### Record & Tuple

for Stage 2

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# Rationale for Record & Tuple primitives

#### Compounding primitives (with strings)

```
const grid = {
   "0:0": "player",
   "3:5": "enemy",
  "0:1": "wall".
};
console.log("at 0:0", grid["0:0"]); // player
console.log("at 0:0x0", grid["0:0x0"]); // undefined
```

#### Compounding primitives (with JSON strings)

```
const grid = {
   '{"x":0,"y":0}': "player",
  '{"x":0,"y":1}': "wall",
};
console.log("at 0:0x0", grid[JSON.stringify({
  x: 0,
  y: 0x0,
})]); // player
console.log("at 0:0x0", grid[JSON.stringify({
  y: 0x0,
  x: 0,
})]); // undefined
```

#### Compounding primitives with Tuple!

```
const grid = new Map([
   [#[0, 0], "player"],
   [#[3, 5], "enemy"],
   [#[0, 1], "wall"],
]);
console.log("at 0:0", grid.get(#[0, 0])); // player
console.log("at 0:0", grid.get(#[0, 0x0])); // player
```

#### All about the equality!

```
function isAtOrigin(coordinate) {
   return coordinate === #[0, 0];
const c1 = \#[1, 2];
const c2 = \#[c1[0] - 1, c1[1] * 2 - 4];
console.log("c1 at origin?", isAtOrigin(c1)); // false
console.log("c2 at origin?", isAtOrigin(c2)); // true
```

#### Same is possible with Record! (but keyed)

```
const grid = new Map([
   [#{x:0, y:0}, "player"],
   [#{x:3, y:5}, "enemy"],
   [#{x:0, y:1}, "wall"],
]);
console.log("at 0:0", grid.get(\#\{x:0, y:0x0\})); // player
console.log("at 0:0", grid.get(\#\{y:0, x:0x0\})); // player
function isAtOrigin(coordinate) {
   return coordinate === #{x:0, y:0};
const c1 = \#\{x:1, y:2\};
const c2 = \#\{x: c1.x - 1, y: c1.y * 2 - 4\};
console.log("c1 at origin?", isAtOrigin(c1)); // false
console.log("c2 at origin?", isAtOrigin(c2)); // true
```

#### Deep immutability!

```
const record = #{
   a: #{
       foo: "bar",
   },
};
func(record);
// runtime guarantees that
// record is entirely unchanged
assert(record.a.foo === "bar");
```

```
const obj = {
   a: {
       foo: "bar",
   },
};
Object.freeze(obj);
func(obj);
// func is able to mutate obj's
// property even if obj is frozen
// side effects make the state
// of the program after func()
// harder to reason about
```

#### Deep immutability!

```
const record = #{
   a: #{
       foo: "bar",
   },
func(record);
// runtime guarantees that
// record is entirely unchanged
assert(record.a.foo === "bar");
```

```
const clonedObj = JSON.parse(
   JSON.stringify(obj)
);
func(clonedObj);
// now func can have side effects on
// clonedObj, object is untouched
// but at what cost?
assert(obj.a.foo === "bar");
```

#### Why not frozen objects and/or userland classes?

#### Equality!

- Objects & Arrays have equality by identity
- Record & Tuple have equality by value
- Equality is not only about == and === but also about Map keys/Set values

#### Deep immutability

- Guaranteed immutable data structures
- Trustworthy (deep) equality
- No need for deep cloning with JSON.parse(JSON.stringify(obj))

#### Accessed the same as Objects & Arrays

- Write functions that can access both Objects/Arrays and Record & Tuple
- Unlike userland immutable libraries, access Record & Tuple using the same notations as Object/Array instead of functions

#### Ecosystem split issue

```
const ProfileRecord = Immutable.Record({
    name: "Anonymous User",
    githubHandle: null,
});
function getGithubUrl(profile) {
    if (Immutable.Record.isRecord(profile)) {
        return `https://github.com/${
            profile.get("githubHandle")
    return `https://github.com/${
        profile.githubHandle
```

```
const jobResult = Immutable.fromJS(
          ExternalLib.processJob(
                jobDescription.toJS()
          )
);
```

# XO

## **Equality Semantics**



### Going with intermediary semantics for ==/==:

- The one used for Map keys/Set values comparison.
- A unification of +0 and -0.

Object.is compares to see if they are identical:
In that case +0 and -0 are different.

```
const s = new Set();
s.add(#[+0]);
s.has(\#[-0]) === true;
s.add(#[NaN]);
s.has(#[NaN]) === true;
\#[-0] === \#[+0] // => true
#[NaN] === #[NaN] // => true
\#[-0] == \#[+0] // => true
#[NaN] == #[NaN] // => true
Object.is(\#[-0], \#[+0]) === false
Object.is(#[NaN], #[NaN]) === true
```

Avoids "black-holing" structures if a NaN appears in any of them.

```
const measure = 42;

const computed = #{
    name: "Computed Measurement",
    value: pureComputeValue(measure),
};

assert(computed === computed);
// What if pureComputeValue returns NaNa
```

Avoids failing comparisons when the structure potentially has a -0 in it.

```
function isAtOrigin(c) {
    return c === #{x: 0, y: 0};
const coord = \#\{x: 0, y: 3\};
const coord2 = #{
    x: coord.x * -4
    y: coord.y - 3,
};
assert(isAtOrigin(coord));
```

In general, we're trying to make comparing records and tuples "trustworthy" for users and avoiding those subtle equality breakages helps in establishing this.

#### Still open for discussion!

- This is the equality we have in the proposed spec
- This can change before we get to Stage 3.
- The right decision will appear through more research:
  - Experimental implementations
  - Interviewing and surveying developers
  - Performance implications in implementations

## State of the proposal

#### Open Github Issues

- Names and exact semantics of Tuple.prototype methods (e.g. pushed) (#121)
- Syntax still open with a possibility to move to {| } and [| ] (#10)
- Should the wrapper objects be extensible (#137)
- Should Record have a null prototype? (<u>#71</u>)
- Exact ToString behavior (<u>#136</u>)
- ... and more

#### Highlights

We have initial conclusions for all of these issues checked into the spec-text, and have sketched out alternatives in draft PRs.

Let's walk through the highlights!

Desire: Guarantee that accesses to the Record wrapper reflect what's in the underlying Record

Solution: Make the Record wrapper frozen

```
const wrapper = Object(#{ a: 1 });
wrapper.foo = "bar";
wrapper.foo // undefined
wrapper.a // 1
```

Desire: String property access on Records always accesses Record entries, not strings on the prototype.

Current: Record wrappers have a null prototype.

Option: Make Record.prototype an Object with no prototype, rather than null, and only forward symbol properties to prototype



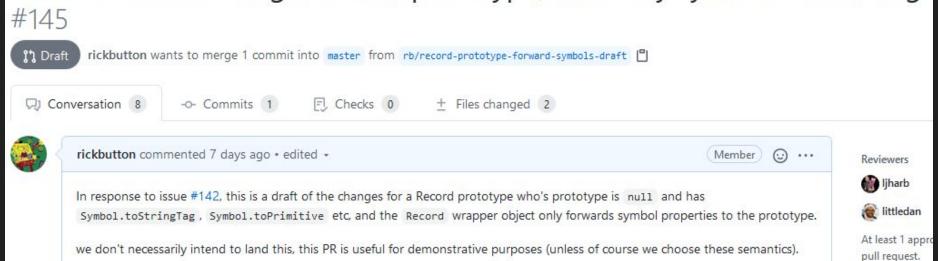
```
assert(Record.prototype === null);
```

-

```
Record.prototype.foo = "bar";
const sym = Symbol();
Record.prototype[sym] = "sym";

const record = #{ a: 1 };
record.foo // undefined
record[sym] // "sym"
```

#### draft of records using non-null prototype, with only symbol-forwarding



#### Record to String: useful or useless? #136



Ijharb opened this issue 18 days ago · 7 comments



ljharb commented 18 days ago

Member



per #135 (comment)

At the very least, I'd expect Records to have a Symbol.toStringTag of "Record", which would Object.prototype.toString.call(record) produce [object Record].

However, String(record), `\${record}`, etc, according to #135, will produce "[record]". This doesn't seem particularly useful at all; if someone wants to know it's a record, they'll typeof it.

Objects have always had a useless toString, but since everything inherits from Object, it's a tough sell to come up with something broadly useful for it to do. Arrays' toString has problems, and could be much better if legacy didn't hold it back, but is still useful since it stringifies its contents. I would hope that Records can have a better user story around stringification than objects.



```
// Q: What should ToString produce?
const record = #{
   a: 1,
   b: #{
       foo: "bar",
   },
   c: #[1,2,3],
const current = String(record);
assert(current === "[object Record]");
// Alternative:
const alt = String(record);
assert(alt === '#{ "a": 1, "b": #{ "foo": "bar" }, "c": #[1, 2, 3] }');
```

#### Draft of 'useful ToString' for Records #156

17 Draft rickbutton wants to merge 2 commits into master from rb/useful-tostring

Conversation 7

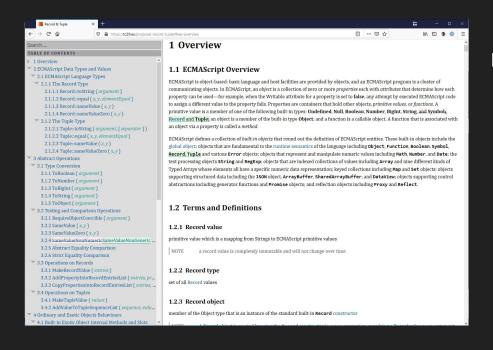


Member

In response to #136, I've drafted "what it would look like" if we went with a "useful" output for RecordToString.

#### Record and Tuple Spec Text

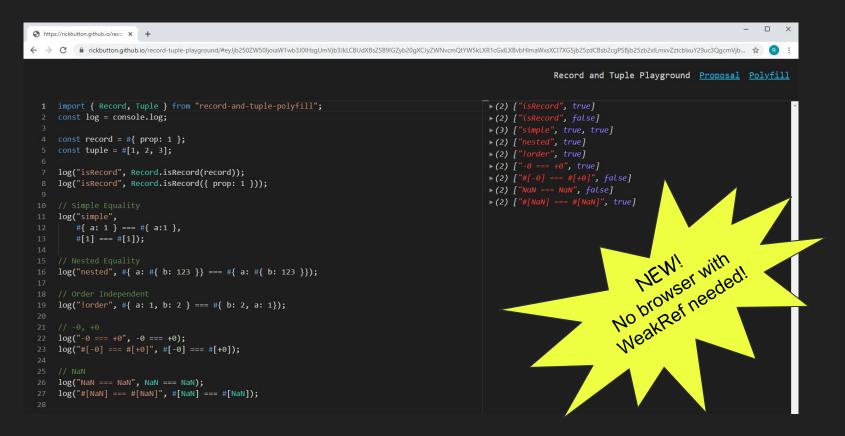
#### https://tc39.es/proposal-record-tuple



#### Notable sections:

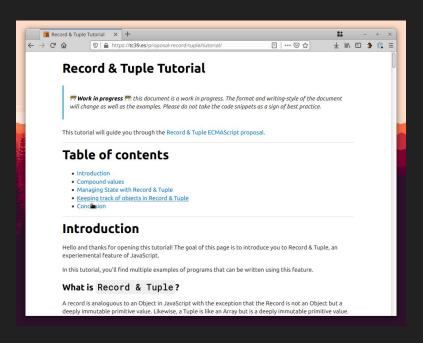
- RecordEqual and TupleEqual
- Abstract Operations updated
- Record object wrapper
- <u>Tuple object</u> wrapper
- Record initializer syntax & semantics
- Tuple initializer syntax & semantics
- typeof unary expression
- Record & <u>Tuple</u> objects...
- ... with the <u>Tuple prototype</u>
- JSON functions updated

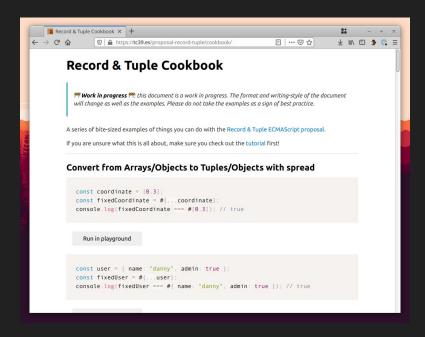
# Record and Tuple Toy Implementation & Playground <a href="https://github.com/bloomberg/record-tuple-polyfill">https://github.com/bloomberg/record-tuple-polyfill</a> <a href="https://rickbutton.github.io/record-tuple-playground/">https://rickbutton.github.io/record-tuple-playground/</a>



#### Record and Tuple Documentation Bits

https://tc39.es/proposal-record-tuple/tutorial/ https://tc39.es/proposal-record-tuple/cookbook/





https://github.com/w3ctag/design-reviews/issues/518

We also started reaching out to the W3C TAG for a preliminary review.

The review is now approved.

#### Seeking Stage 2

- Last meeting's open questions are now solved.
- Toy Implementation & Spec Text written.
- Positive feedback in framework outreach calls.

We are now seeking for Stage 2 and reviewers.

## Stage 2?