Question 1 (15 points): A processor operates with 16-bit addresses. The L1 data cache is two-way set associative with 16-byte blocks. The entire cache is depicted in the table below.

1. (5 points) What is the data capacity of this cache expressed in bytes?

From the table, there are 8 sets in the cache, each set has two blocks and each block contains 16 bytes, therefore the capacity of the cache is $8 \times 2 \times 16 = 256$ bytes.

```
QuickSum:
2
        lw
                 t1, 0(a0)
3
        add
                 t2, t1, a1
                 t4, zero
4
        mν
   nexItem:
5
                 t3, 0(t1)
6
        lw
                 t4, t4, t3
7
        add
        addi
                 t1, t1, 4
8
9
        ble
                 t1, t2, nextItem
10
        SW
                 t4, 256(a0)
                 zero, ra, 0
        jalr
11
```

Figure 1: Assembly code for QuickSum.

- 2. (5 points) Assume that before the execution of the function QuickSum, shown in Figure 1:
 - all valid bits are zero and all LRU bits are zero
 - a0 = 0x0000A850
 - a1 = 0x00000020
 - The word 0x0000B3B0 is at the memory address 0xA850

List the memory address of all the accesses, executed by QuickSum, that go into the data cache. State if each access results in a hit or a miss in the data cache.

```
1010 \ 1000 \ 0101 \ 0000 = 0xA850
                                     miss
                                   miss
1011 0110 1011 0000 = 0xB3B0
1011 \ 0110 \ 1011 \ 0100 = 0xB3B4
                                   hit
1011 0110 1011 1000 = 0xB3B8
                                   hit
1011 0110 1011 1100 = 0xB3BC
                                   hit
1011 0110 1100 0000 = 0xB3C0
                                   miss
1011 \ 0110 \ 1100 \ 0100 = 0xB3C4
                                   hit
1011 0110 1100 1000 = 0xB3C8
                                   hit
1011 0110 1100 1100 = 0xB3CC
                                   hit
1011 \ 0110 \ 1101 \ 0000 = 0xB3D0
                                   miss
1010 \ 1001 \ 0101 \ 0000 = 0xA950
                                  miss
```

3. (5 points) In the table below, indicate the value of the valid, dirty, and Tag fields after the function QuickSum is executed. You can leave the Data fields blank. You can also leave the dirty bit and the Tag field blank if nothing is written in these fields for a given block during the execution of this function. You must indicate the value of the valid bit for every block and the value of the LRU bit for every set in the cache.

| Index | V | D | Tag | Data | LRU | V | D | Tag | Data |
|-------|---|---|--------|------|-----|---|---|--------|------|
| 0 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| 1 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| 2 | 0 | | | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 0xB3_1 | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| 4 | 1 | 0 | 0xB3_1 | | 0 | 0 | | | |
| 5 | 1 | 1 | 0xA9_0 | | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0xB3_1 | |
| 6 | 0 | | | | 1 | 0 | | | |
| 7 | 1 | | | | 1 | 0 | | | |