Lab 3 – Pattern & Association Mining #1

Data Mining, Spring 2017

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Today's Lab: Patterns!

Pattern & Association Mining #1

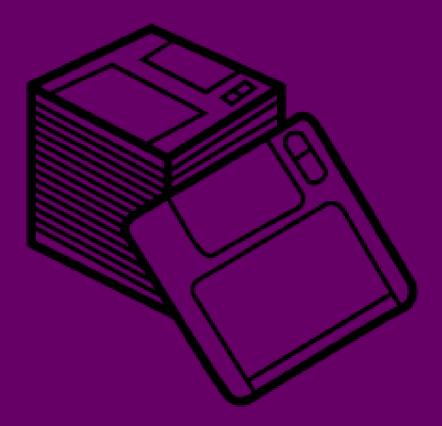
- Today you will be searching for frequent patterns in some simple transactional data.
- You will implement the apriorial algorithm to accomplish this.
 - Page 248-254 (chapter 6.2.1-6.2.2) in the book.
- A simple code structure is provided to help you get started.

Code Provided

- Two classes
 - Apriori
 - ItemSet
- The ItemSet class is used to encapsulate information of sets of transaction items constructed during the algorithm.
- The Apriori class is where you should implement the algorithm.
 - Methods
 - Main
 - apriori
 - generateFrequentItemSets
 - joinSets
 - generateFrequentItemSetsLevel1
 - countSupport
- Code provided makes use of the HashTable java data structure, which is used to store <Key, Value> pairs. Values can then be retrieved based on their key. Is in this instance used to store <ItemSet, Integer> pairs, where the integer is used to store the support value for the item set.

The Data

- The transactional data is simple and is only made up of integers
- See it as different records of sales, where each number is an item with id=1, id=2 and so on.
- The data set is provided in the code as the TRANSACTIONS two-dimensional integer array in the Apriori class.
- Also included is the two-dimensional integer array BOOK_TRANSACTIONS in the Apriori class
 - Has the data the book uses in its example
 - Use this to check your implementation



Lab Overview

- First take a look at the code provided.
- Then start working on your apriori implementation
 - Suggested order of implementation of methods in the Apriori class:
 - countSupport
 - joinSets
 - generateFrequentItemSetsLevel1
 - generateFrequentItemSets
 - apriori
 - main

Thanks for listening!