Intro to Great Lakes Tutorial

This tutorial will lead you through a basic introduction of transferring data to Great Lakes and running a simple machine learning project as a batch submission job. All code and data will be provided.

Prerequisites

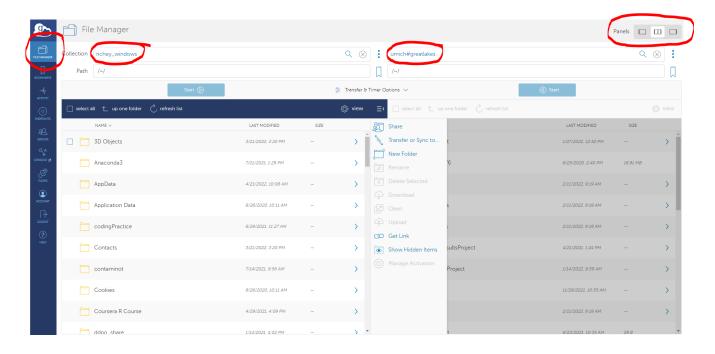
- Access to Great Lakes
- Familiarity with Python
- Familiarity with Github

Tutorial Outcomes

- Be able to transfer data from personal computer to Great Lakes using Globus
- Know how to store and access data in /scratch
- Be familiar with job scripts and how to set different parameters
- Load modules for a project
- Submit a batch job and analyze outputs

Process

- 1. Download the github repository containing the code for this tutorial at https://github.com/richeym-umich/greatlakes-tutorials
- Install and set up a Globus Endpoint following these instructions for your appropriate operating system.
- 3. Log into globus.org using your umich credentials. Set up your opening page according to the following:
 - a. Choose "File Manager" in the left toolbar
 - b. Choose "two panels" in the top right corner
 - c. On the left panel, navigate to your personal computer endpoint in the collection name
 - d. On the right panel, enter "umich#greatlakes" in the collection name
 - e. Your screen will now look like the following screenshot



- 4. Log onto Great Lakes using the command line
- 5. Create a new folder inside /scratch/<account> called tutorials/intro-to-greatlakes
- 6. Create a new folder in account home directory called tutorials
- 7. Transfer data to Great Lakes
 - a. In the left panel on Globus, navigate to the location of the downloaded code
 - b. In the right panel, in the Path line, type/scratch/<account>/tutorials/intro-to-greatlakes and navigate to that location
 - c. In the left panel, navigate into the data folder and select iris.csv
 - d. On the top of the left panel, press 'Start'
- 8. Transfer code to Great Lakes
 - a. In the left panel on Globus, navigate to the location of the downloaded code
 - b. In the right panel, return to the home folder and enter the workshops folder by typing /~/tutorials/
 - c. In the left panel, select **intro-to-greatlakes** (entire folder)
 - d. On the top of the left panel, press 'Start'
- 9. Modify training and validation scripts
 - a. Navigate to intro-to-greatlakes in your command line and open training_script.py
 - b. On line 13, change the location of the input file to your local scratch directory
 - c. Navigate to intro-to-greatlakes in your command line and open validation_script.py
 - d. On line 9, change the location of the input file to your local scratch directory
- 10. Modify job training script
 - a. Navigate to intro-to-greatlakes and open submit_training.sh
 - b. Change the account to your account name (if staff, can use hpcstaff)
 - c. Change job name to submit-training-<uniqname>
 - d. Change email to own email

- e. Save file
- 11. Modify analysis job script
 - a. Navigate to intro-to-greatlakes and open submit_validation.sh
 - b. Change account to your account name (if staff, can use hpcstaff)
 - c. Change job name to submit-validation-<uniqname>
 - d. Change email to own email
 - e. Save file
- 12. Submit training job script on compute node
 - a. Navigate to ml_on_greatlakes
 - b. Type sbatch submit_training.sh
 - c. Output will be written to slurm-<job number>.out
 - d. To check the status of your running jobs, type squeue -u <uniqname>
- 13. Submit validation job script on compute node
 - a. Navigate to ml_on_greatlakes
 - b. Type sbatch submit_validation.sh
 - c. Output will be written to slurm-<job number>.out

Notes and Options

Configuration Options

- --account: Where to charge the job to
 - This is different than your user login!
- --job-name: Easily identifiable string to refer to the job
- --mail-user: Where to send information about the job
- --mail-type: How often to send information about the job
 - Most common are BEGIN and END
 - Others are NONE, FAIL, TIME_LIMIT, ALL, etc.
- --nodes: How many nodes from the cluster to use to complete the job
 - If not specified, defaults to allocate enough for the job
 - Using more nodes can help speed up parallel processing
- --ntasks-per-node: How many tasks to get sufficient resources
 - Default is one task per node
- --cpus-per-task: How many cpus on each node to allocate
 - If not specified, defaults to one processor per task
- --mem-per-cpu: Minimum memory required per allocated CPU
 - Generally only want to change if working with large memory tasks
- --time: Limit on total run time of the job
 - Can use this to help manage costs
- --partition: Which queue to allocate the job to
 - Options are standard (default), gpu (GPU jobs), largemem (large memory jobs), viz, debug, standard-oc (on-campus software)

Helpful Commands

- squeue -u <uniqname> will show status of queued jobs
- scancel <job number> will cancel a queued job

Conclusion

By the end of this tutorial, you are now able to run a batch job on Great Lakes and evaluate the output. Please contact Meghan Dailey (<u>richeym@umich.edu</u>) for any questions or updates to this tutorial.