## Kunci jawaban Observasi Astronomi

### Skenario Cerah

- 1.1 Ekuator Langit
- 1.2 Vernal Equinox
- 1.3 Rasi Scorpius
- 1.4 Bintang Paling terang dalam Summer Triangle : Vega
- 1.5 Nama Bintang : Fomalhaut Nama Rasi : Piscis Austrinus
- 2.1 Pilih Bintang
- 2.2 Tunjuk Bintang
- 2.4 Waktu yang teramati : ~2.20 menit 2.5 Medan Pandang Teleskop : ~32'.97

$$FOV = \frac{15' \times Waktu \ yang \ teramati \ (dalam \ menit)}{1 \ menit}$$

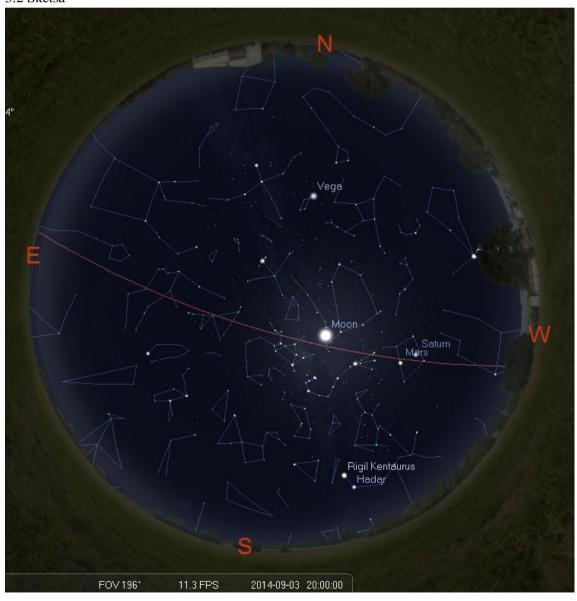
3.1

3.1 RASI DI KAWASAN EKLIPTIKA	19.00 – 20.00 Ophiuchus – Scorpius – Sagittarius – Capricornus - Aquarius 20.00 – 21.00 Ophiuchus – Scorpius – Sagittarius – Capricornus - Aquarius 21.00 – 22.00 Ophiucus - Sagittarius – Capricornus – Aquarius - Pisces 22.00 – 23.00 Sagittarius – Capricornus –
	Aquarius - Pisces 23.00 - 24.00 Sagittarius - Capricornus - Aquarius - Pisces - Aries
RASI DI UTARA EKLIPTIKA	19.00 – 20.00 Cygnus – Lyra – Hercules – Pegasus – Vulpecula – Sagitta – Equuleus – Aquila – Scutum 20.00 – 21.00 Cygnus – Lyra – Hercules – Pegasus – Vulpecula – Sagitta – Equuleus – Aquila – Scutum 21.00 – 22.00 Cygnus – Lyra – Pegasus – Vulpecula – Sagitta – Equuleus – Aquila – Scutum 22.00 – 23.00 Lacerta – Andromeda - Cygnus – Lyra – Hercules – Pegasus – Vulpecula – Sagitta – Equuleus – Aquila – Scutum 23.00 – 24.00 Lacerta – Andromeda – Hercules – Pegasus – Vulpecula – Sagitta – Equuleus – Aquila – Scutum - Triangulum

### RASI DI SELATAN EKLIPTIKA

19.00 – 20.00 Grus – Indus – Microscopium –
Telescopium – Ara – Norma – Lupus – Pavo Corona Australis
20.00 – 21.00 Sculptor - Grus – Indus –
Microscopium – Telescopium – Ara – Norma Pavo - Corona Australis
21.00 – 22.00 Tucana – Phoenix - Sculptor Grus – Indus – Microscopium – Telescopium –
Ara - Corona Australis
22.00 – 23.00 Hydrus - Tucana – Phoenix Sculptor - Grus – Indus – Microscopium –
Telescopium - Corona Australis
23.00 – 24.00 Horologium - Hydrus - Tucana –
Phoenix - Sculptor - Grus – Indus –
Microscopium – Telescopium – Corona Australis

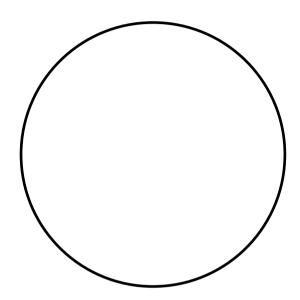
#### 3.2 Sketsa



## Skenario Mendung/Hujan

- 1.1 Kutub Langit Selatan
- 1.2 Vernal Equinox
- 1.3 Ekuator Langit
- 1.4 Meridian
- 1.5 Titik Cardinal

2.2

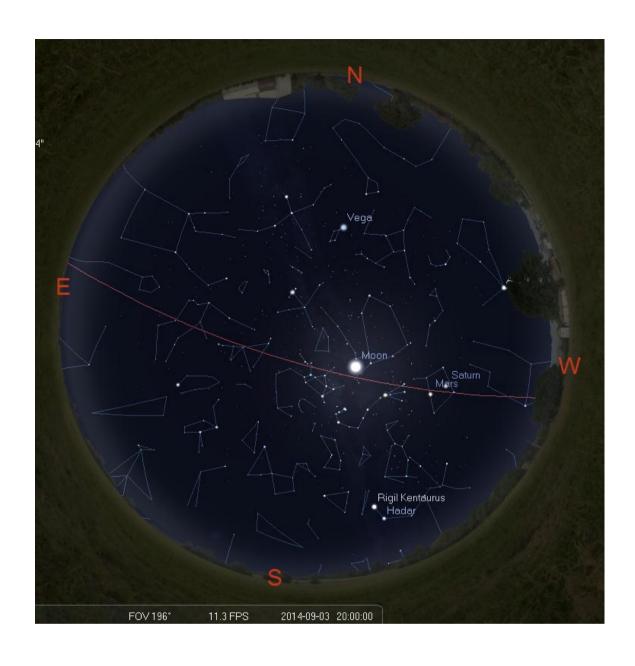


- 2.3 Jumlah Skala: akan di periksa oleh asisten juri
- 2.4 Medan Pandang Teleskop: ~ 32'.97

$$FOV = \tan \frac{skala}{jarak}$$

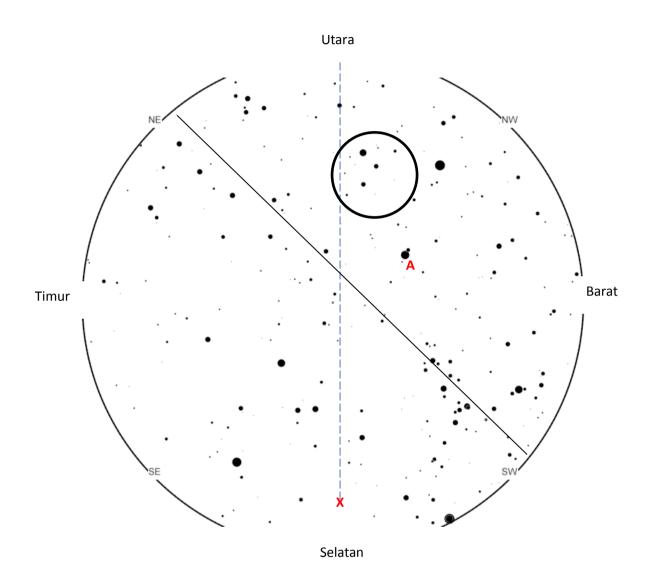
Tipe Teleskop : Refraktor Panjang Fokus Okuler : 14 mm

- 3.1 Rasi yang dilalui Ekliptika dari Barat Ke Timur : Libra Ophiucus Scorpius Sagittarius Capricornus Aquarius Pisces Aries
- 3.2 Sketsa



# Skenario Mendung/Hujan Ditengah-tengah tes

# 1.1 sampai 1.6



2.1 Panjang Fokus = 910 mm

$$2.2 M = \frac{Fob}{Fok} = \frac{910}{10} = 91 Kali$$

$$2.3 \ FOV = \frac{aFOV}{M} = \frac{50}{91} = 0^{\circ}.55 = 32'.97$$