Meeting

Po-Hsun Wu

January 03, 2022

Progress report

• Study how the simulation work in Gazebo and Xplane.

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Gazebo

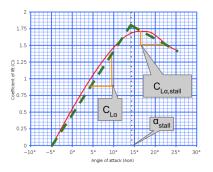


Figure 1: Simplified lift curve

```
<plugin name="lifting surface" filename="libLiftDragPlugin.so">
  <!-- taken from the lift curve figure -->
  <!-- alpha 0 is 5 degrees -->
  <a0>0.08727</a0>
  <!-- alpha stall is 19.3 degrees -->
  <alpha_stall>0.3368</alpha_stall>
  <!-- slope of the lift curve to the left of the stall angle -->
  <cla>5.418</cla>
  <!-- slope of the lift curve to the right of the stall angle -->
  <cla stall>-2.1419</cla stall>
  <!-- below are just random values in this example -->
  <cda>0.0</cda>
  <cda stall>0.0</cda stall>
  <cma>0.0</cma>
  <cma stall>0.0</cma stall>
  <area>3</area>
  <fluid_density>1.2041</fluid_density>
  <forward>-1 0 0</forward>
  <upward>0 -1 0</upward>
  <cp>0 1</cp>
  k name>lifting surface link</link name>
  <radial symmetry>false</radial symmetry>
</plugin>
```

Figure 2: All setup of aerodynamic object

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Xplane

- 1. Simulation method is base on blade element theory.
- 2. Find out the velocity vector of each element.
- 3. Sum up all the force, and figure out the linear and angular accelerations.

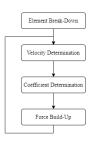


Figure 3: Flow diagram