack, new_visited, depth + 1):
                    return True
         return False
    return True
def performUnification(queryPredicate, kbPredicate):
  substitution = {}
  if queryPredicate == kbPredicate:
    return True, {}
  else:
    for query, kb in zip(queryPredicate.params, kbPredicate.params):
      if query == kb:
        continue
      if kb.isConstant():
         if not query.isConstant():
           if query.name not in substitution:
             substitution[query.name] = kb.name
           elif substitution[query.name] != kb.name:
             return False, {}
           query.unify("Constant", kb.name)
        else:
           return False, {}
      else:
        if not query.isConstant():
           if kb.name not in substitution:
             substitution[kb.name] = query.name
           elif substitution[kb.name] != query.name:
             return False, {}
           kb.unify("Variable", query.name)
        else:
           if kb.name not in substitution:
             substitution[kb.name] = query.name
           elif substitution[kb.name] != query.name:
```

```
return False, {}
  return True, substitution
def negatePredicate(predicate):
  return predicate[1:] if predicate[0] == "~" else "~" + predicate
def negateAntecedent(sentence):
  antecedent = sentence[:sentence.find("=>")]
  premise = []
  for predicate in antecedent.split("&"):
    premise.append(negatePredicate(predicate))
  premise.append(sentence[sentence.find("=>") + 2:])
  return "|".join(premise)
def getInput(filename):
  with open(filename, "r") as file:
    noOfQueries = int(file.readline().strip())
    inputQueries = [file.readline().strip() for in range(noOfQueries)]
    noOfSentences = int(file.readline().strip())
    inputSentences = [file.readline().strip()
              for _ in range(noOfSentences)]
    return inputQueries, inputSentences
def printOutput(filename, results):
  print(results)
  with open(filename, "w") as file:
    for line in results:
      file.write(line)
      file.write("\n")
  file.close()
if __name__ == '__main__':
  inputQueries , inputSentences = getInput('input.txt')
  knowledgeBase = KB(inputSentences )
  knowledgeBase.prepareKB()
  results_ = knowledgeBase.askQueries(inputQueries_)
  printOutput("output.txt", results )
```

OUTPUT:

