Inhibitor Transformer – Short Version

Motivation:

• Quantized Transformer that doesn't use Dot-product and Softmax.

Basic idea:

• Replace Dot-prod with Manhattan distance and Softmax with ReLU

$$QK^{T} \to \sum_{k} |Q_{ik} - K_{jk}|$$
$$\sum_{j} \operatorname{Softmax}(Z_{ij}) V_{jk} \to \sum_{j} (V_{jk} - Z_{ij}^{+})^{+}$$

Observations:

- Reminiscent of subtractive inhibition in biological neurons.
- Removes variable multiplication and require only half precision.

Result:

- Comparable training capacity to the conventional mechanism.
- Reduced precision requirements translate into computational efficiency.
- Substantional gains under FHE by avoiding ciphertext multiplication.

Potential:

- Natural integer quantization for deployment under resource constraints.
- May enable end-to-end encrypted Transformer applications.

Future work:

• Train larger models like BERT, GPT and Vision Transformer.