CompTIA Network+ Exam N10-008

Lesson 10

Explaining Network Services

Objectives

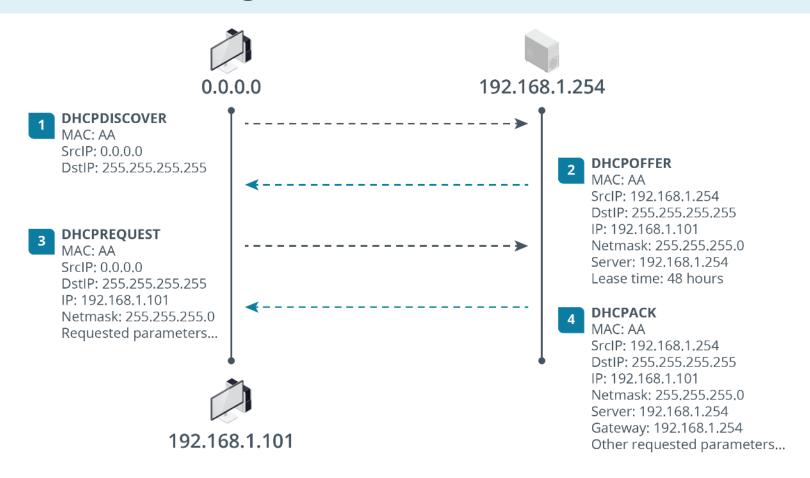
- Explain the use of network addressing services
- Explain the use of name resolution services
- Configure DNS services



Topic 10A

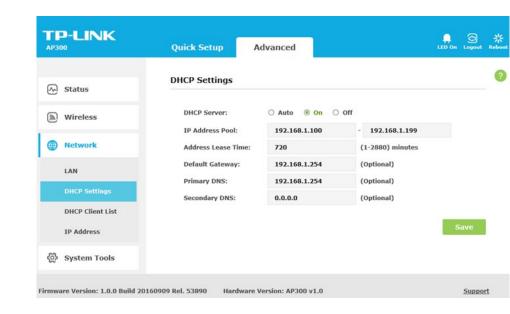
Explain the Use of Network Addressing Services

Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol



DHCP Server Configuration

- Appliance versus NOS implementation
- Scope
 - Range of IP addresses available to lease to clients on a particular subnet
 - Defined by start and end IP addresses and netmask
- Redundant DHCP services should use non-overlapping address pools



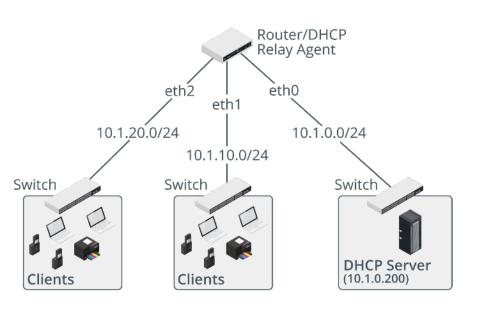
DHCP Options Configuration

- Lease time determines how long client keeps its address
 - Long lease reduces DHCP traffic but may risk address pool exhaustion
 - Environments with high host turnover will configure short leases
 - T1 timer and T2 timers
- Options
 - Default gateway
 - IP address(es) of DNS servers
 - DNS suffix (domain name) to be used by the client
 - Time synchronization (NTP), file transfer (TFTP), VoIP proxy, ...
- Server options versus scope options

DHCP Reservations and Exclusions

- Static assignments and exclusions
 - Use IP addresses outside address pool
 - Exclude specific IP addresses from pool range
- MAC/IP reservation
 - Always allocate a device the same pre-selected IP
- Automatic allocation
 - Lease any IP address from the pool to the same client persistently

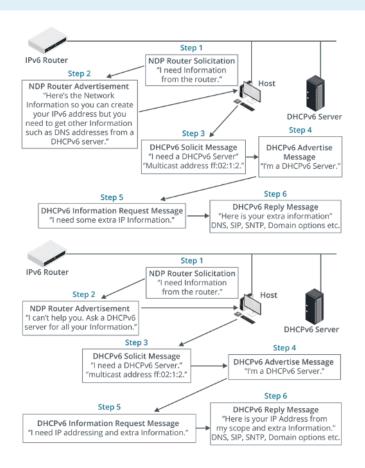
DHCP Relay and IP Helper



- DHCP relay agent/RFC 1542 compliant router
 - Forwards BOOTP/DHCP traffic broadcasts to specified interface for a DHCP server
 - Forwards responses from server back to appropriate client subnet
- ip helper
 - Cisco command supporting operation of DHCP relay
 - Can forward various types of broadcast traffic (not just DHCP)

DHCPv6 Server Configuration

- Client uses multicast ff:02::1:2 to locate server over port UDP/546 (client) and UDP/547 (server)
- Stateless
 - Host obtains prefix from router advertisement (RA)
 - RA advertises presence of DHCPv6 server to provide additional options
- Stateful
 - DHCPv6 server provides routable IPv6 address



Review Activity: Network Addressing Services

- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
- DHCP Server Configuration
- DHCP Options Configuration
- DHCP Reservations and Exclusions
- DHCP Relay and IP Helper
- DHCPv6 Server Configuration



Assisted Lab: Analyze a DHCP Server Configuration

- Lab types
 - Assisted labs guide you step-by-step through tasks
 - Applied labs set goals with limited guidance
- Complete lab
 - Submit all items for grading and check each progress box
 - Select "Grade Lab" from final page
- Save lab
 - Select the hamburger menu and select "Save"
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- Cancel lab without grading
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Topic 10B

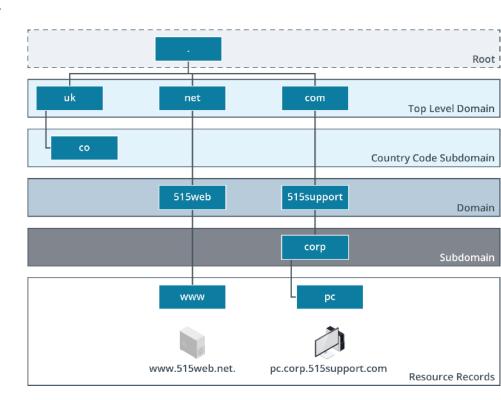
Explain the Use of Name Resolution Services

Host Names and Fully Qualified Domain Names

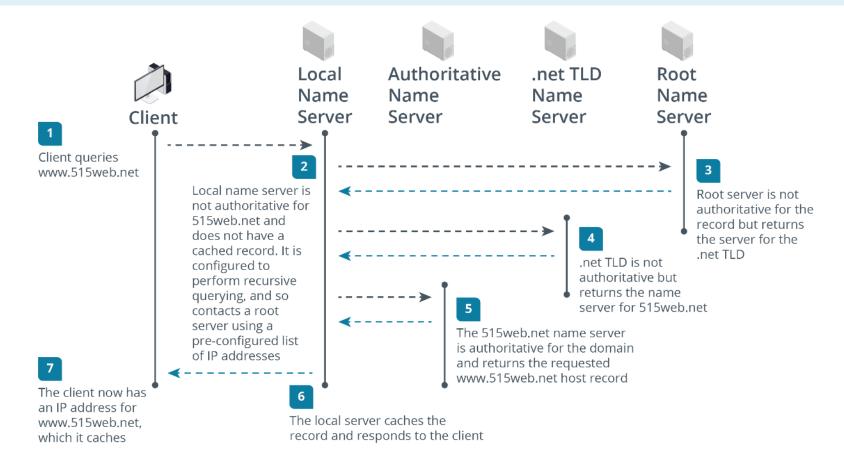
- Fully Qualified Domain Name (FQDN)
 - Host name + domain suffix
- Doman suffix
 - Domain name + Top Level Domain (TLD)
 - Subdomains
- Naming rules
 - Host name must be unique within domain
 - Labels separated by periods
 - Max length of 253 characters overall and 63 characters per label (excluding periods)

Domain Name System

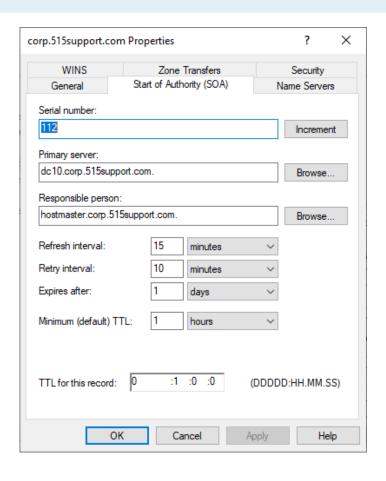
- Hierarchical distributed database of name resource records
- Root domain contains 13 servers (A...M)
- Top Level Domains (TLDs) managed by ICANN and regional registries
- Domains can be registered within an appropriate TLD



Name Resolution Using DNS



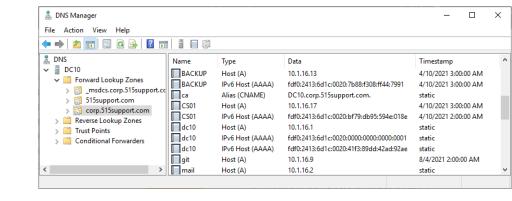
Resource Record Types



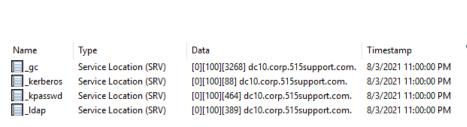
- Start of Authority (SOA)
 - Primary DNS name server that is authoritative for the zone
 - Contact information
 - Serial number for version control
- Name Server (NS)
 - Two or more NS records are usually configured for redundancy
 - Primary (editable) versus secondary (read-only)

Host Address and Canonical Name Records

- IPv4 Host (A)
 - Host record to resolve a name to an IPv4 address
- IPv6 Host (AAAA)
 - Host record to resolve a name to an IPv6 address
- Canonical Name (CNAME)
 - Alternative name for a particular A or AAAA record



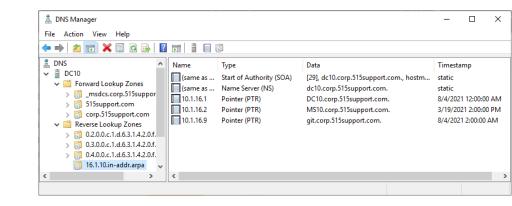
Mail Exchange, Service, and Text Records



- Mail Exchange (MX)
 - Identifies a host record that functions as an email server for the domain
 - Servers distinguished by priority value
- Service (SRV)
 - Identifies a host record that is providing a particular network service or protocol
- Text (TXT)
 - Stores any free-form text that may be needed to support other network services
 - Sender Policy Framework (SPF)
 - DomainKeys Identified E-mail (DKIM)

Pointer Records

- Forward versus reverse lookup zones
- Pointer (PTR)
 - Resolves an IP address to a host name
- in.addr.arpa domain
- ip6.arpa domain



Review Activity: Name Resolution Services

- Host Names and Fully Qualified Domain Names
- Domain Name System
- Name Resolution Using DNS
- Resource Record Types
- Host Address and Canonical Name Records
- Mail Exchange, Service, and Text Records
- Pointer Records



Topic 10C

Configure DNS Services

DNS Server Configuration

- Service port UDP/53 or TCP/53
- Zones
 - Primary
 - Secondary
 - Cache-only
 - Authoritative (holds zone records) versus non-authoritative (responds from cache)
- DNS caching
 - Time to Live (TTL)
 - Server versus client cache

Internal versus External DNS

- Internal DNS zones
 - Name records for private servers and services
 - Only available to internal clients
 - Block access from Internet
- External DNS zones
 - Public services (websites, email, etc.)
 - Hosted on Internet-accessible name servers
- Forwarding and conditional forwarding

nslookup

- Query a name server for resource records
- nslookup –Option Host Server
- Interactive mode
- PowerShell cmdlets

```
:\Users\Admin>nslookup -type=mx comptia.org 8.8.8.8
 erver: dns.google
ddress: 8.8.8.8
Non-authoritative answer:
               MX preference = 10, mail exchanger = comptia-org.mail.protection.outlook.com
comptia.org
 :\Users\Admin>nslookup -type=ns comptia.org 8.8.8.8
Server: dns.google
 ddress: 8.8.8.8
Non-authoritative answer:
               nameserver = ns2.comptia.org
comptia.org
comptia.org
               nameserver = ns1.comptia.org
::\Users\Admin>nslookup -type=mx comptia.org ns1.comptia.org
Server: UnKnown
Address: 209.117.62.56
               MX preference = 10, mail exchanger = comptia-org.mail.protection.outlook.com
::\Users\Admin>_
```

dig

```
toor@LX20D:~$ dig +nocmd +noedns +noquestion 515support.com MX
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 12449
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 0
;; ANSWER SECTION:
                                                10 mail.515support.com.
515support.com.
                        6968
                                        MX
;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.53#53(127.0.0.53)
;; WHEN: Wed Aug 04 10:08:20 BST 2021
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 53
toor@LX20D:~$ dig +nocmd +noedns +noquestion mail.515support.com
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 57840
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 0
:: ANSWER SECTION:
mail.515support.com.
                       7029
                                IN
                                                198.51.100.29
;; Query time: 0 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.53#53(127.0.0.53)
;; WHEN: Wed Aug 04 10:08:32 BST 2021
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 53
```

- Domain Information Groper (dig)
- Shipped with BIND DNS server software
 - dig host
 - dig @ns1.isp.example host
 - dig @ns1.isp.example host all
 - dig @ns1.isp.example host MX
- Output parameters
 - +nocomments or +nostats

Review Activity: DNS Services

- Configure DNS Services
- DNS Server Configuration
- Internal versus External DNS
- nslookup
- dig



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Summary