

Practical : -1

AIM : - Write a program which creates Binary Search Tree. And also implement recursive and non-recursive tree traversing methods inorder, preorder and post-order for the BST.

Code: -

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *rlink;
    struct node *llink;
}*tmp=NULL;
typedef struct node NODE;
NODE *create();
void preorder(NODE *);
void inorder(NODE *);
void postorder(NODE *);
void insert(NODE *);
void main(){
    int n,i,m;
    clrscr();
    do{
        printf("\n0.create\n1.insert\n2.preorder\n3.postorder\n4.inorder\n5.exit");
        printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
        scanf("%d",&m);
        switch(m){
            case 0:
                tmp=create();
                break;
            case 1:
                insert(tmp);
                break;
            case 2:
                printf("\nDisplay tree in Preorder : ");
                preorder(tmp);
                break;
            case 3:
                printf("\nDisplay Tree in Postorder : ");
                postorder(tmp);
                break;
            case 4:
                printf("\nDisplay Tree in Inorder : ");
```

```

        inorder(tmp);
        break;
        case 5:
            exit(0);
        }
    }
    while(n!=5);
    getch();
}

void insert(NODE *root){
    NODE *newnode;
    if(root==NULL){
        newnode=create();
        root=newnode;
    }
    else{
        newnode=create();
        while(1){
            if(newnode->data<root->data){
                if(root->llink==NULL){
                    root->llink=newnode;
                    break;
                }
                root=root->llink;
            }
            if(newnode->data>root->data){
                if(root->rlink==NULL){
                    root->rlink=newnode;
                    break;
                }
                root=root->rlink;
            }
        }
    }
}

NODE *create(){
    NODE *newnode;
    int n;
    newnode=(NODE *)malloc(sizeof(NODE));
    printf("Enter the Data :");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    newnode->data=n;
    newnode->llink=NULL;
    newnode->rlink=NULL;
}

```

```

        return(newnode);
    }
    void postorder(NODE *tmp){
        if(tmp!=NULL){
            postorder(tmp->llink);
            postorder(tmp->rlink);
            printf("%d->",tmp->data);
        }
    }
    void inorder(NODE *tmp){
        if(tmp!=NULL){
            inorder(tmp->llink);
            printf("%d->",tmp->data);
            inorder(tmp->rlink);
        }
    }
    void preorder(NODE *tmp){
        if(tmp!=NULL){
            printf("%d->",tmp->data);
            preorder(tmp->llink);
            preorder(tmp->rlink);
        }
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:-

1) Create tree

```

Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC
0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 0
Enter the Data :23

0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the Data :34

0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 1_

```

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC
0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the Data :11

0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the Data :56

0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 1

Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the Data :37

0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the Data :47

0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the Data :89_
```

2) Pre order Traversal

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC
0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 2

Display tree in Preorder : 23->11->34->56->37->47->89->
0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
```

3) Post order Traversal

```
0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 3

Display Tree in Postorder : 11->47->37->89->56->34->23->
0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
```

4) In order Traversal

```
0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
Enter your choice : 4

Display Tree in Inorder : 11->23->34->37->47->56->89->
0.create
1.insert
2.preorder
3.postorder
4.inorder
5.exit
```

Practical :-2

AIM :- Write a program to implement any two hashing methods. Use any one of the hashing method to implement Insert, Delete and Search operations for Hash Table Management.

Code :-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
int tableSize = 0, totEle = 0 ,tsize;
struct node *hashTable = NULL;
struct node {
    int value, key;
    int marker;
};
int hasht(int key)
{
    int i ;
    i = key%tsize ;
    return i;
}
int rehashq(int key, int j)
{
    int i ;
    i = (key+(j*j))%tsize ;
    return i ;
}
void insertInHash(int key, int value) {
    int hashIndex = key % tableSize;
    if (tableSize == totEle) {
        printf("Can't perform Insertion..Hash Table is full!!");
        return;
    }
    while (hashTable[hashIndex].marker == 1) {
        hashIndex = (hashIndex + 1)%tableSize;
    }
    hashTable[hashIndex].key = key;
    hashTable[hashIndex].value = value;
    hashTable[hashIndex].marker = 1;
    totEle++;
    return;
}
void deleteFromHash(int key) {
    int hashIndex = key % tableSize, count = 0, flag = 0;
```

```

    if (totEle == 0) {
        printf("Hash Table is Empty!!\n");
        return;
    }
    while (hashTable[hashIndex].marker != 0 && count <= tableSize) {
        if (hashTable[hashIndex].key == key) {
            hashTable[hashIndex].key = 0;
            /* set marker to -1 during deletion operation*/
            hashTable[hashIndex].marker = -1;
            hashTable[hashIndex].value = 0;
            totEle--;
            flag = 1;
            break;
        }
        hashIndex = (hashIndex + 1)%tableSize;
        count++;
    }
    if (flag)
        printf("Given data deleted from Hash Table\n");
    else
        printf("Given data is not available in Hash Table\n");
    return;
}

void searchElement(int key) {
    int hashIndex = key % tableSize, flag = 0, count = 0;
    if (totEle == 0) {
        printf("Hash Table is Empty!!");
        return;
    }
    while (hashTable[hashIndex].marker != 0 && count <= tableSize) {
        if (hashTable[hashIndex].key == key) {
            printf("Key : %d\n", hashTable[hashIndex].key);
            printf("Value : %d\n", hashTable[hashIndex].value);
            flag = 1;
            break;
        }
        hashIndex = (hashIndex + 1)%tableSize;
    }

    if (!flag)
        printf("Given data is not present in hash table\n");
    return;
}

void display() {

```

```

int i;
if (totEle == 0) {
    printf("Hash Table is Empty!!\n");
    return;
}
printf("Key   Value   Index \n");
printf("-----\n");
for (i = 0; i < tableSize; i++) {
    if (hashTable[i].marker == 1) {
        printf("%-13d", hashTable[i].key);
        printf("%-7d", hashTable[i].value);
        printf("%d\n", i);
    }
}
printf("\n");
return;
}

void linear_probing() {
    int key, value, ch;
    printf("Enter the no of elements:");
    scanf("%d", &tableSize);
    hashTable = (struct node *)calloc(tableSize, sizeof(struct node));
    while (1) {
        printf("\n   MAIN MENU   \n");
        printf("1. Insertion\n2. Deletion\n");
        printf("3. Searching\n4. Display\n");
        printf("5. Exit\nEnter ur choice:");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch) {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter the key value (for stop -999):");
                scanf("%d", &key);
                printf("Value (for stop -999:");
                scanf("%d", &value);
                insertInHash(key, value);
                while(key!= -999 && value != -999){
                    printf("Enter the key value (for stop -999):");
                    scanf("%d", &key);
                    printf("Value (for stop -999:");
                    scanf("%d", &value);
                    insertInHash(key, value);
                }
                break;
            case 2:

```



```

        printf("Enter the key value:");
        scanf("%d", &key);
        deleteFromHash(key);
        break;
    case 3:
        printf("Enter the key value:");
        scanf("%d", &key);
        searchElement(key);
        break;
    case 4:
        display();
        break;
    case 5:
        exit(0);
    default:
        printf("U have entered wrong Option!!\n");
        break;
    }
}

void quar_probing()
{
    int key,arr[20],hash[20],i,n,s,op,j,k ;
    printf ("Enter the size of the hash table: ");
    scanf ("%d",&tsize);
    printf ("\nEnter the number of elements: ");
    scanf ("%d",&n);
    for (i=0;i<tsize;i++)
hash[i]=-1 ;
    printf ("Enter Elements: ");
    for (i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    }
    for (i=0;i<tsize;i++)
hash[i]=-1 ;
    for(k=0;k<n;k++)
    {
j=1;
key=arr[k] ;
i = hasht(key);
while (hash[i]!=-1)
{
    i = rehashq(i,j);

```

```

        j++;
    }
    hash[i]=key ;
    }
    printf("\nThe elements in the array are: ");
    for (i=0;i<tsize;i++)
    {
        printf("\n Element at position %d: %d",i,hash[i]);
    }
}
void main()
{
    int key,arr[20],hash[20],i,n,s,op,j,k ;
    clrscr() ;
    do
    {
        printf("\n  HASHING  ");
        printf("\n1.Linear Probing\n2.Quadratic Probing \n3.Exit \nEnter your option: ");
        scanf("%d",&op);
        switch(op)
        {
            case 1:
                linear_probing();
                break;
            case 2:quar_probing();
                break;
        }
    }while(op!=3);
    getch() ;
}

```

OUTPUT:

1) Insertion in Linear Probing

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC

HASHING
1.Linear Probing
2.Quadratic Probing
3.Exit
Enter your option: 1
Enter the no of elements:10

MAIN MENU
1. Insertion
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter ur choice:1
Enter the key value (for stop -999):13
Value (for stop -999):13
Enter the key value (for stop -999):45
Value (for stop -999):45
Enter the key value (for stop -999):27
Value (for stop -999):27
Enter the key value (for stop -999):9
Value (for stop -999):9
Enter the key value (for stop -999):56
Value (for stop -999):56
```

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC

4. Display
5. Exit
Enter ur choice:1
Enter the key value (for stop -999):13
Value (for stop -999):13
Enter the key value (for stop -999):45
Value (for stop -999):45
Enter the key value (for stop -999):27
Value (for stop -999):27
Enter the key value (for stop -999):9
Value (for stop -999):9
Enter the key value (for stop -999):56
Value (for stop -999):56
Enter the key value (for stop -999):32
Value (for stop -999):32
Enter the key value (for stop -999):24
Value (for stop -999):24
Enter the key value (for stop -999):61
Value (for stop -999):61
Enter the key value (for stop -999):88
Value (for stop -999):88
Enter the key value (for stop -999):40
Value (for stop -999):40
Enter the key value (for stop -999):-999
Value (for stop -999):-999_
```

2) Display in Linear Probing

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC

3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter ur choice:4
Key      Value      Index
-----
40       40         0
61       61         1
32       32         2
13       13         3
24       24         4
45       45         5
56       56         6
27       27         7
88       88         8
9        9         9

MAIN MENU
1. Insertion
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter ur choice:_
```

3) Delete in Linear Probing

```
MAIN MENU
1. Insertion
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter ur choice:2
Enter the key value:24
Given data deleted from Hash Table
```

4) Display after Delete operation in Linear Probing

```
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter ur choice:4
Key      Value      Index
-----
40        40         0
61        61         1
32        32         2
13        13         3
45        45         5
56        56         6
27        27         7
88        88         8
9         9          9
```

5) Searching in Linear Probing

```
MAIN MENU
1. Insertion
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter ur choice:3
Enter the key value:88
Key : 88
Value : 88

MAIN MENU
1. Insertion
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter ur choice:_
```

➤ Quadratic Probing

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC

HASHING
1.Linear Probing
2.Quadratic Probing
3.Exit
Enter your option: 2
Enter the size of the hash table: 10

Enter the number of elements: 6
Enter Elements: 5
```

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC

Enter the number of elements: 6
Enter Elements: 5
10
34
22
57
69

The elements in the array are:
Element at position 0: 10
Element at position 1: -1
Element at position 2: 22
Element at position 3: -1
Element at position 4: 34
Element at position 5: 5
Element at position 6: -1
Element at position 7: 57
Element at position 8: -1
Element at position 9: 69

HASHING
1.Linear Probing
2.Quadratic Probing
3.Exit
Enter your option: ←
```

Practical :- 3

AIM :- Explain Dictionary as an Abstract Data Type. Implement Dictionary using suitable Data Structure.

Code :-

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<conio.h>
struct hash *hashTable = NULL;
int eleCount = 0;
struct node {
    int roll_no, mark,std;
    char name[100];
    struct node *next;
};
struct hash {
    struct node *head;
    int count;
};
struct node * createNode(int roll_no, char *name, int mark,int std) {
    struct node *newnode;
    newnode = (struct node *)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    newnode->roll_no = roll_no;
    newnode->mark = mark;
    newnode->std = std;
    strcpy(newnode->name, name);
    newnode->next = NULL;
    return newnode;
}
void insertToHash(int roll_no, char *name, int mark,int std) {
    int hashIndex = roll_no % eleCount;
    struct node *newnode = createNode(roll_no, name, mark,std);
    if (!hashTable[hashIndex].head) {
        hashTable[hashIndex].head = newnode;
        hashTable[hashIndex].count = 1;
        return;
    }
    newnode->next = (hashTable[hashIndex].head);
    hashTable[hashIndex].head = newnode;
    hashTable[hashIndex].count++;
    return;
}
void deleteFromHash(int roll_no) {
```

```

int hashIndex = roll_no % eleCount, flag = 0;
struct node *temp, *myNode;
myNode = hashTable[hashIndex].head;
if (!myNode) {
    printf("Given data is not present in hash Table!!\n");
    return;
}
temp = myNode;
while (myNode != NULL) {
    if (myNode->roll_no == roll_no) {
        flag = 1;
        if (myNode == hashTable[hashIndex].head)
            hashTable[hashIndex].head = myNode->next;
        else
            temp->next = myNode->next;
        hashTable[hashIndex].count--;
        free(myNode);
        break;
    }
    temp = myNode;
    myNode = myNode->next;
}
if (flag)
    printf("Data deleted successfully from Hash Table\n");
else
    printf("Given data is not present in hash Table!!!\n");
return;
}

void searchInHash(int roll_no) {
    int hashIndex = roll_no % eleCount, flag = 0;
    struct node *myNode;
    myNode = hashTable[hashIndex].head;
    if (!myNode) {
        printf("Search element unavailable in hash table\n");
        return;
    }
    while (myNode != NULL) {
        if (myNode->roll_no == roll_no) {
            printf("RollNo : %d\n", myNode->roll_no);
            printf("Name   : %s\n", myNode->name);
            printf("Mark    : %d\n", myNode->mark);
            printf("Class   : %d\n", myNode->std);
            flag = 1;
            break;
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
        myNode = myNode->next;
    }
    if (!flag)
        printf("Search element unavailable in hash table\n");
    return;
}

void display() {
    struct node *myNode;
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < eleCount; i++) {
        if (hashTable[i].count == 0)
            continue;
        myNode = hashTable[i].head;
        if (!myNode)
            continue;
        printf("\nData at index %d in Hash Table:\n", i);
        printf("Rollno    Name        Class    Mark  \n");
        printf("-----\n");
        while (myNode != NULL) {
            printf("%-12d", myNode->roll_no);
            printf("%-15s", myNode->name);
            printf("%-12d", myNode->std);
            printf("%d\n", myNode->mark);
            myNode = myNode->next;
        }
    }
    return;
}

int main() {
    int n, ch, roll_no, mark, std;
    char name[100];
    // clrscr();
    printf("Enter the number of elements:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    eleCount = n;
    hashTable = (struct hash *)calloc(n, sizeof (struct hash));
    while (1) {
        printf("\n DICTIONARY  ");
        printf("\n1. Insertion\n2. Deletion\n");
        printf("3. Searching\n4. Display\n5. Exit\n");
        printf("Enter your choice:");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch) {

```



```

        case 1:
            printf("Enter the Roll NO (stop -999):");
            scanf("%d", &roll_no);
            printf("Name(stop 'N'):");
            scanf("%s",&name);
            printf("Marks(stop -999):");
            scanf("%d", &mark);
            printf("Class(stop -999):");
            scanf("%d",&std);
            insertToHash(roll_no, name, mark,std);
        while(roll_no!=-999&& name!="n" && mark!=-999 && std!=-999){
            printf("Enter the Roll NO(stop -999):");
            scanf("%d", &roll_no);
            printf("Name(stop 'N'):");
            scanf("%s",&name);
            printf("Marks(stop -999):");
            scanf("%d", &mark);
            printf("Class(stop -999):");
            scanf("%d",&std);
            insertToHash(roll_no, name, mark,std);
        }
        break;

        case 2:
            printf("Enter the roll_no to perform deletion:");
            scanf("%d", &roll_no);
            deleteFromHash(roll_no);
            break;

        case 3:
            printf("Enter the roll_no to search:");
            scanf("%d", &roll_no);
            searchInHash(roll_no);
            break;

        case 4:
            display();
            break;

        case 5:
            exit(0);

        default:
            printf("U have entered wrong option!!\n");
            break;

    }
}
return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT :

1) Insertion in dictionary

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC
C:\TC\BIN>tc.exe
Enter the number of elements:5

    DICTIONARY
1. Insertion
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter the Roll NO(stop -999):101
Name(stop 'N'):pooja
Marks(stop -999):99
Class(stop -999):10
Enter the Roll NO(stop -999):102
Name(stop 'N'):krisha
Marks(stop -999):89
Class(stop -999):12
Enter the Roll NO(stop -999):102
Name(stop 'N'):anju
Marks(stop -999):98
Class(stop -999):11
Enter the Roll NO(stop -999):103
Name(stop 'N'):twisa_
```

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC
Class(stop -999):12
Enter the Roll NO(stop -999):102
Name(stop 'N'):anju
Marks(stop -999):98
Class(stop -999):11
Enter the Roll NO(stop -999):103
Name(stop 'N'):twisa
Marks(stop -999):77
Class(stop -999):9
Enter the Roll NO(stop -999):104
Name(stop 'N'):brinda
Marks(stop -999):85
Class(stop -999):10
Enter the Roll NO(stop -999):-999
Name(stop 'N'):N
Marks(stop -999):-999
Class(stop -999):-999

    DICTIONARY
1. Insertion
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter your choice:_
```

2) Display of dictionary

```
101      pooja      10      99
Data at index 2 in Hash Table:
Rollno      Name      Class      Mark
-----
102      anju      11      98
102      krisha      12      89
Data at index 3 in Hash Table:
Rollno      Name      Class      Mark
-----
103      twisa      9      77
Data at index 4 in Hash Table:
Rollno      Name      Class      Mark
-----
104      brinda      10      85

    DICTIONARY
1. Insertion
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter your choice:
```

3) Searching in dictionary

```
    DICTIONARY
1. Insertion
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter your choice:3
Enter the roll_no to search:104
RollNo  : 104
Name    : brinda
Mark    : 85
```

4) Deletion in dictionary

```
    DICTIONARY
1. Insertion
2. Deletion
3. Searching
4. Display
5. Exit
Enter your choice:2
Enter the roll_no to perform deletion:103
Data deleted successfully from Hash Table
```

Practical :- 4

AIM :- Write a program which creates AVLTree. Implement Insert and Delete Operations in AVL Tree. (Note that each time the tree must be balanced.)

Code :-

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
typedef struct node {
    int data;
    struct node *left,*right;
    int ht;
}node;
node * rotateright(node *x) {
    node *y;
    y=x->left;
    x->left=y->right;
    y->right=x;
    x->ht=height(x);
    y->ht=height(y);
    return(y);
}
node * rotateleft(node *x) {
    node *y;
    y=x->right;
    x->right=y->left;
    y->left=x;
    x->ht=height(x);
    y->ht=height(y);
    return(y);
}
node * LL(node *T) {
    T=rotateright(T);
    return(T);
}
node * LR(node *T) {
    T->left=rotateleft(T->left);
    T=rotateright(T);
    return(T);
}
node * RL(node *T) {
    T->right=rotateright(T->right);
    T=rotateleft(T);
    return(T);
}
int BF(node *T) {
    int lh,rh;
    if(T==NULL)
        return(0);
    if(T->left==NULL)
        lh=0;
```

```

        else
            lh=1+T->left->ht;
        if(T->right==NULL)
            rh=0;
        else
            rh=1+T->right->ht;
        return(lh-rh);
    }
void postorder(node *T) {
    if(T!=NULL) {
        postorder(T->left);
        printf("%d(Bf=%d)",T->data,BF(T));
        postorder(T->right);
    }
}
node * RR(node *T) {
    T=rotateleft(T);
    return(T);
}
node * insert(node *T,int x) {
    if(T==NULL) {
        T=(node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
        T->data=x;
        T->left=NULL;
        T->right=NULL;
    }
    else
        if(x > T->data) { // insert in right subtree
            T->right=insert(T->right,x);
            if(BF(T)==-2)
                if(x>T->right->data)
                    T=RR(T);
                else
                    T=RL(T);
        }
        else
            if(x<T->data) {
                T->left=insert(T->left,x);
                if(BF(T)==2)
                    if(x < T->left->data)
                        T=LL(T);
                    else
                        T=LR(T);
            }
        T->ht=height(T);
        return(T);
    }
node * Delete(node *T,int x) {
    node *p;
    if(T==NULL) {

```

```

        return NULL;
    }
    else
        if(x > T->data) {                // insert in right subtree
            T->right=Delete(T->right,x);
            if(BF(T)==2)
                if(BF(T->left)>=0)
                    T=LL(T);
                else
                    T=LR(T);
        }
        else
            if(x<T->data) {
                T->left=Delete(T->left,x);
                if(BF(T)==-2)
                    if(BF(T->right)<=0)
                        T=RR(T);
                    else
                        T=RL(T);
            }
        Else {
            if(T->right!=NULL) {
                p=T->right;
                while(p->left!= NULL)
                    p=p->left;
                T->data=p->data;
                T->right=Delete(T->right,p->data);
                if(BF(T)==2)//Rebalance during windup
                    if(BF(T->left)>=0)
                        T=LL(T);
                    else
                        T=LR(T);\
            }
            else
                return(T->left);
        }

    T->ht=height(T);
    return(T);
}

int height(node *T) {
    int lh,rh;
    if(T==NULL)
        return(0);
    if(T->left==NULL)
        lh=0;
    else
        lh=1+T->left->ht;
    if(T->right==NULL)
        rh=0;
    else

```

```

        rh=1+T->right->ht;
    if(lh>rh)
        return(lh);

    return(rh);
}
int main() {
    node *root=NULL;
    int x,n,i,op,ch;
    do{
        printf("\n1.Create");
        printf("\n2.Insert");
        printf("\n3.Delete");
        printf("\n4.Print");
        printf("\n5.Quit");
        printf("\nEnter Your Choice:");
        scanf("%d",&ch);
        switch(ch) {
            case 1: printf("\nEnter no. of elements:");
                    scanf("%d",&n);
                    printf("\nEnter tree data:");
                    root=NULL;
                    for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
                        scanf("%d",&x);
                        root=insert(root,x);
                    }
                    break;
            case 2: printf("\nEnter a data:");
                    scanf("%d",&x);
                    root=insert(root,x);
                    break;
            case 3: printf("\nEnter a data:");
                    scanf("%d",&x);
                    root=Delete(root,x);
                    break;
            case 4: printf("\nPostorder sequence: ");
                    postorder(root);
                    break;
        }
    }while(ch!=5);
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT :

1) Create & Insertion in AVL tree

```
C:\NTC\BIN>tc.exe

1.Create
2.Insert
3.Delete
4.Print
5.Quit
Enter Your Choice:1

Enter no. of elements:5

Enter tree data:23
67
34
3
78_
```

2) Display AVL tree

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC
Enter Your Choice:1

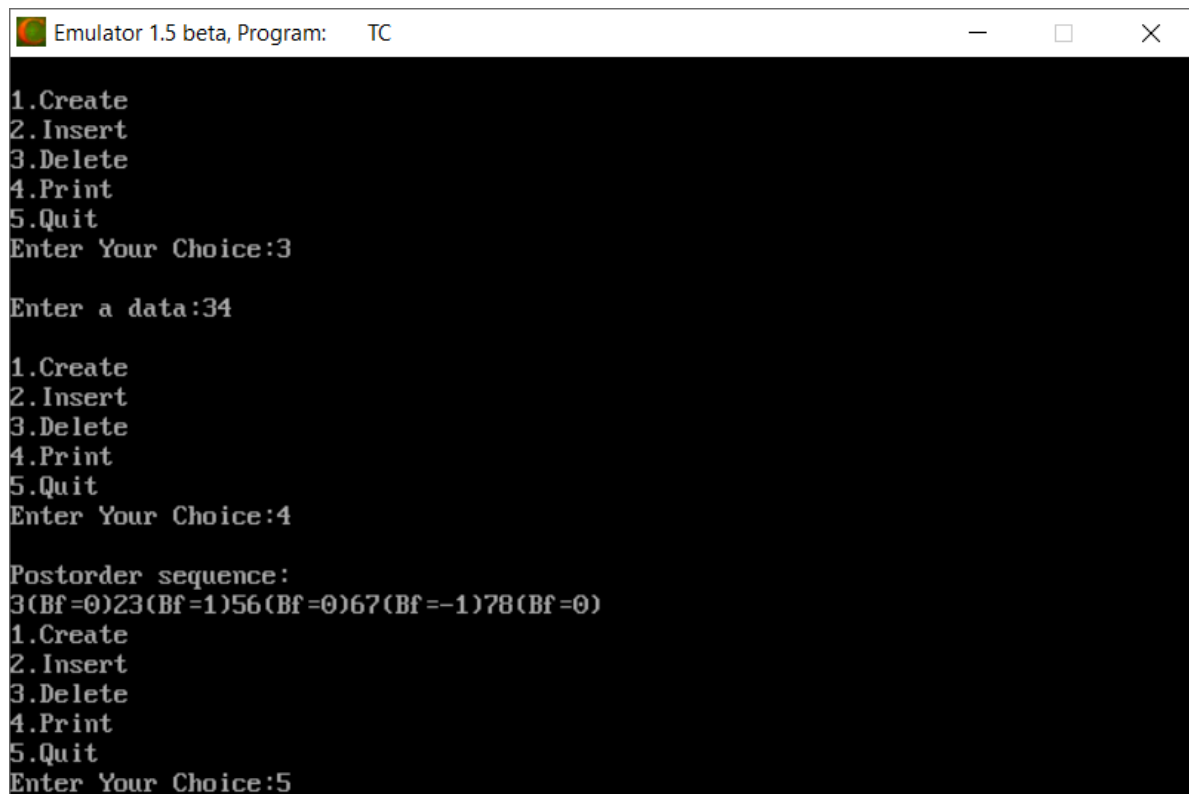
Enter no. of elements:5

Enter tree data:23
67
34
3
78

1.Create
2.Insert
3.Delete
4.Print
5.Quit
Enter Your Choice:4

Postorder sequence:
3(Bf=0)23(Bf=1)34(Bf=0)67(Bf=-1)78(Bf=0)
1.Create
2.Insert
3.Delete
4.Print
5.Quit
Enter Your Choice:_
```


3) Deletion in AVL tree and display it.



```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC
1.Create
2.Insert
3.Delete
4.Print
5.Quit
Enter Your Choice:3

Enter a data:34

1.Create
2.Insert
3.Delete
4.Print
5.Quit
Enter Your Choice:4

Postorder sequence:
3(Bf=0)23(Bf=1)56(Bf=0)67(Bf=-1)78(Bf=0)
1.Create
2.Insert
3.Delete
4.Print
5.Quit
Enter Your Choice:5
```

Practical :- 5

AIM :- Implement Red-Black Tree.

Code :-

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
//enum nodeColor{RED,BLACK};
struct rbNode{
    int data, color;
    struct rbNode *link[2];
};
struct rbNode *root = NULL;
struct rbNode *createNode(int data){
    struct rbNode *newnode;
    newnode = (struct rbNode *)malloc(sizeof(struct rbNode));
    newnode->data = data;
    newnode->color = RED;
    newnode->link[0] = newnode->link[1] = NULL;
    return newnode;
}
void insertion(int data)  {
    struct rbNode *stack[98], *ptr, *newnode, *xPtr, *yPtr;
    int dir[98], ht = 0, index;
    ptr = root;
    if (!root){
        root = createNode(data);
        return;
    }
    stack[ht] = root;
    dir[ht++] = 0;
    while (ptr != NULL)  {
        if (ptr->data == data){
            printf("Duplicates Not Allowed!!\n");
            return;
        }
        index = (data - ptr->data) > 0 ? 1 : 0;
        stack[ht] = ptr;
        ptr = ptr->link[index];
        dir[ht++] = index;
    }
    stack[ht - 1]->link[index] = newnode = createNode(data);
    while ((ht >= 3) && (stack[ht - 1]->color == RED)) {
        if (dir[ht - 2] == 0){
```

```

yPtr = stack[ht - 2]->link[1];
if (yPtr != NULL && yPtr->color == RED){
    stack[ht - 2]->color = RED;
    stack[ht - 1]->color = yPtr->color = BLACK;
    ht = ht - 2;
}
else {
    if (dir[ht - 1] == 0){
        yPtr = stack[ht - 1];
    }
    else {
        xPtr = stack[ht - 1];
        yPtr = xPtr->link[1];
        xPtr->link[1] = yPtr->link[0];
        yPtr->link[0] = xPtr;
        stack[ht - 2]->link[0] = yPtr;
    }
    xPtr = stack[ht - 2];
    xPtr->color = RED;
    yPtr->color = BLACK;
    xPtr->link[0] = yPtr->link[1];
    yPtr->link[1] = xPtr;
    if (xPtr == root) {
        root = yPtr;
    }
    else{
        stack[ht - 3]->link[dir[ht - 3]] = yPtr;
    }
    break;
}
}
else{
    yPtr = stack[ht - 2]->link[0];
    if ((yPtr != NULL) && (yPtr->color == RED)) {
        stack[ht - 2]->color = RED;
        stack[ht - 1]->color = yPtr->color = BLACK;
        ht = ht - 2;
    }
    else {
        if (dir[ht - 1] == 1){
            yPtr = stack[ht - 1];
        }
        else {
            xPtr = stack[ht - 1];

```

```

        yPtr = xPtr->link[0];
        xPtr->link[0] = yPtr->link[1];
        yPtr->link[1] = xPtr;
        stack[ht - 2]->link[1] = yPtr;
    }
    xPtr = stack[ht - 2];
    yPtr->color = BLACK;
    xPtr->color = RED;
    xPtr->link[1] = yPtr->link[0];
    yPtr->link[0] = xPtr;
    if (xPtr == root){
        root = yPtr;
    }
    else {
        stack[ht - 3]->link[dir[ht - 3]] = yPtr;
    }
    break;
}
}

root->color = BLACK;
}

void deletion(int data) {
    struct rbNode *stack[98], *ptr, *xPtr, *yPtr;
    struct rbNode *pPtr, *qPtr, *rPtr;
    int dir[98], ht = 0, diff, i;
    enum nodeColor color;
    if (!root){
        printf("Tree not available\n");
        return;
    }
    ptr = root;
    while (ptr != NULL) {
        if ((data - ptr->data) == 0)
            break;
        diff = (data - ptr->data) > 0 ? 1 : 0;
        stack[ht] = ptr;
        dir[ht++] = diff;
        ptr = ptr->link[diff];
    }
    if (ptr->link[1] == NULL) {
        if ((ptr == root) && (ptr->link[0] == NULL)){
            free(ptr);
            root = NULL;

```

```

    }
    else if (ptr == root){
        root = ptr->link[0];
        free(ptr);
    }
    else {
        stack[ht - 1]->link[dir[ht - 1]] = ptr->link[0];
    }
}
else{
    xPtr = ptr->link[1];
    if (xPtr->link[0] == NULL){
        xPtr->link[0] = ptr->link[0];
        color = xPtr->color;
        xPtr->color = ptr->color;
        ptr->color = color;
        if (ptr == root){
            root = xPtr;
        }
        else {
            stack[ht - 1]->link[dir[ht - 1]] = xPtr;
        }
        dir[ht] = 1;
        stack[ht++] = xPtr;
    }
    else {
        i = ht++;
        while (1){
            dir[ht] = 0;
            stack[ht++] = xPtr;
            yPtr = xPtr->link[0];
            if (!yPtr->link[0])
                break;
            xPtr = yPtr;
        }
        dir[i] = 1;
        stack[i] = yPtr;
        if (i > 0)
            stack[i - 1]->link[dir[i - 1]] = yPtr;
        yPtr->link[0] = ptr->link[0];
        xPtr->link[0] = yPtr->link[1];
        yPtr->link[1] = ptr->link[1];
        if (ptr == root) {
            root = yPtr;

```

```

    }
    color = yPtr->color;
    yPtr->color = ptr->color;
    ptr->color = color;
}
}
if (ht < 1)
    return;
if (ptr->color == BLACK){
    while (1){
        pPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[dir[ht - 1]];
        if (pPtr && pPtr->color == RED){
            pPtr->color = BLACK;
            break;
        }
        if (ht < 2)
            break;
        if (dir[ht - 2] == 0){
            rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[1];
            if (!rPtr)
                break;
            if (rPtr->color == RED){
                stack[ht - 1]->color = RED;
                rPtr->color = BLACK;
                stack[ht - 1]->link[1] = rPtr->link[0];
                rPtr->link[0] = stack[ht - 1];
                if (stack[ht - 1] == root) {
                    root = rPtr;
                }
            }
            else{
                stack[ht - 2]->link[dir[ht - 2]] = rPtr;
            }
            dir[ht] = 0;
            stack[ht] = stack[ht - 1];
            stack[ht - 1] = rPtr;
            ht++;
            rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[1];
        }
        if ((!rPtr->link[0] || rPtr->link[0]->color == BLACK) &&
            (!rPtr->link[1] || rPtr->link[1]->color == BLACK)) {
            rPtr->color = RED;
        }
        else{
            if (!rPtr->link[1] || rPtr->link[1]->color == BLACK){

```

```

        qPtr = rPtr->link[0];
        rPtr->color = RED;
        qPtr->color = BLACK;
        rPtr->link[0] = qPtr->link[1];
        qPtr->link[1] = rPtr;
        rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[1] = qPtr;
    }
    rPtr->color = stack[ht - 1]->color;
    stack[ht - 1]->color = BLACK;
    rPtr->link[1]->color = BLACK;
    stack[ht - 1]->link[1] = rPtr->link[0];
    rPtr->link[0] = stack[ht - 1];
    if (stack[ht - 1] == root){
        root = rPtr;
    }
    else{
        stack[ht - 2]->link[dir[ht - 2]] = rPtr;
    }
    break;
}
}
else {
    rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[0];
    if (!rPtr)
        break;
    if (rPtr->color == RED){
        stack[ht - 1]->color = RED;
        rPtr->color = BLACK;
        stack[ht - 1]->link[0] = rPtr->link[1];
        rPtr->link[1] = stack[ht - 1];
        if (stack[ht - 1] == root) {
            root = rPtr;
        }
        else{
            stack[ht - 2]->link[dir[ht - 2]] = rPtr;
        }
        dir[ht] = 1;
        stack[ht] = stack[ht - 1];
        stack[ht - 1] = rPtr;
        ht++;
        rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[0];
    }
    if ((!rPtr->link[0] || rPtr->link[0]->color == BLACK) &&
        (!rPtr->link[1] || rPtr->link[1]->color == BLACK)) {

```

```

        rPtr->color = RED;
    }
    else {
        if (!rPtr->link[0] || rPtr->link[0]->color == BLACK) {
            qPtr = rPtr->link[1];
            rPtr->color = RED;
            qPtr->color = BLACK;
            rPtr->link[1] = qPtr->link[0];
            qPtr->link[0] = rPtr;
            rPtr = stack[ht - 1]->link[0] = qPtr;
        }
        rPtr->color = stack[ht - 1]->color;
        stack[ht - 1]->color = BLACK;
        rPtr->link[0]->color = BLACK;
        stack[ht - 1]->link[0] = rPtr->link[1];
        rPtr->link[1] = stack[ht - 1];
        if (stack[ht - 1] == root){
            root = rPtr;
        }
        else {
            stack[ht - 2]->link[dir[ht - 2]] = rPtr;
        }
        break;
    }
    ht--;
}
}
}

void inorderTraversal(struct rbNode *node) {
    if (node) {
        inorderTraversal(node->link[0]);
        printf("%d ", node->data);
        inorderTraversal(node->link[1]);
    }
    return;
}

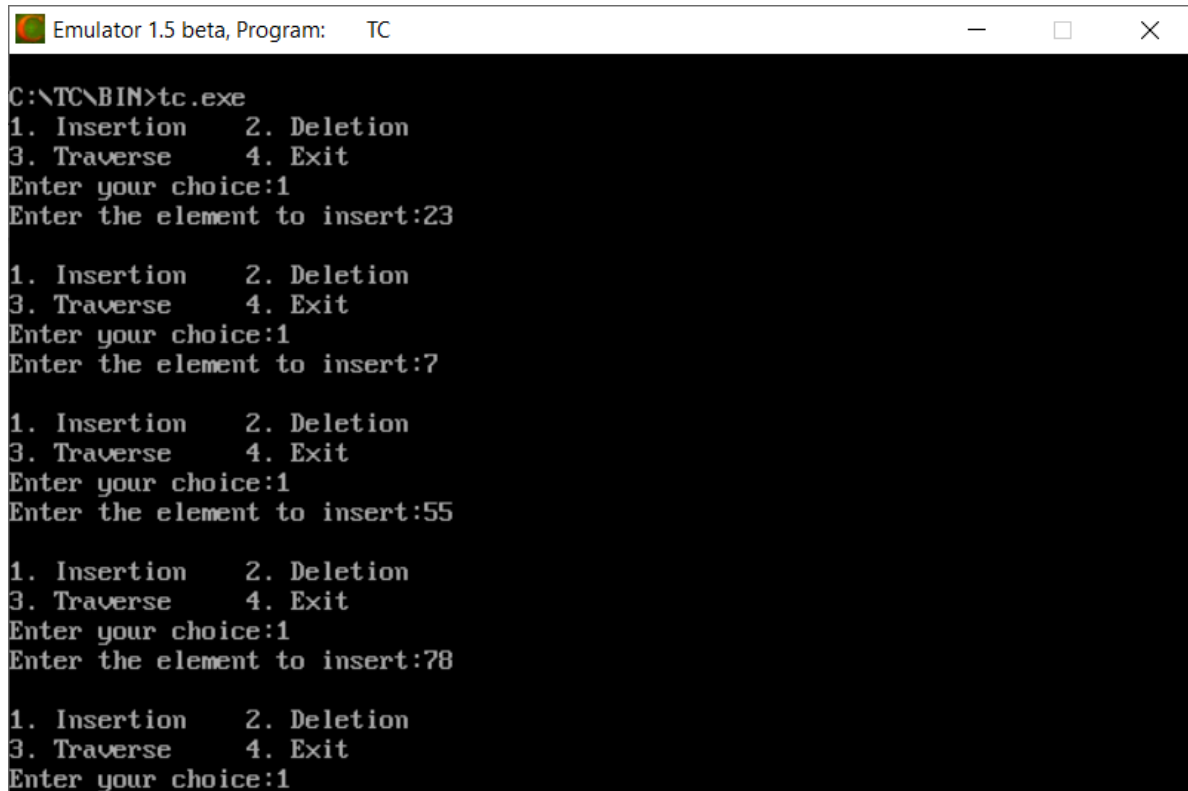
int main(){
    int ch, data;
    while (1){
        printf("1. Insertion\t2. Deletion\n");
        printf("3. Traverse\t4. Exit");
        printf("\nEnter your choice:");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
    }
}

```



```
switch (ch){
case 1:
    printf("Enter the element to insert:");
    scanf("%d", &data);
    insertion(data);
    break;
case 2:
    printf("Enter the element to delete:");
    scanf("%d", &data);
    deletion(data);
    break;
case 3:
    inorderTraversal(root);
    printf("\n");
    break;
case 4:
    exit(0);
default:
    printf("Not available\n");
    break;
}
printf("\n");
}
return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:



```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC

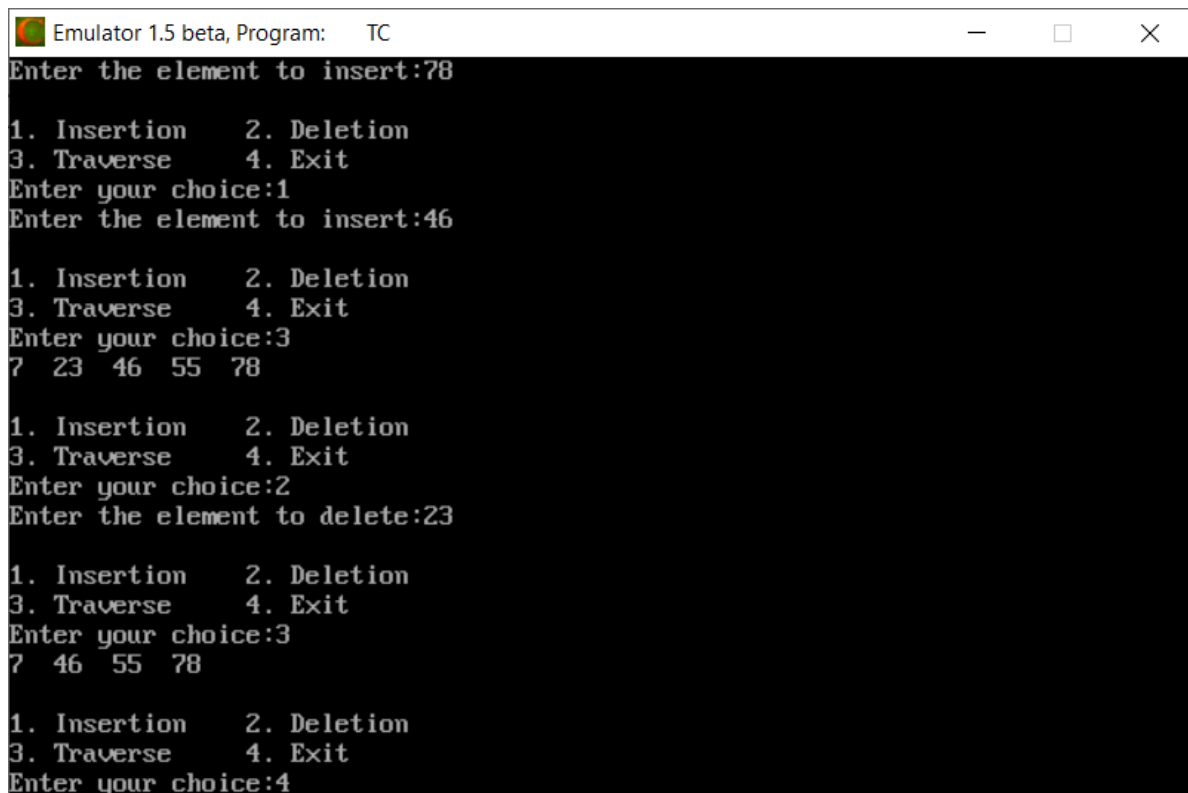
C:\TC\BIN>tc.exe
1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Traverse     4. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter the element to insert:23

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Traverse     4. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter the element to insert:7

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Traverse     4. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter the element to insert:55

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Traverse     4. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter the element to insert:78

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Traverse     4. Exit
Enter your choice:1
```



```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC

Enter the element to insert:78

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Traverse     4. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter the element to insert:46

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Traverse     4. Exit
Enter your choice:3
7 23 46 55 78

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Traverse     4. Exit
Enter your choice:2
Enter the element to delete:23

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Traverse     4. Exit
Enter your choice:3
7 46 55 78

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Traverse     4. Exit
Enter your choice:4
```

Practical :- 6

AIM :- Implement 2-3 Tree.

Code :-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define MAX 3
#define MIN 2
struct btreeNode {
    int val[MAX + 1], count;
    struct btreeNode *link[MAX + 1];
};
struct btreeNode *root;
/* creating new node */
struct btreeNode * createNode(int val, struct btreeNode *child) {
    struct btreeNode *newNode;
    newNode = (struct btreeNode *)malloc(sizeof(struct btreeNode));
    newNode->val[1] = val;
    newNode->count = 1;
    newNode->link[0] = root;
    newNode->link[1] = child;
    return newNode;
}
/* Places the value in appropriate position */
void addValToNode(int val, int pos, struct btreeNode *node,
struct btreeNode *child) {
    int j = node->count;
    while (j > pos) {
        node->val[j + 1] = node->val[j];
        node->link[j + 1] = node->link[j];
        j--;
    }
    node->val[j + 1] = val;
    node->link[j + 1] = child;
    node->count++;
}
/* split the node */
void splitNode (int val, int *pval, int pos, struct btreeNode *node,
struct btreeNode *child, struct btreeNode **newNode) {
    int median, j;
    if (pos > MIN)
        median = MIN + 1;
    else
        median = MIN;
```

```

    *newNode = (struct btreeNode *)malloc(sizeof(struct btreeNode));
    j = median + 1;
    while (j <= MAX) {
        (*newNode)->val[j - median] = node->val[j];
        (*newNode)->link[j - median] = node->link[j];
        j++;
    }
    node->count = median;
    (*newNode)->count = MAX - median;
    if (pos <= MIN) {
        addValToNode(val, pos, node, child);
    } else {
        addValToNode(val, pos - median, *newNode, child);
    }
    *pval = node->val[node->count];
    (*newNode)->link[0] = node->link[node->count];
    node->count--;
}
/* sets the value val in the node */
int setValueInNode(int val, int *pval,
struct btreeNode *node, struct btreeNode **child) {
    int pos;
    if (!node) {
        *pval = val;
        *child = NULL;
        return 1;
    }
    if (val < node->val[1]) {
        pos = 0;
    } else {
        for (pos = node->count;
            (val < node->val[pos] && pos > 1); pos--);
        if (val == node->val[pos]) {
            printf("Duplicates not allowed\n");
            return 0;
        }
    }
    if (setValueInNode(val, pval, node->link[pos], child)) {
        if (node->count < MAX) {
            addValToNode(*pval, pos, node, *child);
        } else {
            splitNode(*pval, pval, pos, node, *child, child);
            return 1;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    return 0;
}
/* insert val in B-Tree */
void insertion(int val) {
    int flag, i;
    struct btreeNode *child;
    flag = setValueInNode(val, &i, root, &child);
    if (flag)
        root = createNode(i, child);
}
/* copy successor for the value to be deleted */
void copySuccessor(struct btreeNode *myNode, int pos) {
    struct btreeNode *dummy;
    dummy = myNode->link[pos];
    for (;dummy->link[0] != NULL;)
        dummy = dummy->link[0];
    myNode->val[pos] = dummy->val[1];
}
/* removes the value from the given node and rearrange values */
void removeVal(struct btreeNode *myNode, int pos) {
    int i = pos + 1;
    while (i <= myNode->count) {
        myNode->val[i - 1] = myNode->val[i];
        myNode->link[i - 1] = myNode->link[i];
        i++;
    }
    myNode->count--;
}
/* shifts value from parent to right child */
void doRightShift(struct btreeNode *myNode, int pos) {
    struct btreeNode *x = myNode->link[pos];
    int j = x->count;
    while (j > 0) {
        x->val[j + 1] = x->val[j];
        x->link[j + 1] = x->link[j];
    }
    x->val[1] = myNode->val[pos];
    x->link[1] = x->link[0];
    x->count++;
    x = myNode->link[pos - 1];
    myNode->val[pos] = x->val[x->count];
    myNode->link[pos] = x->link[x->count];
    x->count--;
}

```

```

        return;
    }
    /* shifts value from parent to left child */
    void doLeftShift(struct btreeNode *myNode, int pos) {
        int j = 1;
        struct btreeNode *x = myNode->link[pos - 1];
        x->count++;
        x->val[x->count] = myNode->val[pos];
        x->link[x->count] = myNode->link[pos]->link[0];
        x = myNode->link[pos];
        myNode->val[pos] = x->val[1];
        x->link[0] = x->link[1];
        x->count--;
        while (j <= x->count) {
            x->val[j] = x->val[j + 1];
            x->link[j] = x->link[j + 1];
            j++;
        }
        return;
    }
    /* merge nodes */
    void mergeNodes(struct btreeNode *myNode, int pos) {
        int j = 1;
        struct btreeNode *x1 = myNode->link[pos], *x2 = myNode->link[pos - 1];
        x2->count++;
        x2->val[x2->count] = myNode->val[pos];
        x2->link[x2->count] = myNode->link[0];
        while (j <= x1->count) {
            x2->count++;
            x2->val[x2->count] = x1->val[j];
            x2->link[x2->count] = x1->link[j];
            j++;
        }
        j = pos;
        while (j < myNode->count) {
            myNode->val[j] = myNode->val[j + 1];
            myNode->link[j] = myNode->link[j + 1];
            j++;
        }
        myNode->count--;
        free(x1);
    }
    /* adjusts the given node */
    void adjustNode(struct btreeNode *myNode, int pos) {

```

```

    if (!pos) {
        if (myNode->link[1]->count > MIN) {
            doLeftShift(myNode, 1);
        } else {
            mergeNodes(myNode, 1);
        }
    } else {
        if (myNode->count != pos) {
            if (myNode->link[pos - 1]->count > MIN) {
                doRightShift(myNode, pos);
            } else {
                if (myNode->link[pos + 1]->count > MIN) {
                    doLeftShift(myNode, pos + 1);
                } else {
                    mergeNodes(myNode, pos);
                }
            }
        } else {
            if (myNode->link[pos - 1]->count > MIN)
                doRightShift(myNode, pos);
            else
                mergeNodes(myNode, pos);
        }
    }
}

/* delete val from the node */
int delValFromNode(int val, struct btreeNode *myNode) {
    int pos, flag = 0;
    if (myNode) {
        if (val < myNode->val[1]) {
            pos = 0;
            flag = 0;
        } else {
            for (pos = myNode->count;
                (val < myNode->val[pos] && pos > 1); pos--);
            if (val == myNode->val[pos]) {
                flag = 1;
            } else {
                flag = 0;
            }
        }
    }
    if (flag) {
        if (myNode->link[pos - 1]) {
            copySuccessor(myNode, pos);
        }
    }
}

```

```

        flag = delValFromNode(myNode->val[pos], myNode-
>link[pos]);

        if (flag == 0) {
            printf("Given data is not present in B-Tree\n");
        }
    } else {
        removeVal(myNode, pos);
    }
} else {
    flag = delValFromNode(val, myNode->link[pos]);
}
if (myNode->link[pos]) {
    if (myNode->link[pos]->count < MIN)
        adjustNode(myNode, pos);
}
}
return flag;
}
/* delete val from B-tree */
void deletion(int val, struct btreeNode *myNode) {
    struct btreeNode *tmp;
    if (!delValFromNode(val, myNode)) {
        printf("Given value is not present in B-Tree\n");
        return;
    } else {
        if (myNode->count == 0) {
            tmp = myNode;
            myNode = myNode->link[0];
            free(tmp);
        }
    }
    root = myNode;
    return;
}
/* search val in B-Tree */
void searching(int val, int *pos, struct btreeNode *myNode) {
    if (!myNode) {
        return;
    }
    if (val < myNode->val[1]) {
        *pos = 0;
    } else {
        for (*pos = myNode->count;
            (val < myNode->val[*pos] && *pos > 1); (*pos)--);
    }
}

```



```

        if (val == myNode->val[*pos]) {
            printf("Given data %d is present in B-Tree", val);
            return;
        }
    }
    searching(val, pos, myNode->link[*pos]);
    return;
}
/* B-Tree Traversal */
void traversal(struct btreeNode *myNode){
    int i;
    if (myNode) {
        for (i = 0; i < myNode->count; i++)
        {
            traversal(myNode->link[i]);
            printf("%d ", myNode->val[i + 1]);
        }
        traversal(myNode->link[i]);
    }
}

int main(){
    int val, ch;
    while (1){
        printf("1. Insertion\t2. Deletion\n");
        printf("3. Searching\t4. Traversal\n");
        printf("5. Exit\nEnter your choice:");
        scanf("%d", &ch);
        switch (ch) {
            case 1:
                printf("Enter your input:");
                scanf("%d", &val);
                insertion(val);
                break;
            case 2:
                printf("Enter the element to delete:");
                scanf("%d", &val);
                deletion(val, root);
                break;
            case 3:
                printf("Enter the element to search:");
                scanf("%d", &val);
                searching(val, &ch, root);
                break;

```

```

        case 4:
            traversal(root);
            break;
        case 5:
            exit(0);
        default:
            printf("U have entered wrong option!!\n");
            break;
    }
    printf("\n");
}
}

```

OUTPUT:

1) INSERT DATA

```

C:\NTC\BIN>tc.exe
1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter your input:13

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter your input:14

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter your input:06

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter your input:67

```

2) TRAVERSAL

```

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:4
6 13 14 67

```

```
Emulator 1.5 beta, Program: TC
5. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter your input:06

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:1
Enter your input:67

1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:4
6 13 14 67
1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:3
Enter the element to search:14
Given data 14 is present in B-Tree
1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:2
```

3) SEARCHING DATA

```
1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:3
Enter the element to search:14
Given data 14 is present in B-Tree
```

4) DELETE DATA

```
1. Insertion    2. Deletion
3. Searching    4. Traversal
5. Exit
Enter your choice:2
Enter the element to delete:13
```

Practical :- 7

AIM :- Implement B Tree.

Code :-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
//#include <conio.h>
#define M 3
typedef struct _node {
    int n;
    int keys[M - 1];
    struct _node *p[M];
} node;
node *root = NULL;

typedef enum KeyStatus {
    Duplicate,
    SearchFailure,
    Success,
    InsertIt,
    LessKeys,
} KeyStatus;
void insert(int key);
void display(node *root, int);
void DelNode(int x);
void search(int x);
KeyStatus ins(node *r, int x, int* y, node** u);
int searchPos(int x, int *key_arr, int n);
KeyStatus del(node *r, int x);
void eatline(void);
void inorder(node *ptr);
int totalKeys(node *ptr);
void printTotal(node *ptr);
int getMin(node *ptr);
int getMax(node *ptr);
void getMinMax(node *ptr);
int max(int first, int second, int third);
int maxLevel(node *ptr);
void printMaxLevel(node *ptr);
int main() {
    int key;
    int choice;
    printf("Creation of B tree for M=%d\n", M);
    while (1) {
```

```
printf("1.Insert\n");
printf("2.Delete\n");
printf("3.Search\n");
printf("4.Display\n");
printf("5.Quit\n");
printf("6.Enumerate\n");
printf("7.Total Keys\n");
printf("8.Min and Max Keys\n");
printf("9.Max Level\n");
printf("Enter your choice : ");
scanf("%d", &choice); eatline();
switch (choice) {
case 1:
    printf("Enter the key : ");
    scanf("%d", &key); eatline();
    insert(key);
    break;
case 2:
    printf("Enter the key : ");
    scanf("%d", &key); eatline();
    DelNode(key);
    break;
case 3:
    printf("Enter the key : ");
    scanf("%d", &key); eatline();
    search(key);
    break;
case 4:
    printf("Btree is :\n");
    display(root, 0);
    break;
case 5:
    exit(1);
case 6:
    printf("Btree in sorted order is:\n");
    inorder(root); putchar('\n');
    break;
case 7:
    printf("The total number of keys in this tree is:\n");
    printTotal(root);
    break;
case 8:
    getMinMax(root);
    break;
```

```

        case 9:
            printf("The maximum level in this tree is:\n");
            printMaxLevel(root);
            break;
        default:
            printf("Wrong choice\n");
            break;
    }
}
return 0;
}

void insert(int key) {
    node *newnode;
    int upKey;
    KeyStatus value;
    value = ins(root, key, &upKey, &newnode);
    if (value == Duplicate)
        printf("Key already available\n");
    if (value == InsertIt) {
        node *uproot = root;
        root = (node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
        root->n = 1;
        root->keys[0] = upKey;
        root->p[0] = uproot;
        root->p[1] = newnode;
    }
}

KeyStatus ins(node *ptr, int key, int *upKey, node **newnode) {
    node *newPtr, *lastPtr;
    int pos, i, n, splitPos;
    int newKey, lastKey;
    KeyStatus value;
    if (ptr == NULL) {
        *newnode = NULL;
        *upKey = key;
        return InsertIt;
    }
    n = ptr->n;
    pos = searchPos(key, ptr->keys, n);
    if (pos < n && key == ptr->keys[pos])
        return Duplicate;
    value = ins(ptr->p[pos], key, &newKey, &newPtr);
    if (value != InsertIt)
        return value;
}

```

```

if (n < M - 1) {
    pos = searchPos(newKey, ptr->keys, n);
    for (i = n; i > pos; i--) {
        ptr->keys[i] = ptr->keys[i - 1];
        ptr->p[i + 1] = ptr->p[i];
    }
    ptr->keys[pos] = newKey;
    ptr->p[pos + 1] = newPtr;
    ++ptr->n;
    return Success;
}/*End of if */
if (pos == M - 1) {
    lastKey = newKey;
    lastPtr = newPtr;
}
else {
    lastKey = ptr->keys[M - 2];
    lastPtr = ptr->p[M - 1];
    for (i = M - 2; i > pos; i--) {
        ptr->keys[i] = ptr->keys[i - 1];
        ptr->p[i + 1] = ptr->p[i];
    }
    ptr->keys[pos] = newKey;
    ptr->p[pos + 1] = newPtr;
}
splitPos = (M - 1) / 2;
(*upKey) = ptr->keys[splitPos];
(*newnode) = (node*)malloc(sizeof(node));
ptr->n = splitPos;
(*newnode)->n = M - 1 - splitPos;
for (i = 0; i < (*newnode)->n; i++) {
    (*newnode)->p[i] = ptr->p[i + splitPos + 1];
    if (i < (*newnode)->n - 1)
        (*newnode)->keys[i] = ptr->keys[i + splitPos + 1];
    else
        (*newnode)->keys[i] = lastKey;
}
(*newnode)->p[(*)newnode)->n] = lastPtr;
return InsertIt;
}/*End of ins()*/
void display(node *ptr, int blanks) {
    if (ptr) {
        int i;
        for (i = 1; i <= blanks; i++)

```

```

        printf(" ");
        for (i = 0; i < ptr->n; i++)
            printf("%d ", ptr->keys[i]);
        printf("\n");
        for (i = 0; i <= ptr->n; i++)
            display(ptr->p[i], blanks + 10);
    }/*End of if*/
}/*End of display()*/
void search(int key) {
    int pos, i, n;
    node *ptr = root;
    printf("Search path:\n");
    while (ptr) {
        n = ptr->n;
        for (i = 0; i < ptr->n; i++)
            printf(" %d", ptr->keys[i]);
        printf("\n");
        pos = searchPos(key, ptr->keys, n);
        if (pos < n && key == ptr->keys[pos]) {
            printf("Key %d found in position %d of last displayed node\n", key, i);
            return;
        }
        ptr = ptr->p[pos];
    }
    printf("Key %d is not available\n", key);
}/*End of search()*/
int searchPos(int key, int *key_arr, int n) {
    int pos = 0;
    while (pos < n && key > key_arr[pos])
        pos++;
    return pos;
}/*End of searchPos()*/
void DelNode(int key) {
    node *uproot;
    KeyStatus value;
    value = del(root, key);
    switch (value) {
        case SearchFailure:
            printf("Key %d is not available\n", key);
            break;
        case LessKeys:
            uproot = root;
            root = root->p[0];
            free(uproot);
    }
}

```



```

        break;
    default:
        return;
    }/*End of switch*/
}/*End of delnode()*/
KeyStatus del(node *ptr, int key) {
    int pos, i, pivot, n, min;
    int *key_arr;
    KeyStatus value;
    node **p, *lptr, *rptr;

    if (ptr == NULL)
        return SearchFailure;
    /*Assigns values of node*/
    n = ptr->n;
    key_arr = ptr->keys;
    p = ptr->p;
    min = (M - 1) / 2; /*Minimum number of keys*/
    pos = searchPos(key, key_arr, n);
    // p is a leaf
    if (p[0] == NULL) {
        if (pos == n || key < key_arr[pos])
            return SearchFailure;
        /*Shift keys and pointers left*/
        for (i = pos + 1; i < n; i++)
        {
            key_arr[i - 1] = key_arr[i];
            p[i] = p[i + 1];
        }
        return --ptr->n >= (ptr == root ? 1 : min) ? Success : LessKeys;
    }/*End of if */
    if (pos < n && key == key_arr[pos]) {
        node *qp = p[pos], *qp1;
        int nkey;
        while (1) {
            nkey = qp->n;
            qp1 = qp->p[nkey];
            if (qp1 == NULL)
                break;
            qp = qp1;
        }/*End of while*/
        key_arr[pos] = qp->keys[nkey - 1];
        qp->keys[nkey - 1] = key;
    }/*End of if */
}

```

```

value = del(p[pos], key);
if (value != LessKeys)
    return value;
if (pos > 0 && p[pos - 1]->n > min) {
    pivot = pos - 1; /*pivot for left and right node*/
    lptr = p[pivot];
    rptr = p[pos];
    rptr->p[rptr->n + 1] = rptr->p[rptr->n];
    for (i = rptr->n; i > 0; i--) {
        rptr->keys[i] = rptr->keys[i - 1];
        rptr->p[i] = rptr->p[i - 1];
    }
    rptr->n++;
    rptr->keys[0] = key_arr[pivot];
    rptr->p[0] = lptr->p[lptr->n];
    key_arr[pivot] = lptr->keys[--lptr->n];
    return Success;
} /*End of if */
//if (posn > min)
if (pos < n && p[pos + 1]->n > min) {
    pivot = pos; /*pivot for left and right node*/
    lptr = p[pivot];
    rptr = p[pivot + 1];
    /*Assigns values for left node*/
    lptr->keys[lptr->n] = key_arr[pivot];
    lptr->p[lptr->n + 1] = rptr->p[0];
    key_arr[pivot] = rptr->keys[0];
    lptr->n++;
    rptr->n--;
    for (i = 0; i < rptr->n; i++) {
        rptr->keys[i] = rptr->keys[i + 1];
        rptr->p[i] = rptr->p[i + 1];
    } /*End of for*/
    rptr->p[rptr->n] = rptr->p[rptr->n + 1];
    return Success;
} /*End of if */

if (pos == n)
    pivot = pos - 1;
else
    pivot = pos;
lptr = p[pivot];
rptr = p[pivot + 1];
/*merge right node with left node*/

```

```

    lptr->keys[lptr->n] = key_arr[pivot];
    lptr->p[lptr->n + 1] = rptr->p[0];
    for (i = 0; i < rptr->n; i++) {
        lptr->keys[lptr->n + 1 + i] = rptr->keys[i];
        lptr->p[lptr->n + 2 + i] = rptr->p[i + 1];
    }
    lptr->n = lptr->n + rptr->n + 1;
    free(rptr); /*Remove right node*/
    for (i = pos + 1; i < n; i++) {
        key_arr[i - 1] = key_arr[i];
        p[i] = p[i + 1];
    }
    return --ptr->n >= (ptr == root ? 1 : min) ? Success : LessKeys;
}/*End of del()*/
void eatline(void) {
    char c;
    while ((c = getchar()) != '\n');
}
void inorder(node *ptr) {
    if (ptr) {
        if (ptr->n >= 1) {
            inorder(ptr->p[0]);
            printf("%d ", ptr->keys[0]);
            inorder(ptr->p[1]);
            if (ptr->n == 2) {
                printf("%d ", ptr->keys[1]);
                inorder(ptr->p[2]);
            }
        }
    }
}
int totalKeys(node *ptr) {
    if (ptr) {
        int count = 1;
        if (ptr->n >= 1) {
            count += totalKeys(ptr->p[0]);
            count += totalKeys(ptr->p[1]);
            if (ptr->n == 2) count += totalKeys(ptr->p[2]) + 1;
        }
        return count;
    }
    return 0;
}
void printTotal(node *ptr) {

```

```

        printf("%d\n", totalKeys(ptr));
    }
    int getMin(node *ptr) {
        if (ptr) {
            int min;
            if (ptr->p[0] != NULL) min = getMin(ptr->p[0]);
            else min = ptr->keys[0];
            return min;
        }
        return 0;
    }
    int getMax(node *ptr) {
        if (ptr) {
            int max;
            if (ptr->n == 1) {
                if (ptr->p[1] != NULL) max = getMax(ptr->p[1]);
                else max = ptr->keys[0];
            }
            if (ptr->n == 2) {
                if (ptr->p[2] != NULL) max = getMax(ptr->p[2]);
                else max = ptr->keys[1];
            }
            return max;
        }
        return 0;
    }
    void getMinMax(node *ptr) {
        printf("%d %d\n", getMin(ptr), getMax(ptr));
    }
    int max(int first, int second, int third) {
        int max = first;
        if (second > max) max = second;
        if (third > max) max = third;
        return max;
    }
    int maxLevel(node *ptr) {
        if (ptr) {
            int l = 0, mr = 0, r = 0, max_depth;
            if (ptr->p[0] != NULL) l = maxLevel(ptr->p[0]);
            if (ptr->p[1] != NULL) mr = maxLevel(ptr->p[1]);
            if (ptr->n == 2) {
                if (ptr->p[2] != NULL) r = maxLevel(ptr->p[2]);
            }
            max_depth = max(l, mr, r) + 1;
        }
    }

```

```

        return max_depth;
    }
    return 0;
}
void printMaxLevel(node *ptr) {
    int max = maxLevel(ptr) - 1;
    if (max == -1) printf("tree is empty\n");
    else printf("%d\n", max);
}

```

OUTPUT :

1) INSERT DATA

```

Creation of B tree for M=3
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6.Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key : 34
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6.Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key : 78
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6.Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key : 3

```

```
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key : 33
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6.Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key : 67
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6.Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key : 99
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6.Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the key : 79
```

2) DISPLAY DATA

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6.Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 4
Btree is :
34 78
      3 33
      67
      79 99
```

3) ENUMERATE DATA

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6 Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 6
Btree in sorted order is:
3 33 34 67 78 79 99
```

4) TOTAL KEYS

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6 Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 7
The total number of keys in this tree is:
7
```

5) MIN AND MAX KEYS

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6 Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 8
3 99
```

6) MAX LEVEL

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6 Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 9
The maximum level in this tree is:
2
```

7) SEARCH KEY

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6.Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 3
Enter the key : 33
Search path:
 67
 33
Key 33 found in position 1 of last dispalyed node
```

8) DELETE KEY

```
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6.Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 2
Enter the key : 3
1.Insert
2.Delete
3.Search
4.Display
5.Quit
6.Enumerate
7.Total Keys
8.Min and Max Keys
9.Max Level
Enter your choice : 4
Btree is :
67 79
    33 34
    78
    99
```


Practical :- 8

AIM :- Implement a program for String Matching using Boyer Moore Algorithm on a text file content.

Code :-

```
# include <limits.h>
# include <string.h>
# include <stdio.h>
# define NO_OF_CHARS 256
int max (int a, int b) { return (a > b)? a: b; }
void badCharHeuristic( char *str, int size, int badchar[NO_OF_CHARS]){
    int i;
        for (i = 0; i < NO_OF_CHARS; i++)
            badchar[i] = -1;
    for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
        badchar[(int) str[i]] = i;
}
void search( char *txt, char *pat){
    int m = strlen(pat);
    int n = strlen(txt);
    int s=0;
    int badchar[NO_OF_CHARS];
    badCharHeuristic(pat, m, badchar);
    while(s <= (n - m)){
        int j = m-1;
        while(j >= 0 && pat[j] == txt[s+j])
            j--;
        if (j < 0){
            printf("\n pattern occurs at shift = %d", s);
            s += (s+m < n)? m-badchar[txt[s+m]] : 1;
        }
        else
            s += max(1, j - badchar[txt[s+j]]);
    }
}
void main(){
    char txt[] = "Hello How Are You!!!";
    char pat[] = "Are";
    clrscr();
    search(txt, pat);
    getch();
}
```

OUTPUT:



Practical :- 9

AIM :- Implement a program for String Matching using Knuth-Morris-Pratt Algorithm on a text file content.

Code :-

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
void computeLPSArray(char *pat, int M, int *lps);
void KMPSearch(char *pat, char *txt) {
    int M = strlen(pat);
    int N = strlen(txt);
    //create lps[] that will hold the longest prefix suffix values for pattern
    int *lps = (int *)malloc(sizeof(int) * (M + 1));
    int i=0; //index for txt[]
    int j= 0; //index for pat[]
    //Preprocess the pattern (calculate lps[] array)
    computeLPSArray(pat, M, lps);
    //at this point i may be incremented while i < N && txt[i] != pat[0] - for performance
    while (i < N){
        if (pat[j] == txt[i]) {
            i++;
            j++;
            if (j == M) {
                printf("Found pattern at index %d \n", i-j);
                j = lps[j];
            }
        }
        else { //if (pat[j] != txt[i]) //mismatch after j matches
            //Pattern shift
            j = lps[j];
            if (j < 0) {
                i++;
                j++;
                //at this point i may be incremented while i < N && txt[i] != pat[0] - for performance
            }
        }
    }
    free(lps); //to avoid memory leak
}

void computeLPSArray(char *pat, int M, int *lps) {
    int i=1;
    int j=0;
    lps[0] = -1;
```

```

while (i < M) {
    if (pat[j] == pat[i]) {
        lps[i] = lps[j];
        i++;
        j++;
    }
    else { // (pat[j] != pat[i])
        lps[i] = j;
        j = lps[j];
        while (j >= 0 && pat[j] != pat[i]) {
            j = lps[j];
        }
        i++;
        j++;
    }
}
lps[i] = j;
}
// Driver program to test above function
int main() {
//    clrscr();
    char *txt = "hello how are you";
    char *pat = "you";
    KMPSearch(pat, txt);
    return 0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
Found pattern at index 14
```

Practical :- 10

AIM :- Implement Huffman-Coding Method. Show the result with suitable example.

Code :-

```
#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
typedef struct node {
    char ch;
    int freq;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
}node;
node * heap[100];
int heapSize=0;
void Insert(node * element) {
    heapSize++;
    heap[heapSize] = element;
    int now = heapSize;
    while(heap[now/2] -> freq > element -> freq) {
        heap[now] = heap[now/2];
        now /= 2;
    }
    heap[now] = element;
}
node * DeleteMin() {
    node * minElement,*lastElement;
    int child,now;
    minElement = heap[1];
    lastElement = heap[heapSize--];
    for(now = 1; now*2 <= heapSize ;now = child) {
        child = now*2;
        if(child != heapSize && heap[child+1]->freq < heap[child] -> freq ) {
            child++;
        }
        if(lastElement -> freq > heap[child] -> freq) {
            heap[now] = heap[child];
        }
        else{
            break;
        }
    }
    heap[now] = lastElement;
    return minElement;
```

```

}
void print(node *temp,char *code) {
    if(temp->left==NULL && temp->right==NULL {
        printf("char %c code %s\n",temp->ch,code);
        return;
    }
    int length = strlen(code);
    char leftcode[10],rightcode[10];
    strcpy(leftcode,code);
    strcpy(rightcode,code);
    leftcode[length] = '0';
    leftcode[length+1] = '\0';
    rightcode[length] = '1';
    rightcode[length+1] = '\0';
    print(temp->left,leftcode);
    print(temp->right,rightcode);
}
int main(){
    heap[0] = (node *)malloc(sizeof(node));
    heap[0]->freq = 0;
    int n ;
    printf("Enter the no of characters: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter the characters and their frequencies: ");
    char ch;
    int freq,i;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++) {
        scanf(" %c",&ch);
        scanf("%d",&freq);
        node * temp = (node *) malloc(sizeof(node));
        temp -> ch = ch;
        temp -> freq = freq;
        temp -> left = temp -> right = NULL;
        Insert(temp);
    }
    if(n==1) {
        printf("char %c code 0\n",ch);
        return 0;
    }
    for(i=0;i<n-1 ;i++) {
        node * left = DeleteMin();
        node * right = DeleteMin();
        node * temp = (node *) malloc(sizeof(node));
        temp -> ch = 0;

```

```
temp -> left = left;
temp -> right = right;
temp -> freq = left->freq + right -> freq;
Insert(temp);
}
node *tree = DeleteMin();
char code[10];
code[0] = '\0';
print(tree,code);
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter the no of characters: 5
Enter the characters and their frequencies: z 1 y 2 x 4 w 3 v 5
char w code 00
char z code 010
char y code 011
char x code 10
char v code 11
```

Practical :- 11

AIM :- Write a program which creates Skip Lists. Implement Insert, Search and Update Operations in Skip-Lists.

Code :-

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<time.h>
typedef struct node np;
    struct node{
        int data;
        np *up;
        np *down;
        np *left;
        np *right;
    };
np *list=NULL;
int height=1,width=1;
int toss_coin();
np *createNode();
void print_sl();
void toss_it(np *x);
int search_sl(int item);
int delete_sl(int item);
void main(){
    srand(time(NULL));
    //option for choice
    int choice=1;
    while(choice!=0){
        printf("\nOption for operation:\n 0)Exit 1)insert 2)search 3)print List
4)delete\nOption: ");
        scanf("%d",&choice);
        while(choice<0 || choice>4){
            printf("Select correct option: ");
            scanf("%d",&choice);
        }
        int data;
        switch(choice){
            case 1:
                printf("\nEnter a nonnegative value: ");
                scanf("%d",&data);
                if(insert_sl(data)==1){

                    printf("\n%d was inserted successfully\n",data);
```



```

        }
        else{
            printf("\n%d was not inserted!!\n",data);
        }
        break;
        case 2:
            printf("\nEnter a value to search: ");
            scanf("%d",&data);
            if(search_sl(data))
                printf("\n%d has been found.\n",data);
            else
                printf("\n%d is not available.\n",data);
            break;
        case 3:
            print_sl();
            break;
        case 4:
            printf("\nEnter a value to delete: ");
            scanf("%d",&data);
            if(delete_sl(data))
                printf("\n%d has been deleted.\n",data);
            else
                printf("\n%d is not available.\n",data);
            break;
    }
}

}

int delete_sl(int item){
    np *curr=list,*temp;
    int down_count=0;
    while(curr!=NULL){
        temp=curr;
        if(curr->right && curr->right->data<item){
            curr=curr->right;
            printf("Right-");
        }
        else if(curr->right && curr->right->data==item){
            np *node=curr->right;
            while(node) { //go down one by one
                if(node->left->data== -1 && node->right==NULL) {
                    down_count++; //count the level from uppermost level
                }
                if(node->right){
                    node->right->left=node->left;

```

```

        node->left->right=node->right;
    }
    else{
        node->left->right=NULL;
    }
    np *nd=node->down;
    free(node);
    node=nd;
}
//update the width and height
width--;
height=height-down_count;
return 1;
}
else {
    curr=curr->down;
    printf("Down-");
}
}
return 0;
printf("\n");
}
int search_sl(int item){
    np *curr=list,*temp;
    while(curr!=NULL){
        temp=curr;
        if(curr->right && curr->right->data<item){
            curr=curr->right;
            printf("Right-");
        }
        else if(curr->right && curr->right->data==item)return 1;
        else {
            curr=curr->down;
            printf("Down-");
        }
    }
    return 0;
    printf("\n");
}
int insert_sl(int item){
    if(item<0)return 0;
    if(!list){//for the first item
        list=createNode();
        np *newnode=createNode();
    }

```

```

        list->right=newnode;
        newnode->left=list;
        newnode->data=item;
        //toss to go upper level
        toss_it(list->right);
        width++;
    return 1;
}
//if list is not empty, find the right position
np *curr=list,*temp;
while(curr!=NULL){
    temp=curr;
    if(curr->right && curr->right->data<item){
        curr=curr->right;
        printf("Right-");
    }
    else if(curr->right && curr->right->data==item)return 0;
    else {
        curr=curr->down;
        printf("Down-");
    }
}
printf("\n");
np *newnode=createNode();
newnode->data=item;
if(temp->right==NULL){//when added at the right most
    temp->right=newnode;
    newnode->left=temp;
}
else{//when added between two nodes
    newnode->left=temp;
    newnode->right=temp->right;
    temp->right->left=newnode;
    temp->right=newnode;
}
toss_it(newnode);
width++;
return 1;
}
void toss_it(np *x){
    int h=1;
    while(toss_coin()){
        printf("\nToss Win");
        h++;
    }
}

```

```

        if(h>height){//create a new level
            height=h;
            np *ln=createNode();
            ln->down=list;
            list->up=ln;
            list=ln;
            //add the node to the new level
            np *newnode=createNode();
            ln->right=newnode;
            newnode->data=x->data;
            newnode->down=x;
            newnode->left=ln;
            x->up=newnode;
            x=newnode;
        }
        else{//add the node to an existing level
            np *temp=x->left;
            while(temp->up==NULL){
                temp=temp->left;
            }
            temp=temp->up;
            np *newnode=createNode();
            newnode->data=x->data;
            newnode->left=temp;
            newnode->down=x;
            temp->right=newnode;
            x->up=newnode;
            x=newnode;
        }
    }
}

np *createNode(){
np *newnode=(np *)malloc(sizeof(np));
newnode->data=-1;
newnode->left=NULL;
newnode->down=NULL;
newnode->up=NULL;
newnode->right=NULL;
return newnode;
}

void print_sl(){
    if(!list)return;
    int v[height][width],i,j;
    for(i=0;i<height;i++){

```

```

        for(j=0;j<width;j++){
            v[i][j]=-1;
        }
    }
    np *base=list;
    for(base=list;base->down;base=base->down);
    j=0;
    for(;base;base=base->right) {
        i=height-1;
        np *goup=base;
        for(;goup;goup=goup->up){
            v[i][j]=goup->data;
            i--;
        }
        j++;
    }
    printf("\n");
    for(i=0;i<height;i++){
        for(j=1;j<width;j++){
            if(v[i][j]==-1){
                printf(" - ");
            }
            else{
                printf("%3d",v[i][j]);
            }
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    printf("\n");
}

int toss_coin(){
    float t=(float)(rand()%100)/100;
    return t>0.5?1:0;
}

```

OUTPUT:

1) INSERT DATA

```
Option for operation:
 0)Exit 1)insert 2)search 3)print List 4)delete
Option: 1

Enter a nonnegative value: 34

34 was inserted successfully

Option for operation:
 0)Exit 1)insert 2)search 3)print List 4)delete
Option: 1

Enter a nonnegative value: 56
Right-Down-

56 was inserted successfully

Option for operation:
 0)Exit 1)insert 2)search 3)print List 4)delete
Option: 1

Enter a nonnegative value: 89
Right-Right-Down-

Toss Win
89 was inserted successfully
```

2) DISPLAY DATA

```
Option for operation:
 0)Exit 1)insert 2)search 3)print List 4)delete
Option: 1

Enter a nonnegative value: 47
Down-Right-Down-

47 was inserted successfully

Option for operation:
 0)Exit 1)insert 2)search 3)print List 4)delete
Option: 3

- - - 89
34 47 56 89
```

3) SEARCH DATA

```
Option for operation:
 0)Exit 1)insert 2)search 3)print List 4)delete
Option: 2

Enter a value to search: 47
Down-Right-
47 has been found.
```

4) DELETE DATA

```
Option for operation:
 0)Exit 1)insert 2)search 3)print List 4)delete
Option: 4

Enter a value to delete: 56
Down-Right-Right-
56 has been deleted.

Option for operation:
 0)Exit 1)insert 2)search 3)print List 4)delete
Option: 3

- - 89
34 47 89
```