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## Remote Village Electrification Plan through Renewable Energy in the Islands of Indian Sundarbans

## Electrification plan for over 50,000 households

Sundarbans region, in India and Bangladesh, is known for large mangrove forest and Royal Bengal Tigers. It has over 100 deltaic islands in Indian portion out of which people live in 54 islands. There is no conventional electricity in the islands. West Bengal Renewable Energy Development Agency (WBREDA) has taken several initiatives to electrify the region. So far over 40950 households are using electricity from renewable energy (RE) resources. However, more than 100000 households in 20 islands spread over 131 remote villages within Indian portion do not have access to electricity at present. WBREDA, with The Energy and Resources Institute (TERI), has prepared a Master Plan for Electrification for these off grid islands.

## Distributed Generation by Renewable Energies

The approach was adapted through a combination of field survey (demand, locations for new plants, willingness etc.) and secondary data (RE resources, experience from existing plants etc.) sets. Solar and biomass resources are adequate in the region. Distributed generation through RE route found out to be the suitable solution. The Plan proposed total 35 power stations. Configurations of plant elements were suggested by using optimisation tool HOMER. All proposed plants would be hybrid types with SPV, Biomass and Wind with battery banks depending on the locations. Total 1.59 MW<sub>p</sub> SPV capacity was proposed while biomass gasification and wind were about 1.12 MW<sub>e</sub> and 20 kW. Total 11275 households plus 3200 commercial shops would get electricity from these. The scattered households would be provided with 38934 Solar Home Systems (SHS) of 37 W<sub>p</sub> capacity.

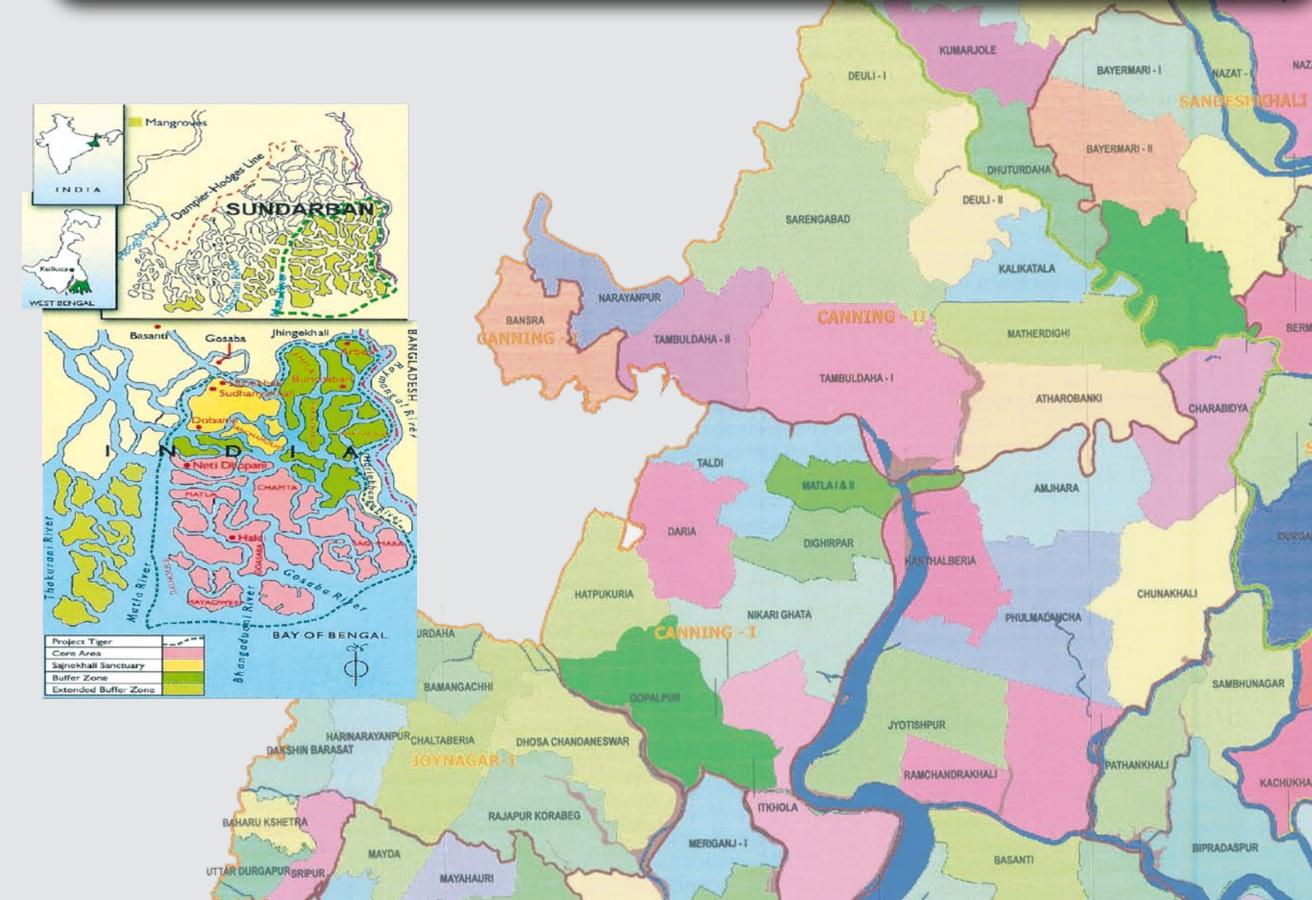
In total,131 villages were proposed to be covered with total estimated expenditure of about Indian Rupees 1316 million. The tariff values for each plant were proposed and verified with willingness of the consumers to pay for the service. Involvement of the local people in the village electricity cooperative (VEC) would ensure the sustainability of the projects.

## **Proposed New Measures**

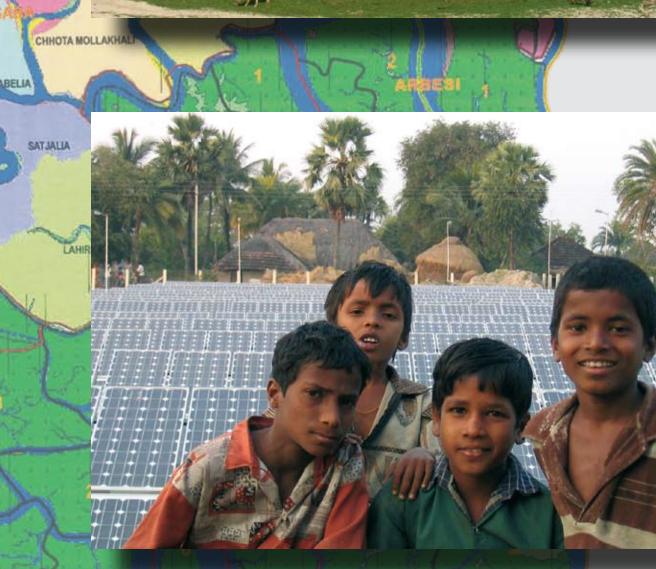
- 35 mini grid hybrid power plants and 38934 Solar Home Systems
- Coverage of entire 131 unelectrified villages in 20 islands
- Total  $1.59~\mathrm{MW_p}~\mathrm{SPV} + 1.12~\mathrm{MW_e}~\mathrm{Biomass} + 20~\mathrm{kW}~\mathrm{Wind}~\mathrm{from}~\mathrm{new}~\mathrm{plants}$
- Serving 11275 domestic households + 3200 commercial shops from the hybrid plants
- Over 572878 people will get access to electricity

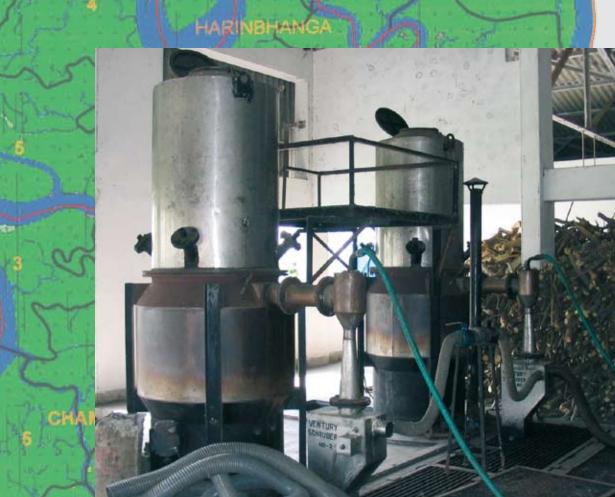






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EXISTING RE PROJECTS	Number	Aggregate Capacity	Benefited Households	Population Covered
Solar Power Plant	13	707 kW <sub>p</sub>	3,450	18,400
Solar Home Lighting System	35,000	$74 \text{ W}_{p}$ to $35 \text{ W}_{p}$ per system	35,000	200,000
Biomass Gasifier Power Plant	2	1,000 kW <sub>e</sub>	1,500	9,000
Wind Diesel Hybrid System	1	510 kW	1,000	5,000
Total			40,950	232,400







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