

**Question 1 (15 points):**

```
1 # license-plate array
2 .data
3 plates:
4     .asciiiz "GFC-906"
5     .asciiiz "FNL-909"
6     .asciiiz "BTP-610"
7     .asciiiz "GTC-883"
8     .asciiiz "KCH-135"
9     .asciiiz "JCW-320"
10    .asciiiz "MPV-591"
11    .asciiiz "MZL-574"
```

Each null-terminated string in the figure above corresponds to an Alberta license plate number. All license plates have the same number of characters. The first string in the list corresponds to `plates[0]`

1. (5 points) Write the shortest sequence of MIPS instructions that places the address of the first character of `plates[3]` into register `$a0`.

```
la    $a0, plates
addi  $a0, $a0, 24
```

2. (5 points) Assume that register `$a1` contains an unsigned integer value `k`. Write the shortest sequence of MIPS instructions that places the address of the first character of `plates[k]` in `$v0`.

```
la    $v0, plates      # $v0 <-- &(plates[0])
sll   $a1, $a1, 3      # $a1 <-- 8*k
add   $v0, $v0, $a1    # $v0 <-- &(plates[k])
```

3. (5 points) Write the shortest sequence of MIPS instructions that loads the third character of `plates[5]` (this is the “W” character) into `$t0`.

```
la    $t1, plates      # $t1 <-- &(plates[0])
lbu   $t0, 42($t1)     # $t0 <-- Mem[plates+42]
```