Exercise 4.6, Sutton-Barto

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Exercise 4.6, How would policy iteration be defined for action values? Give a complete algorithm for computing q_* , analogous to that on page 65 for computing v_* . Please pay special attention to this exercise, because the ideas involved will be used throughout the rest of the book.

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1. Initialization Q(s, a) \in \mathbb{R} and \pi(s) \in A(s) arbitrarily for all s \in S.
2. Policy Evaluation
repeat
    \Delta \leftarrow \emptyset;
    foreach s \in S and a \in A do
         q \leftarrow Q(s, a)
Q(s, a) \leftarrow R(s, a) + \gamma \sum_{s'} p(s', r|s, a) q(s', \pi(s'))
\Delta \leftarrow \max(\Delta, |q - Q(s, a)|)
until \Delta < 0 \ (small...);
3. Policy Improvement
begin
    policy\_stable \leftarrow True
    foreach (s, a) do
         old\_action \leftarrow \pi(s)
         \pi(s) \leftarrow argmax_a \ q_{\pi}(s, a)
         if old\_action \neq \pi(s) then
          policy\_stable \leftarrow False
         end
    end
    if policy_stable then
         Stop and Return q \approx q_* and \pi \approx \pi_*
    else
         Go to Step 2.
    end
end
Where: q_{\pi}(s, a) = \sum_{r,s'} p(s', r|s, a) [r + \gamma q(s', \pi(s'))]
            Algorithm 1: Policy iteration (using iterative policy evaluation)
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