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Take Home Assignment - Spoonshot

Before we start with the analysis, some cleaning and rearranging of the excel file provided must be done.

We clean the excel file by first combining all three sheets into one and removing irrelevant columns such as dish description and restaurant links.

We also remove the dollar sign from the "Dish Price" column in the sheet, so that all values processed can be seen as numbers when the analysis is done in python. Further, it is noted that there are some empty fields in the file which result in a #NAME? Or #VALUE! Error. These are removed later on during the EDA process.

We start the analysis by reading the file, saved as a CSV.

We read the column names in the now edited file. Following were the result:

RestaurantName_Type
Restaurant_Type
Restaurant_Menu
Dish_Price
Dish_Price_NoDollar
Dish_Type
Cuisine
Dish_Course
Advertised_ingredients
Adv Dishes

Then, I wanted to check which type of restaurant is most there in the city of New York. The reason for this is simple - Supply and Demand. One thing must exist in large quantities if the demand for the same from the public is quite large. What we get from this is that PUBS are the most popular type of restaurant. Therefore, if the restaurant 'Rays Gourmet Market' wishes to increase its popularity, it must have a bar, at the very least, inside the restaurant, so as to serve the crowd that visits pubs as well and redirect them there, which will implore them to not only try the experience there but also focus on the food as well, thereby increasing the ROI, the popularity and increase profit as well.

```
In [4]: #most common restaurant type
        df.Restaurant_Type.mode()
Out[4]: 0
             Pub
        dtype: object
In [5]: #finding how many restaurant types are there
        df['Restaurant_Type'].value_counts()
Out[5]: Pub
                                   61
        Pizzeria
                                   36
        CafÃ@
                                   27
        Barbecue restaurant
        Brasserie and bistro
                                    4
        Steakhouse Restaurants
                                    1
        Name: Restaurant Type, dtype: int64
```

Now, we cross match all the restaurants that have the same names as the Pubs names produced and remove the columns of restaurant names, types and the restaurant name menu column as well.

We get this output for further analysis.

	Dish_Price_NoDollar	Dish_Type	Cuisine	Dish_Course	Advertised_ingredients	Adv_Dishes
0	9.95	Dumpling	Sichuan	Starters	potato salad	Katz's Classic Luncheon Cold Cut Platter
1	7.95	Dumpling	Chinese	Starters	corned beef	Katz's Classic Luncheon Cold Sandwiches
2	8.95	Milk Based Drinks	Sichuan	Drinks	water	Bottled Water
3	8.95	Milk Based Drinks	Chinese	Drinks	sour pickles	Full Sour Pickles - 1 Qt
4	9.95	Dumpling	Chinese	Starters	potato salad	Small Potato Salad

Now, we remove the errors - #NAME? And #VALUE! Form the dish price column.

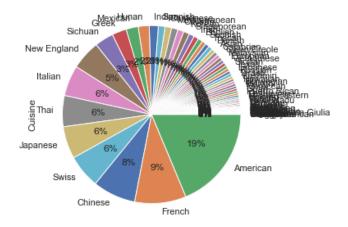
Due to the removal of dollar sign, certain values have errors in excel sheet. We must remove these errors before proceeding forward.

```
In [14]: df["Dish_Price_NoDollar"].replace({"#NAME?": "0"}, inplace=True)
print(df)
```

```
In [15]: df["Dish_Price_NoDollar"].replace({"#VALUE!": "0"}, inplace=True)
print(df)
```

Now, I wanted to see the values presented in the Cuisine column and understand which one is most famous and available in the city.

```
In [19]: df.Cuisine.value_counts().sort_values().plot(kind = 'pie', autopct = '%1.0f%%')
Out[19]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Cuisine'>
```

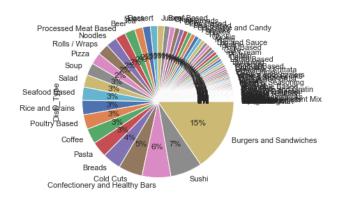


From this, we see that American cuisine is most available. However, for this particular restaurant to optimise itself, it must also focus on French and Chinese Cuisines as well to attract that crowd too.

Similarly, we see the dish type available. Most widely sold are burgers and sandwiches, therefore Rays Gourmet Market must have this, apart from this, it must also sell Sushi, Breads, Coffee, along with poultry based products too. Others are optional.

```
In [46]: count_dish = count_of_dish_Course['Dish_Type'].value_counts()
            count dish
 Out[46]: Burgers and Sandwiches
                                                 9389
           Pasta
                                                 2095
           Cold Cuts
                                                 2077
           Poultry Based
                                                 1901
            Rice and Grains
                                                 1789
            Seafood Based
                                                 1692
            Rolls / Wraps
                                                 1554
           Noodles
                                                 1316
           Processed Meat Based
                                                 1313
           Pizza
                                                 1238
           Sushi
                                                 1238
            Beef Based
                                                  786
            Flat Breads
                                                  640
            Fish Based
                                                  571
            Egg Based
                                                  571
            Bowl
                                                  500
           Pork Based
                                                  428
           Pancake
                                                  358
            Breads
                                                  348
            Lamb Based
                                                  312
            Salad
                                                  292
            Cereal
                                                  272
           Pie
                                                  205
            Curry
                                                  199
           Omelette / Frittata
                                                  198
           Steaks and Sizzlers
                                                  180
            Soup
                                                  168
           Birvani
                                                  155
In [22]:
       df.Dish_Type.value_counts().sort_values().plot(kind = 'pie', autopct = '%1.0f%%')
```

Out[22]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Dish_Type'>



```
In [25]: df.Dish_Course.value_counts().sort_values().plot(kind = 'barh')

Out[25]: <AxesSubplot:>

Desserts

Drinks
Sides

0 5000 10000 15000 20000 25000 30000
```

Mains course is most sold in the city. Rays Gourmet Restaurant must have mains dishes.

Which dish type is famous under dish course?

```
In [26]:
         a= df.loc[df['Dish_Course'] == 'Mains', 'Dish_Type']
Out[26]: 6
                                             Meal
         7
                                             Meal
         8
                                    Yoghurt Based
                                           Skewer
         14
         18
                                             Meal
         63822
                   Confectionery and Healthy Bars
         63825
                   Confectionery and Healthy Bars
                   Confectionery and Healthy Bars
         63994
                   Confectionery and Healthy Bars
         64031
         64135
                   Confectionery and Healthy Bars
         Name: Dish_Type, Length: 33324, dtype: object
```

Next, we identify what all drinks must be on the menu at the restaurant:

```
In [30]: count_of_drinks_df.Dish_Type.value_counts().sort_values().plot(kind = 'barh')

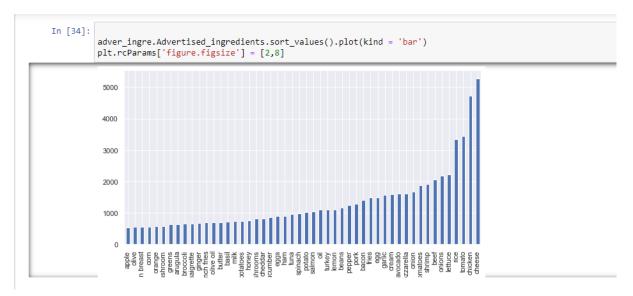
Out[30]: <AxesSubplot:>

Coffee Ber Tea Juices
Confectionery and Healthy Bars Shakes
Fizzy Drinks
Wine Based Drinks
Wine Based Drinks
Voghut Based
Cocktail
Smoothie
Pizza
Milk Based Drinks
Salad
lec Cream
Spice & Seasoning
Cereal
Plain Drinks
Whisky
Chocolate and Candy
Parfait
Gin
Mocktails
Burgers and Sandwiches
Frozen Voghut
Vodka

0 200 400 600 800 1000 1200 1400 1600
```

While coffee, beer, tea, juices, shakes, wine based drinks, cocktails are present in large quantities, due to the pub/rest augmentation, they must also include options such as whiskey, gin, mocktails, vodka which are far less available in other pubs which can easily attract customers.

Lastly, we look at the advertising and costing section.



We find, that the most advertised products are cheese and chicken followed by tomato, rice and lettuce and more. Rays Gourmet Market must advertise these products which are likely to gain customers and retain the current ones as well.

```
In [43]: comp_dish_price_type.plot('Cuisine', 'Dish_Price_NoDollar', kind='bar')
   plt.rcParams["figure.figsize"] = (12,42)
```

Lastly, I wanted to compare how much a person is willing to pay for the cuisines available. The most expensive cuisine just so happens to be Bengali with a maximum price of 31Dollars.

Finding the average price a person will pay for food.

The graph too, indicates the same(notebook)

The average price a person is willing to pay at any restaurant is 12 Dollars. Therefore, Rays Gourmet must have prices around this range to increase any profit in the sales they generate.

Ultimately, from this analysis, these are a few of the things that the restaurant must look into to perform better:

- 1) Add a bar to their restaurant
- 2) The bar must have of course all the popular drinks but should include whiskey, gin, mocktails, vodka as well.
- 3) American cuisine is a must. Focus must also be shed on French and Chinese cuisines.
- 4) Mains as a dish type must be there along with starters. Additionally, deserts and sides must also be there for the full experience.
- 5) While mains dishes must be there, sushi, burgers and sandwiches, breads, pasta must also be available.
- 6) Coffee is the most popular drink which should be on the menu with tea, juices, shakes etc.
- 7) Bengali cuisine is most expensive.
- 8) Average spending a person is willing to do is 12 dollars. Prices must be based around this.