PC815 Series

High Sensitivity, High Density Mounting Type Photocoupler

Lead forming type (I type) and taping reel type (P type) are also available. (PC815I/PC815P)
 TÜV (VDE0884) approved type is also available as an option.

■ Features

1. High current transfer ratio

(CTR: MIN. 600% at $I_F = 1mA$, $V_{CE} = 2V$)

High isolation voltage between input and output

 $(V_{iso}: 5000V_{rms})$

3. Compact dual-in-line package

PC815 : 1-channel type
PC835 : 3-channel type
PC845 : 2-channel type
PC845 : 4-channel type

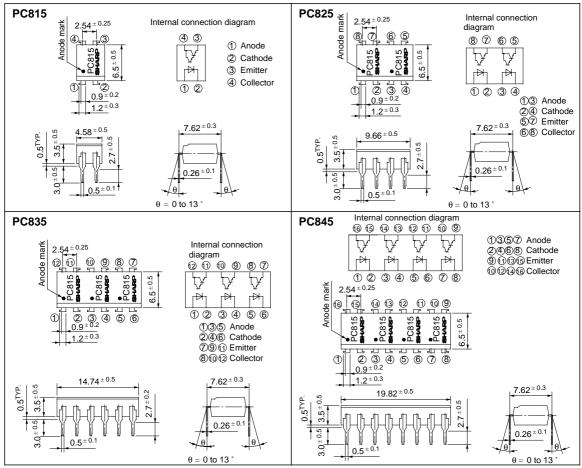
4. Recognized by UL file No. E64380

■ Applications

- 1. System appliances, measuring instruments
- 2. Industrial robots
- 3. Copiers, automatic vending machines
- Signal transmission between circuits of different potentials and impedances

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit: mm)



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Input	Forward current	I_{F}	50	mA	
	*1Peak forward current	I_{FM}	1	A	
	Reverse voltage	V _R	6	V	
	Power dissipation	P	70	mW	
	Collector-emitter voltage	V _{CEO}	35	V	
0	Emitter-collector voltage	V ECO	6	V	
Output	Collector current	I_{C}	80	mA	
	Collector power dissipation	Pc	150	mW	
	Total power dissipation	P tot	200	mW	
	*2 Isolation voltage	V iso	5 000	V _{rms}	
	Operating temperature	T opr	- 30 to + 100	°C	
	Storage temperature	T stg	- 55 to + 125	5 °C	
	*3Soldering temperature	T sol	260	°C	

^{*1} Pulse width \leq =100 μ s, Duty ratio : 0.001

■ Electro-optical Characteristics

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$

Parameter			Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage		V _F	$I_F = 20mA$	-	1.2	1.4	V
	Peak forward voltage		V _{FM}	$I_{FM} = 0.5A$	-	-	3.0	V
	Reverse current		I_R	$V_R = 4V$	-	-	10	μΑ
	Terminal capacitance		Ct	V = 0, $f = 1$ kHz	-	30	250	pF
Output	Collector dark current		I _{CEO}	$V_{CE} = 10V, I_{F} = 0$	-	-	10 - 6	A
Transfer charac- teristics	Current transfer ratio		CTR	$I_F = 1 \text{mA}, V_{CE} = 2V$	600	-	7 500	%
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_F = 20$ mA, $I_C = 5$ mA	-	0.8	1.0	V
	Isolation resistance		R _{ISO}	DC500V, 40 to 60% RH	5 x 10 ¹⁰	10 11	-	Ω
	Floating capacitance		$C_{\rm f}$	V = 0, f = 1MHz	-	0.6	1.0	pF
	Cut-off frequency		fc	$V_{CE} = 2V$, $I_{C} = 2mA$, $R_{L} = 100 \Omega$	1	6	-	kHz
	Response time	Rise time	t _r	$V_{CE} = 2V$, $I_{C} = 10$ mA, $R_{L} = 100 \Omega$	-	60	300	μs
		Fall time	$t_{\rm f}$		-	53	250	μs

Fig. 1 Forward Current vs.
Ambient Temperature

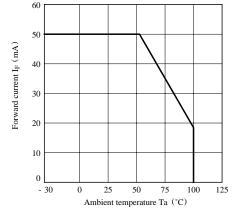
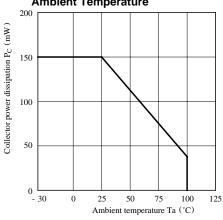


Fig. 2 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature



^{*2 40} to 60% RH, AC for 1 minute

^{*3} For 10 seconds



Fig. 3 Peak Forward Current vs. Duty Ratio

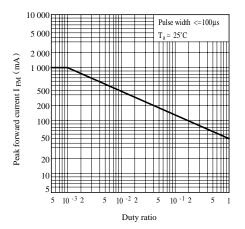


Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs.
Forward Current

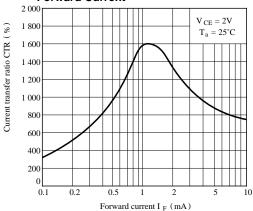


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs.
Ambient Temperature

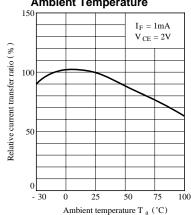


Fig. 4 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

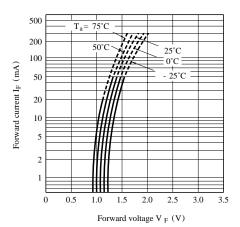


Fig. 6 Collector Current vs.
Collector-emitter Voltage

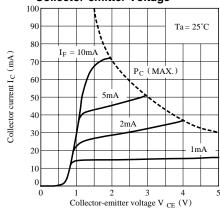


Fig. 8 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

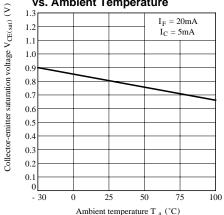


Fig. 9 Collector Dark Current vs.
Ambient Temperature

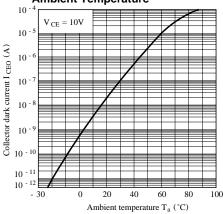


Fig.11 Frequency Response

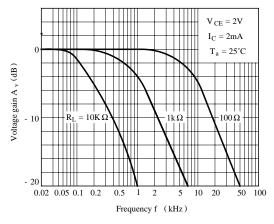


Fig.12 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Forward Current

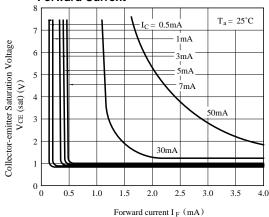
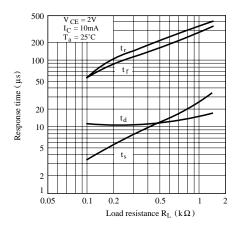
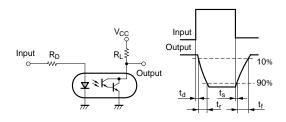


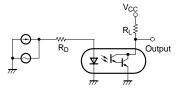
Fig.10 Response Time vs. Load Resistance



Test Circuit for Response Time



Test Circuit for Frepuency Response



 Please refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use"