**Clustering Toastmasters Clubs with Machine Learning** 

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Introduction

Toastmasters is a non-profit organization that trains members in communication and leadership

skills. Members organize regular meetings in "clubs" where they practise public speaking,

presentation and impromptu speaking skills. Members follow an education program called

Pathways, featuring experiential learning, self-paced learning, peer evaluation and mentoring.

Founded in California in 1924, Toastmasters has spread its wing to 143 countries. Now there

are more than 358,000 members in more than 16,800 clubs worldwide. To manage the many

clubs around, the clubs are divided hierarchically into regions, districts, divisions, and areas.

Typically, each club consists of around 20 members. 4 to 6 nearby clubs are organized into an

"area". 3 to 6 areas constitute a "division". 6 to 12 divisions form a "district". About 10 districts

make up a "region". There are now 14 regions worldwide.

The regions are numbered from Region 1 to Region 14. Districts are also numbered such as

District 102 where I am active in. Divisions are named with alphabetical letters such as Division

A and Division B. Areas are identified with a number after the Division name, such as Area

A1 and Area A2. The information of all regions and districts can be found at

https://www.toastmasters.org/~/media/35503AED4D20498FBDA2AA75559FF2E0.ashx

The fiscal year of Toastmasters starts in July and ends in June the next year. The year is more

commonly called a "term". Each term, officers are elected or appointed to serve as District

Officers to manage the clubs and develop their leadership skills. At the end of each term, each

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district has the option to "realign" clubs to group them in a way that helps to manage, market and strategize for the clubs, areas, divisions in the district.

## The Project

There are Toastmasters clubs of various sizes and conditions. There are bigger clubs with more than 50 members, and there are clubs with only a few members. There are restricted clubs such as corporate clubs whose membership is open only to the employees of a sponsoring company, or university clubs which are open for students of a university, and there are community clubs where anyone 18 years old and above can join as a member. There are clubs which produce good results in membership growth and members' achievements, and there are clubs having challenges to recruit members or hold regular meetings. There are clubs that are close to one another geographically, and there are clubs which are located far from the others.

This project seeks to help District Officers to gain insights into clubs for the purpose of formulating strategies to grow and support the clubs, promoting the clubs to the general public and assisting in the realignment exercise at the end of every term. Toward this end, machine learning techniques are used to group similar clubs into clusters to learn the similarities and dissimilarities among the clubs.

The specific areas of benefits include:

- Management and support District Officers might need different strategies to support clubs of different sizes and conditions in order to help them to be effective clubs serving their members.
- Marketing Clubs need to formulate marketing strategies to recruit new members.

  Understanding the neighbourhood where a club is located can help gain insights on the potential market out there for new members.
- Realignment The yearly realignment exercise at the end of term typically does not seek to group clubs of similar nature together in order to be fair to give District Officers a variety of experiences in leading them. But clustering the clubs could help identify

the similar clubs and avoid aligning them together. However, the realignment does seek to group clubs that are near to one another for easier logistics.

The scope of this clustering project includes 89 Toastmasters clubs in District 102 located in the state of Selangor in Malaysia. This is the district where I served as a District Officer twice before and so is familiar to me. These clubs currently belong to Division B, C, D, E and H in District 102. A summary of all clubs in District 102 for the term 2019-2020 can be found at <a href="https://dashboards.toastmasters.org/2019-2020/Club.aspx?id=102">https://dashboards.toastmasters.org/2019-2020/Club.aspx?id=102</a>

## The Data

The data for this project comes mainly from 3 sources – Toastmasters web site, Foursquare data and domain knowledge.

**Toastmasters web site** – The Toastmasters web site publishes a public dashboard showing the performance reports of all clubs in all areas, all divisions, districts and regions. The web site also contains a club page for each club showing its name, location and contact information.

**Foursquare data** – With the location information, Foursquare API is used to understand the neighbourhood where the clubs are located. Some neighbourhoods are popular with places with many people checking in. The popularity can give an indication on how active people in the vicinity of the Toastmasters clubs, as such the potential members who might be able to visit the clubs and join as members.

**Domain knowledge** – As a two-time District Officer myself for the terms 2017-18 and 2019-2020, I have gained sufficient knowledge into the working of Toastmasters clubs. This helps me to identify possible errors in the data, the potential club features that go into explaining the nature of the clubs, the similarities and dissimilarities, and the strategies that the clubs might need to be effective.

In this project, a dataset of 89 clubs is drawn up completed with data below (field name in bracket):

- Club number (ClubNum) The club identification number of a club assigned by Toastmasters. Not used in modelling.
- **Club name** (**ClubName**) The name of a club used to identify a club. Not used in modelling.
- **Members** (**Members**) The number of members in the club. This gives an indication of the club membership strength.
- **New members (NewMembers)** The number of new members joining the club in the current term. This gives an indication of the club marketing effort.
- **Increase in membership** (**Increase**) The net increase or decrease in the membership number. This gives an indication of the club marketing effectiveness.
- Goals achieved (Goals) The performance of each club is measured by the number of goals achieved in the Distinguished Club Program. The program consists of 10 goals and hence, this field can range from 0 to 10. This gives an indication of club quality of a club in serving its members.
- Education awards (Education) The number of educational awards achieved by members of the club. This gives an indication of the level of activities of the members of a club.
- **Distinguished club status (Distinguished)** A club is considered distinguished if it fulfils certain performance criteria. Specifically, a club is distinguished if it has achieved at least 5 goals, and it has at least 20 members (or has an increase of at least 5 members). This field on takes the value 0 or 1.
- Open to public (Open) A community club opens its membership to the public to join. But a restricted club is only for the employees or students of a sponsoring company or university. A community club might have bigger market potential, but a restricted club might better align the club to the purpose of the sponsoring company or university. This field takes on the value 0 or 1.
- Online attendance (Online) A club might allow meeting attendance by online means. A club with online attendance might attract members regardless of geographical boundaries. This field takes on the value 0 or 1.

- Popular venues (Venues) The number of popular places within walking distance of 200 metres from the club location according to Foursquare. This gives an indication of the level of activities of the neighbourhood and hence the potential visitors to the club.
- Location (Longitude, Latitude) The longitude and latitude of a club location to be used in clustering nearby clubs together.

All data is taken from the term-end result of the 2019-2020 term on July 13<sup>th</sup>, 2020. The club data is taken from the publicly available data on Toastmasters web site.

This project is completed as the capstone project for the Applied Data Science Capstone course on Coursera at <a href="https://www.coursera.org/learn/applied-data-science-capstone">https://www.coursera.org/professional-certificates/ibm-data-science</a> Certificate course at <a href="https://www.coursera.org/professional-certificates/ibm-data-science">https://www.coursera.org/professional-certificates/ibm-data-science</a>