

Customer Segmentation (Online Retail)

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Summary



Business Background

A company X mainly sells unique all-occasion gift-ware. Many customers of the company are wholesalers



Problems Statements

How to deal with customers on a group basis to maximize each customer's value to the business?



Objective

Create a consumer segmentation



Proposed Solutions

Company x can use the RFM model to segment consumers



Result:

RFM Model Using Quartiles:

There are 11 customer segments consisting of champion (1151), loyal (658), potential loyal (653), new customers (343), promising (172), about to sleep (304), needs attention (339), can't lose them (104), at risk (516), hibernating (1020), and lost (662)

RFM Model Using Kmeans:

There are 2 customer segments consisting of champion (22) and loyal (5856)



Business Benefit

- Company X can determine consumer groups based on their activities so as to make treatment based on consumer groups to increase business activities

Data Overview



Data

This Online Retail II data set contains all the transactions occurring for a UK-based and registered, non-store online retail between 01/12/2009 and 09/12/2011. The company mainly sells unique all-occasion gift-ware. Many customers of the company are wholesalers



Attribute Information:

InvoiceNo: Invoice number. Nominal. A 6-digit integral number uniquely assigned to each transaction. If this code starts with the letter 'c', it indicates a cancellation.

StockCode: Product (item) code. Nominal. A 5-digit integral number uniquely assigned to each distinct product.

Description: Product (item) name. Nominal.

Quantity: The quantities of each product (item) per transaction. Numeric.

InvoiceDate: Invoice date and time. Numeric. The day and time when a transaction was generated.

UnitPrice: Unit price. Numeric. Product price per unit in sterling (£).

CustomerID: Customer number. Nominal. A 5-digit integral number uniquely assigned to each customer.

Country: Country name. Nominal. The name of the country where a customer resides.

Data can be downloaded via this link : <https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Online+Retail+II#>

Data Overview



Data

In the downloaded folder, there are two dataset files in the form of .xlsx so they need to be merged into one. Here's a look at the top 5 data

| | Invoice | StockCode | Description | Quantity | InvoiceDate | Price | Customer ID | Country |
|---|---------|-----------|-------------------------------------|----------|---------------------|-------|-------------|----------------|
| 0 | 489434 | 85048 | 15CM CHRISTMAS GLASS BALL 20 LIGHTS | 12 | 2009-12-01 07:45:00 | 6.95 | 13085.0 | United Kingdom |
| 1 | 489434 | 79323P | PINK CHERRY LIGHTS | 12 | 2009-12-01 07:45:00 | 6.75 | 13085.0 | United Kingdom |
| 2 | 489434 | 79323W | WHITE CHERRY LIGHTS | 12 | 2009-12-01 07:45:00 | 6.75 | 13085.0 | United Kingdom |
| 3 | 489434 | 22041 | RECORD FRAME 7" SINGLE SIZE | 48 | 2009-12-01 07:45:00 | 2.10 | 13085.0 | United Kingdom |
| 4 | 489434 | 21232 | STRAWBERRY CERAMIC TRINKET BOX | 24 | 2009-12-01 07:45:00 | 1.25 | 13085.0 | United Kingdom |

We will take data with a customer id column that is not empty because it is in line with the main goal, which is to form consumer segmentation

Additional data in the form of regional data for EDA . Here's a look at the top 5 data.

Link: <https://www.kaggle.com/tomvebrcz/countriesandcontinents>

| | Country | Region | Population |
|---|--------------|--------|------------|
| 0 | Angola | AFRICA | 12127071 |
| 1 | Benin | AFRICA | 7882944 |
| 2 | Botswana | AFRICA | 1639833 |
| 3 | Burkina Faso | AFRICA | 13902972 |
| 4 | Burundi | AFRICA | 8090068 |

```
Int64Index: 1067371 entries, 0 to 541909
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Invoice          1067371 non-null object
1   StockCode       1067371 non-null object
2   Description      1062989 non-null object
3   Quantity        1067371 non-null int64
4   InvoiceDate      1067371 non-null datetime64[ns]
5   Price           1067371 non-null float64
6   Customer ID     824364 non-null float64
7   Country         1067371 non-null object
```

```
RangeIndex: 227 entries, 0 to 226
Data columns (total 3 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Country         227 non-null    object
1   Region          227 non-null    object
2   Population      227 non-null    int64
dtypes: int64(1), object(2)
```

Data Preprocessing

Delete empty data in the customer id column

Create date, region, and total price columns for EDA

Create a dataframe (rfm) consisting of recency, frequency and monetary columns

| Customer ID | recency | frequency | monetary |
|-------------|---------|-----------|----------|
| 12346.0 | 328 | 12 | 77556.48 |
| 12347.0 | 3 | 8 | 5633.32 |
| 12348.0 | 78 | 5 | 2019.40 |
| 12349.0 | 19 | 4 | 4428.69 |
| 12350.0 | 311 | 1 | 334.40 |

* Top 5 data

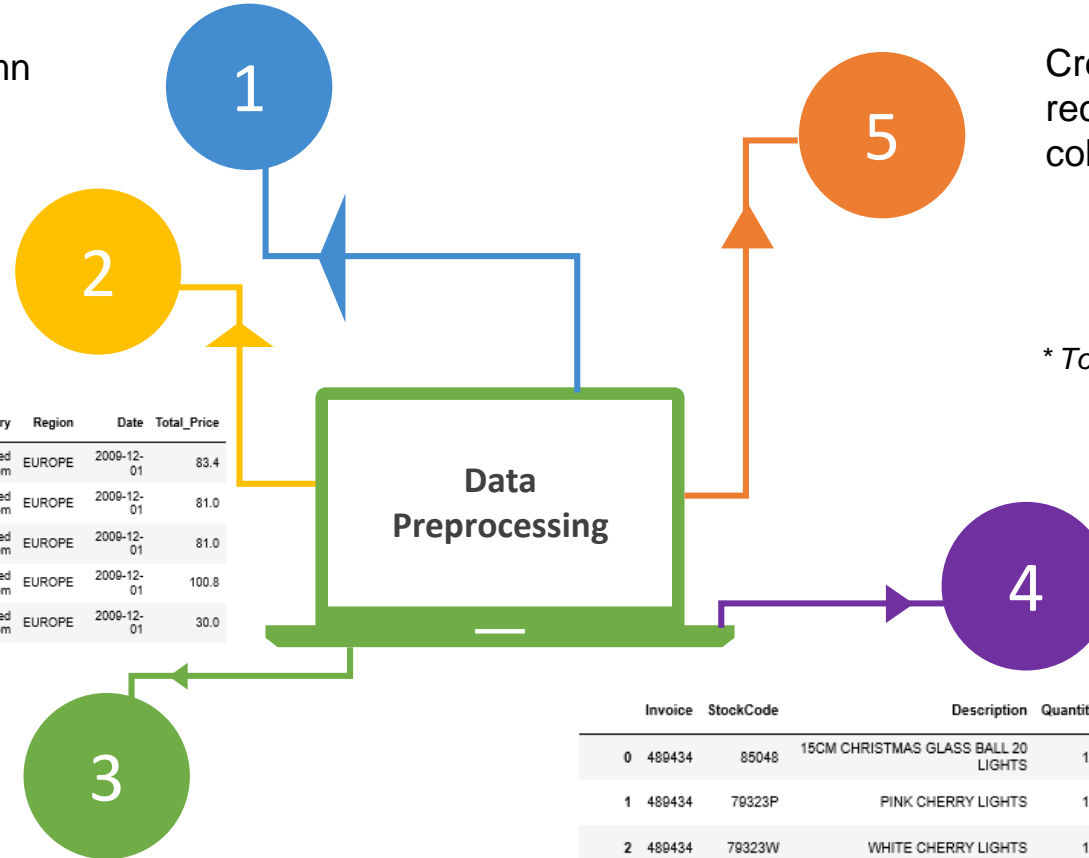
Retrieve data whose total price is more than 0

* Top 5 data

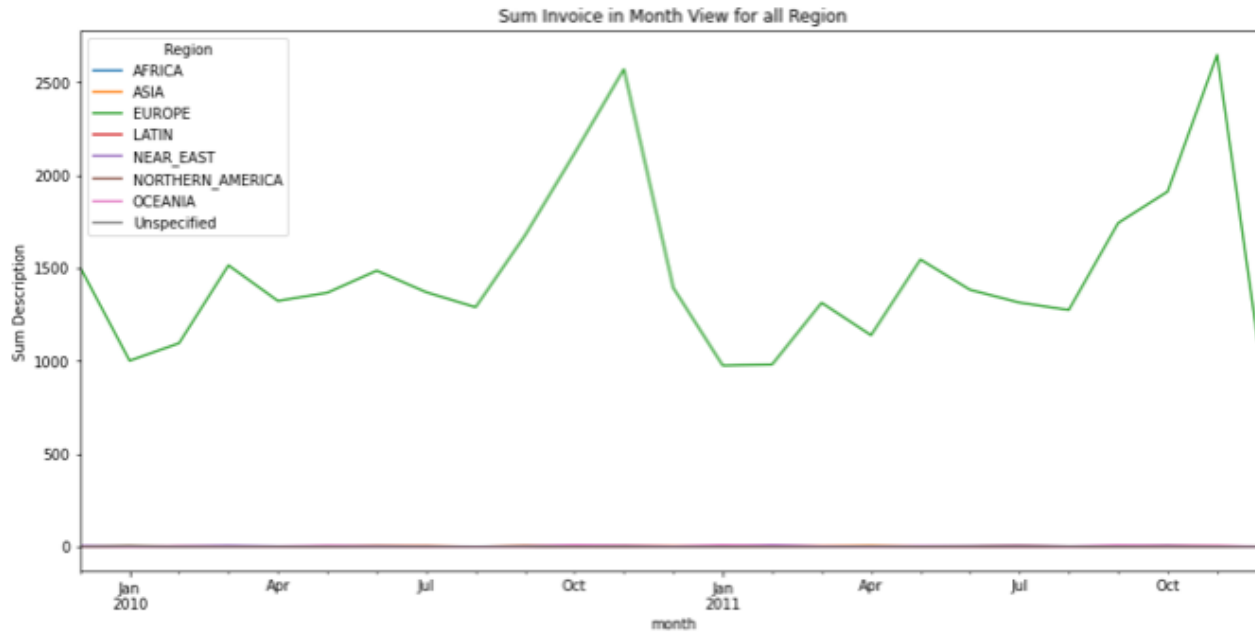
Retrieve data with non-cancelled orders

| | Invoice | StockCode | Description | Quantity | InvoiceDate | Price | Customer ID | Country | Region | Date | Total_Price |
|--------|---------|-----------|-------------------------------------|----------|---------------------|-------|-------------|----------------|--------|------------|-------------|
| 0 | 489434 | 85048 | 15CM CHRISTMAS GLASS BALL 20 LIGHTS | 12 | 2009-12-01 07:45:00 | 6.95 | 13085.0 | United Kingdom | EUROPE | 2009-12-01 | 83.40 |
| 1 | 489434 | 79323P | PINK CHERRY LIGHTS | 12 | 2009-12-01 07:45:00 | 6.75 | 13085.0 | United Kingdom | EUROPE | 2009-12-01 | 81.00 |
| 2 | 489434 | 79323W | WHITE CHERRY LIGHTS | 12 | 2009-12-01 07:45:00 | 6.75 | 13085.0 | United Kingdom | EUROPE | 2009-12-01 | 81.00 |
| 3 | 489434 | 22041 | RECORD FRAME 7" SINGLE SIZE | 48 | 2009-12-01 07:45:00 | 2.10 | 13085.0 | United Kingdom | EUROPE | 2009-12-01 | 100.80 |
| 4 | 489434 | 21232 | STRAWBERRY CERAMIC TRINKET BOX | 24 | 2009-12-01 07:45:00 | 1.25 | 13085.0 | United Kingdom | EUROPE | 2009-12-01 | 30.00 |
| ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... |
| 541905 | 581587 | 22899 | CHILDREN'S APRON DOLLY GIRL | 6 | 2011-12-09 12:50:00 | 2.10 | 12680.0 | France | EUROPE | 2011-12-09 | 12.60 |
| 541906 | 581587 | 23254 | CHILDRENS CUTLERY DOLLY GIRL | 4 | 2011-12-09 12:50:00 | 4.15 | 12680.0 | France | EUROPE | 2011-12-09 | 16.60 |
| 541907 | 581587 | 23255 | CHILDRENS CUTLERY CIRCUS PARADE | 4 | 2011-12-09 12:50:00 | 4.15 | 12680.0 | France | EUROPE | 2011-12-09 | 16.60 |
| 541908 | 581587 | 22138 | BAKING SET 9 PIECE RETROSPOT | 3 | 2011-12-09 12:50:00 | 4.95 | 12680.0 | France | EUROPE | 2011-12-09 | 14.85 |
| 541909 | 581587 | POST | POSTAGE | 1 | 2011-12-09 12:50:00 | 18.00 | 12680.0 | France | EUROPE | 2011-12-09 | 18.00 |

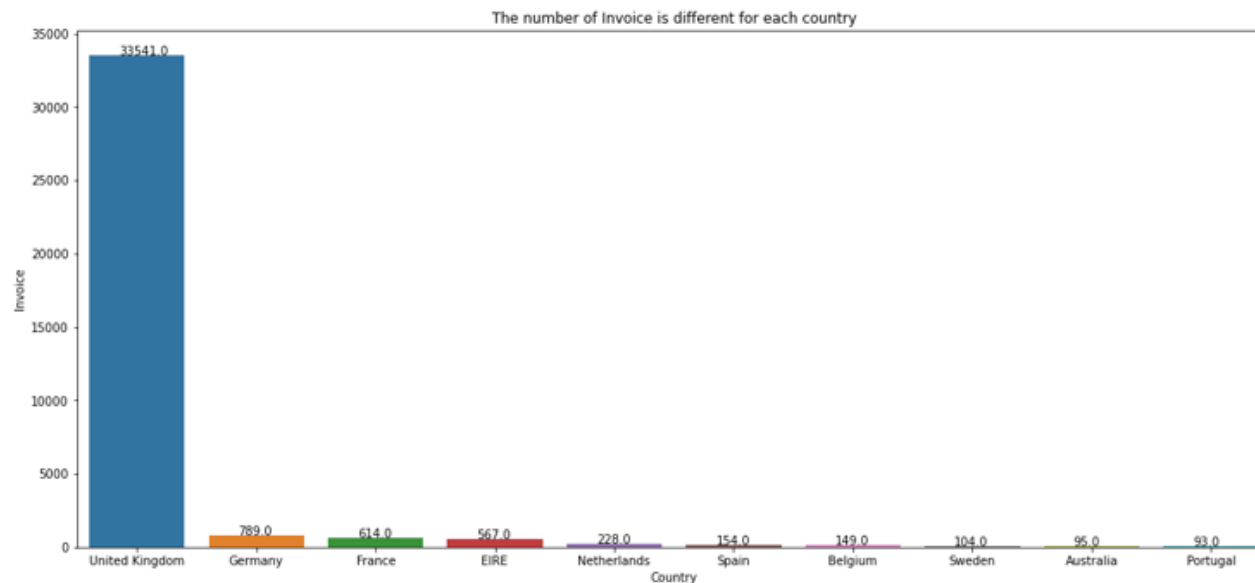
805549 rows x 11 columns



Exploratory Data Analysis



The highest number of invoices at all times is in Europe (UK), this is appropriate because online retailers are based in the UK. The highest number of invoices in November. This is because there are several special events in November, one of which is the Christmas event



Modeling and Evaluation

RFM Model Using Quartiles



score on recency, frequency, and monetary by quartiles



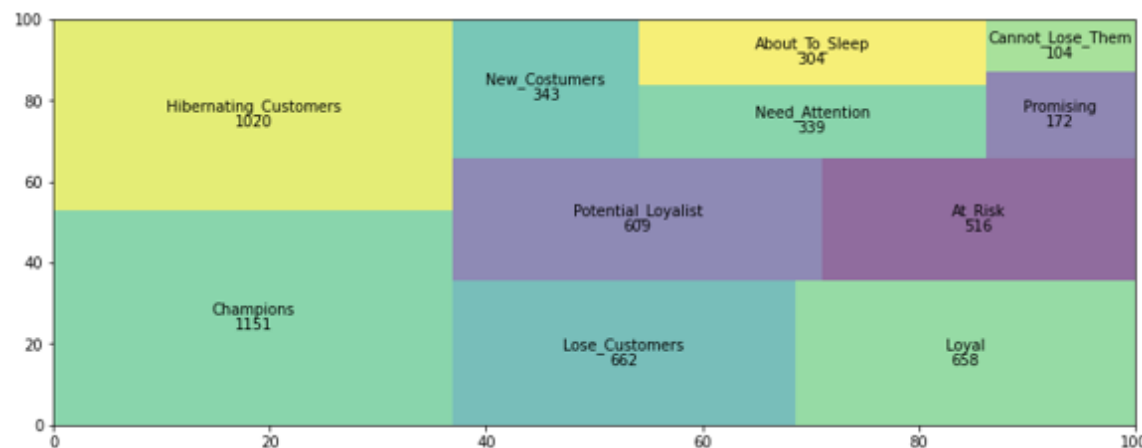
create 11 segments for consumers



visualization

RFM segmentation categorizes your customers into different segments, according to their interactions with your website, which will allow you to subsequently approach these groups in the most effective way. RFM stands for the three dimensions:

1. Recency – How recently did the customer purchase?
2. Frequency – How often do they purchase?
3. Monetary Value – How much do they spend?



*11 segments on consumers refer to the following sources.
<https://docs.exponea.com/docs/rfm-segmentation>

Modeling and Evaluation

RFM Model Using K-Means



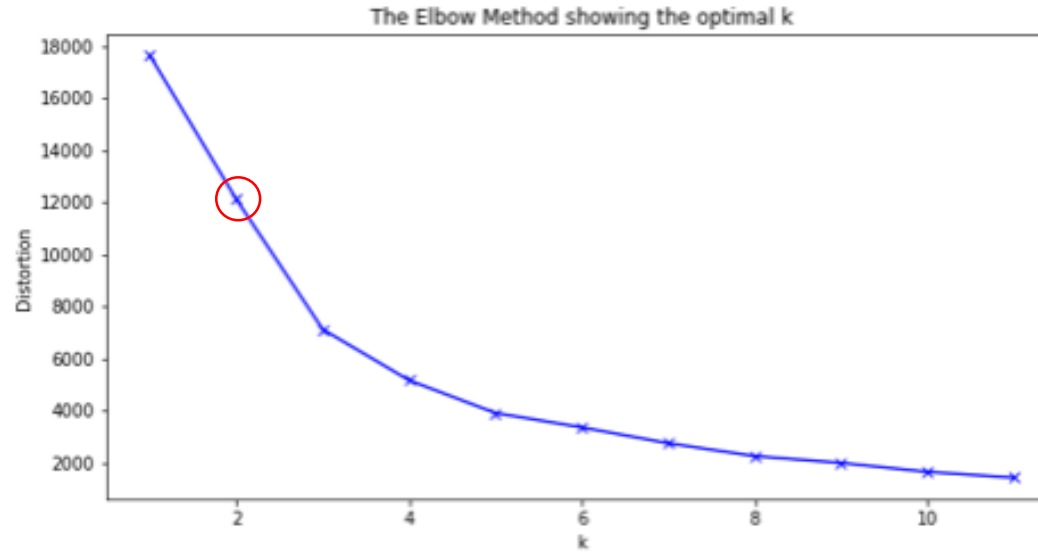
Scaling columns



Determine the optimal value of k

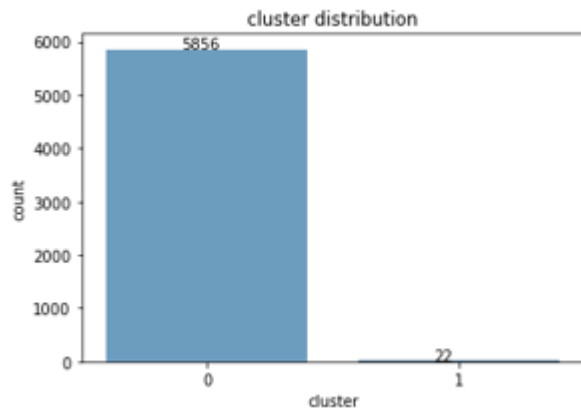


Make k means model



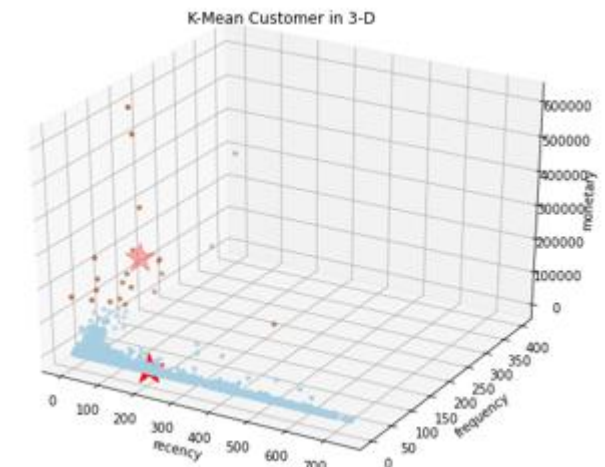
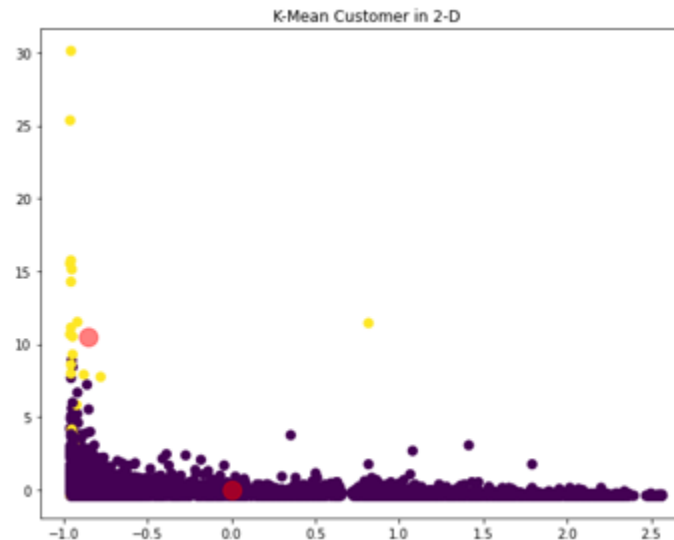
The optimal value of k is:
k=2

Silhouette Coefficient for kmeans: **0.9163506547916832**



| | recency | frequency | monetary |
|---------|------------|------------|---------------|
| cluster | | | |
| 0 | 202.538714 | 5.775815 | 2388.659980 |
| 1 | 23.545455 | 143.045455 | 178557.656818 |

Based on this average, it can be seen that cluster 1 is champions while 0 means not champions



Recommendation

RFM Model Using Quartiles

| Segment | Number of Customers | Actionable Tip |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|
| Champion | 1151 | Reward them. Can be early adopters of new products. Will promote your brand. Most likely to send referrals. |
| Loyal | 658 | Upsell higher value products. Ask for reviews. |
| Potential Loyalist | 653 | Offer membership / loyalty program. Keep them engaged. Offer personalised recommendations. |
| New Customers | 343 | Provide on-boarding support, give them early access, start building relationship. |
| Promising | 172 | Offer coupons. Bring them back to the platform and keep them engaged. Offer personalised recommendations. |
| About to sleep | 304 | Make limited time offers. |
| Needs attention | 339 | Make limited time offers. Offer personalised recommendations. |
| Can't lose them | 104 | Win them back via renewals or newer products, don't lose them to competition. Talk to them if necessary. Spend time on highest possible personalisation. |
| At Risk | 516 | Provide helpful resources on the site. Send personalised emails. |
| Hibernating customers | 1020 | Make subject lines of emails very personalised. Revive their interest by a specific discount on a specific product. |
| Lost | 662 | Revive interest with reach out campaign. Ignore otherwise. |

Recommendation

RFM Model Using K-Means

| Segment | Number of Customers | Actionable Tip |
|--------------|---------------------|---|
| Champion | 22 | Reward them. Can be early adopters of new products. Will promote your brand. Most likely to send referrals. |
| Not Champion | 5856 | Offer membership, offer coupons, or make limited time offers . |



THANK YOU

