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/*
* Name
             : uarray2.h
* Assignment : CS40 Homework 2 (iii)
* Purpose : Represents a 2-dimensional array of data of any type
* Editors : Matthew Wong (mwong14), Ivi Fung (sfung02)
*/
#ifndef UARRAY2 H
#define UARRAY2 H
typedef struct UArray2 T *UArray2 T;
* Name:
            : UArray2_new
  Purpose : Create a rectangular 2D array (aka not jagged) that stores
          data of any type unboxed
* Parameters : (int) The width of the 2D array;
          (int) The height of the 2D array;
          (int) The number of bytes each item takes
           : (UArray2 T) An array that can hold the new data
* Return
* Notes
           : Can only hold one type of data, but won't check
          Will CRE on failure to allocate memory
          Will CRE if width, height, or size are negative, or size is 0
UArray2_T UArray2_new(int width, int height, int size);
* Name:
            : UArray2 free
* Purpose : Free up the memory the 2D array after the client is done
* Parameters : (UArray2_T *) The pointer to the 2D array to free up
           : None
* Return
* Notes
           : Sets the pointer data to NULL so no accidental references
          can be made:
          Does not free up the data in the 2D array;
            use UArray2 map col major or UArray2 map row major to
            map a free function to free up all of the data
void UArray2 free(UArray2 T *uArray2Pointer);
* Name:
            : UArray2 at
* Purpose : Get the pointer to the element at (col, row)
          for setting and getting
* Parameters : (UArray2 T) The 2D array where the data is stored
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(int) The column that the data is located at in the 2D array;
          (int) The row that the data is located;
 Return : (void *) The pointer to the data location at the given index
           : Does not check if data has previously been set there or not;
  Notes
          only gives the pointer to the data
          Undefined behavior before setting the pointer to (col, row)
          to any value;
          CRE when out-of-bounds
*/
void *UArray2 at(UArray2 T uArray2, int col, int row);
/*
* Name: : UArray2 width
* Purpose : Get the width of the 2D array
* Parameters: (UArray2 T) The 2D array to get the width of
* Return : (int) The width of the given 2D array
* Notes
            : Width can't be changed after being initially set
*/
int UArray2_width(UArray2_T uArray2);
/*
* Name:
            : UArray2_height
* Purpose : Get the height of the 2D array
* Parameters: (UArray2 T) The 2D array to get the height of
* Return
           : (int) The height of the given 2D array
* Notes
           : Height can't be changed after being initially set
*/
int UArray2 height(UArray2 T uArray2);
* Name:
            : UArray2 size
* Purpose : Get the byte size of the element type stored in the 2D array
* Parameters : (UArray2_T) The 2D array which contains the type of element
            that the client is getting the size of
* Return : (int) The size of the type in bytes
           : Only one type can be used in the UArray2 T,
* Notes
          but doesn't have type-checking
*/
int UArray2_size(UArray2_T uArray2);
            : UArray2_map_col_major
* Name:
* Purpose : Use the apply function on each element of the 2D array going
          column by column, from top of the column to the
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bottom of the column
  Parameters: (UArray2_T) The 2D array with the elements;
          (function) the function to apply to every element, which has
            parameters that the column, row, 2D array,
            pointer to the data value, and a pointer to an accumulator
            variable
          (void *) The pointer to the accumulator in its initial state
* Return
            : None
* Notes
            : This is a mapping function
*/
void UArray2_map_col_major(UArray2_T uArray2,
                void (*apply)(int, int, UArray2_T, void *, void *),
                void *cl);
* Name:
            : UArray2_map_row_major
* Purpose : Use the apply function on each element of the 2D array going
          row by row, from left of the row to the right of the row
* Parameters : (UArray2_T) The 2D array with the elements;
          (function) the function to apply to every element, which has
            parameters that the column, row, 2D array,
            pointer to the data value, and a pointer to an accumulator
            variable
          (void *) The pointer to the accumulator in its initial state
* Return
            : None
* Notes
            : This is a mapping function
*/
void UArray2 map row major(UArray2 T uArray2,
                void (*apply)(int, int, UArray2_T, void *, void *),
                void *cl);
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#endif

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/*
* Name
             : bit2.h
* Assignment : CS40 Homework 2 (iii)
* Purpose : Represents a 2-dimensional array of bits
* Editors : Matthew Wong (mwong14), Ivi Fung (sfung02)
*/
#ifndef BIT2 H
#define BIT2 H
typedef struct Bit2 T *Bit2 T;
* Name:
            : Bit2 new
* Purpose : Create a rectangular 2D array that stores bits
* Parameters : (int) The height of the 2D array;
          (int) The width of the 2D array;
* Return : (Bit2 T) An array that can hold the bits
* Notes
           : Will CRE on failure to allocate memory
          Will CRE if width, height, or size are negative
*/
Bit2_T Bit2_new(int width, int height);
* Name:
            : Bit2 free
* Purpose : Free up the memory the 2D array after the client is done
* Parameters : (Bit2_T *) The pointer to the 2D array to free up
* Return
            : None
            : Sets the pointer data to NULL so no accidental references
* Notes
          can be made
*/
void Bit2_free(Bit2_T *bit2Pointer);
* Name:
            : Bit2 get
* Purpose : Get the bit at (col, row)
* Parameters: (Bit2_T) The 2D array where the data is stored
          (int) The column that the data is located at in the 2D array:
          (int) The row that the data is located
* Return
           : (int) Returns 0 if the bit is 0 and 1 if the bit is 1
* Notes
            : Does not check if data has previously been set there or not;
          only gives the pointer to the data
          Undefined behavior before setting the pointer to (col, row)
          to any value;
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CRE when out-of-bounds
*/
int Bit2_get(Bit2_T bit2, int col, int row);
/*
* Name:
            : Bit2 put
  Purpose : Set the bit at (col, row)
          for setting and getting
* Parameters: (Bit2 T) The 2D array where the data is at
          (int) The column that the data is located at in the 2D array;
          (int) The row that the data is loacated
          (int) The value to set the bit to
* Return
           : None
            : Does not check if data has previously been set there or not;
  Notes
          only gives the pointer to the data
          Undefined behavior before setting the pointer to (col, row)
          to any value;
          CRE when out-of-bounds
          CRE when data is not 0 or 1
*/
void Bit2 put(Bit2 T bit2, int col, int row, int data);
* Name:
            : Bit2 width
* Purpose : Get the width of the 2D array
* Parameters: (Bit2 T) The 2D array to get the width of
            : (int) The width of the given 2D array
* Return
* Notes
            : Width can't be changed after being initially set
int Bit2_width(Bit2_T bit2);
* Name:
            : Bit2_height
* Purpose : Get the height of the 2D array
* Parameters: (Bit2 T) The 2D array to get the height of
           : (int) The height of the given 2D array
* Return
* Notes
            : Height can't be changed after being initially set
*/
int Bit2_height(Bit2_T bit2);
* Name:
            : Bit2_map_col_major
* Purpose : Use the apply function on each bit of the 2D array going
          column by column, from top of the column to the
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bottom of the column
  Parameters: (Bit2_T) The 2D array with the bits;
           (function) the function to apply to every bit, which has
             parameters that the column, row, 2D array,
            the data value, and a pointer to an accumulator
            variable
           (void *) The pointer to the accumulator in its initial state
* Return
            : None
* Notes
            : This is a mapping function
*/
void Bit2 map col major(Bit2 T bit2,
               void (*apply)(int, int, Bit2_T, int, void *),
               void *cl);
* Name:
             : Bit2_map_row_major
* Purpose : Use the apply function on each bit of the 2D array going
           row by row, from left of the row to the right of the row
* Parameters : (Bit2_T) The 2D array with the bits;
           (function) the function to apply to every bit, which has
             parameters that the column, row, 2D array,
            the data value, and a pointer to an accumulator
            variable
           (void *) The pointer to the accumulator in its initial state
* Return
            : None
* Notes
            : This is a mapping function
*/
void Bit2 map row major(Bit2 T bit2,
               void (*apply)(int, int, Bit2_T, int, void *),
               void *cl);
```

#endif