E3 rate

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This notebook takes response rates by subject, log-transforms them, and runs a Bayesian version of a mixed effects model.

Yes

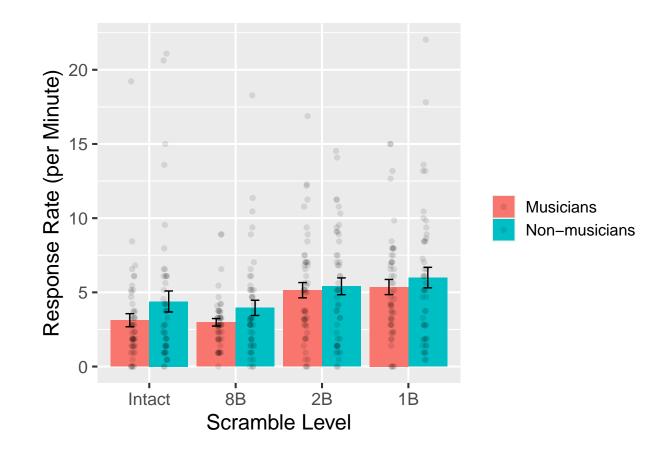
No

-1

Check normality of the true response rate data. (Ignoring stimulus set.)

```
data %>%
  group_by(Musician, scramble) %>%
 shapiro_test(mean_response_rate)
## # A tibble: 8 x 5
##
    Musician scramble variable
                                          statistic
                                                               p
##
     <fct>
             <fct>
                      <chr>
                                              <dbl>
                                                           <dbl>
## 1 Yes
              Intact mean_response_rate
                                              0.724 0.0000000283
## 2 Yes
              8B
                      mean response rate
                                              0.863 0.0000429
## 3 Yes
              2B
                      mean_response_rate
                                              0.941 0.0162
## 4 Yes
             1B
                     mean_response_rate
                                              0.929 0.00575
## 5 No
              Intact mean_response_rate
                                              0.744 0.000000135
## 6 No
              8B
                       mean_response_rate
                                              0.839 0.0000157
## 7 No
              2B
                                              0.948 0.0401
                       mean_response_rate
## 8 No
              1B
                       mean_response_rate
                                              0.894 0.000530
data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = scramble, y = mean_response_rate, fill = Musician)) +
  geom_bar(position = "dodge", stat = "summary", fun = mean) +
  geom_errorbar(position = position_dodge(width = 0.9), width = 0.2, stat = "summary") +
  geom_point(position = position_jitterdodge(jitter.width = 0.1), alpha = 0.1) +
  theme gray(base size = 16) +
  xlab('Scramble Level') +
  ylab('Response Rate (per Minute)') +
  scale_fill_discrete(name="", labels=c('Musicians', 'Non-musicians')) +
  theme(legend.text = element_text(size = 12))
```

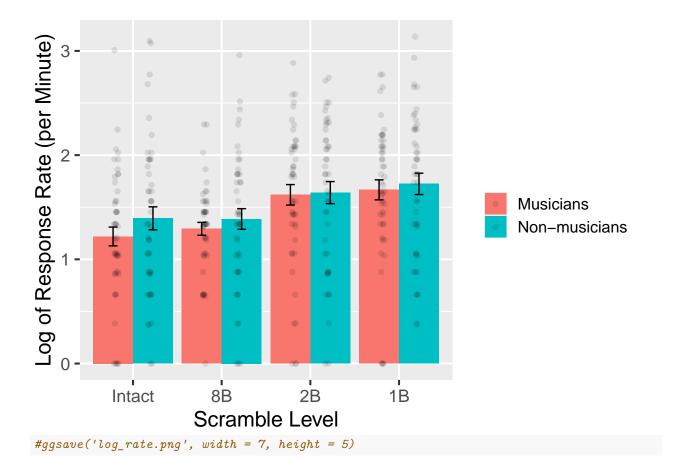
No summary function supplied, defaulting to `mean_se()`



Log-transform the rates and check for normality.

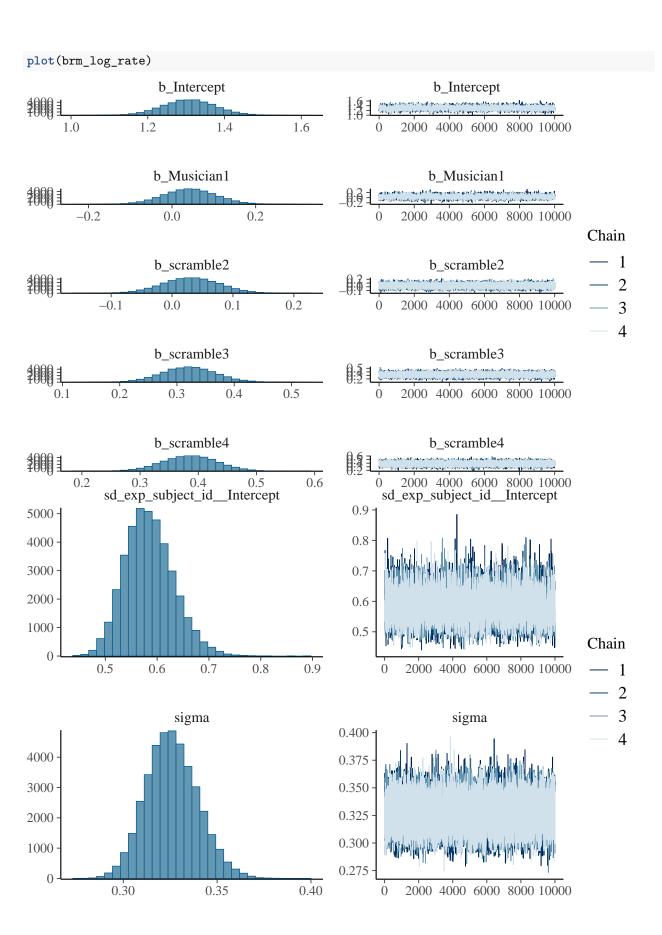
```
data %<>% mutate(log_rate = log(1 + mean_response_rate))
# add 1 so rates that are zero transform to 0 (rather than negative infinity)
data %>%
 group_by(Musician, scramble) %>%
 shapiro_test(log_rate)
## # A tibble: 8 x 5
    Musician scramble variable statistic
##
             <fct> <chr> <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
             Intact log rate
## 1 Yes
                                   0.963 0.130
## 2 Yes
             8B
                      log_rate 0.947 0.0284
## 3 Yes
                                   0.943 0.0193
             2B
                      log rate
## 4 Yes
                                   0.913 0.00153
             1B
                      log_rate
## 5 No
             Intact
                      log_rate
                                   0.976 0.457
## 6 No
             8B
                                   0.982 0.674
                      log_rate
## 7 No
             2B
                      log_rate
                                   0.946 0.0319
## 8 No
                                   0.973 0.358
             1B
                      log_rate
Some of these are worse than others. Visualize:
data %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = scramble, y = log_rate, fill = Musician)) +
  geom_bar(position = "dodge", stat = "summary", fun = mean) +
  geom_errorbar(position = position_dodge(width = 0.9), width = 0.2, stat = "summary") +
  geom_point(position = position_jitterdodge(jitter.width = 0.1), alpha = 0.1) +
  theme gray(base size = 16) +
  xlab('Scramble Level') +
  ylab('Log of Response Rate (per Minute)') +
  scale_fill_discrete(name="", labels=c('Musicians', 'Non-musicians')) +
  theme(legend.text = element text(size = 12))
```

No summary function supplied, defaulting to `mean_se()`



It seems like this lack of normality is driven by the zero rates.

```
get_prior(log_rate ~ Musician + scramble + (1|exp_subject_id), data = data)
##
                                class
                                           coef
                     prior
                                                          group resp dpar nlpar lb
##
                     (flat)
##
                     (flat)
                                    b Musician1
##
                     (flat)
                                    b scramble2
##
                     (flat)
                                    b scramble3
##
                     (flat)
                                    b scramble4
##
    student_t(3, 1.5, 2.5) Intercept
      student_t(3, 0, 2.5)
                                                                                  0
##
##
      student_t(3, 0, 2.5)
                                   sd
                                                exp_subject_id
                                                                                  0
##
      student_t(3, 0, 2.5)
                                   sd Intercept exp_subject_id
                                                                                  0
##
      student_t(3, 0, 2.5)
                                                                                  0
                                sigma
##
   ub
             source
##
            default
       (vectorized)
##
##
       (vectorized)
##
       (vectorized)
##
       (vectorized)
##
            default
            default
##
##
       (vectorized)
##
       (vectorized)
            default
these_priors <- c(</pre>
  set_prior('normal(0, 0.5)', coef = "Musician1"), # don't necessarily expect a difference between grou
  set_prior('normal(0, 0.5)', coef = "scramble2"), # intact vs 8B
  set_prior('normal(0, 0.5)', coef = "scramble3"), # intact vs 2B
  set_prior('normal(0, 0.5)', coef = "scramble4") # intact vs 1B
brm_log_rate <- brm(log_rate ~ Musician + scramble + (1|exp_subject_id), data = data,</pre>
                    prior = these_priors,
                    save_pars = save_pars(all = TRUE),
                    iter = 20000, refresh = 0,
                    file = 'models/E3_log_rate')
```



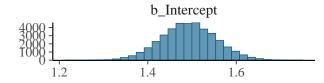
```
## Family: gaussian
## Links: mu = identity; sigma = identity
## Formula: log_rate ~ Musician + scramble + (1 | exp_subject_id)
     Data: data (Number of observations: 380)
##
    Draws: 4 chains, each with iter = 20000; warmup = 10000; thin = 1;
##
           total post-warmup draws = 40000
##
## Multilevel Hyperparameters:
## ~exp_subject_id (Number of levels: 95)
               Estimate Est.Error 1-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat Bulk ESS Tail ESS
                           0.0467 0.5005 0.6861 1.0005
## sd(Intercept) 0.5821
                                                              5899
                                                                      11676
##
## Regression Coefficients:
           Estimate Est.Error 1-95% CI u-95% CI
                                                 Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
## Intercept 1.3075
                       0.0681
                              1.1729 1.4420 1.0014
                                                          4194
                                                                   8832
## Musician1 0.0427
                       0.0624 -0.0799 0.1664 1.0012
                                                          3209
                                                                   6536
## scramble2 0.0312 0.0470 -0.0606 0.1228 1.0000
                                                         28358
                                                                  29264
## scramble3 0.3208
                               0.2289 0.4132 1.0001
                       0.0465
                                                         28158
                                                                  29971
## scramble4 0.3863
                               0.2935 0.4771 1.0000
                       0.0470
                                                         28591
                                                                  28847
## Further Distributional Parameters:
       Estimate Est.Error 1-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
## sigma 0.3254 0.0138 0.3004 0.3545 1.0000
                                                     31495
                                                              30490
## Draws were sampled using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Bulk_ESS
## and Tail_ESS are effective sample size measures, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).
```

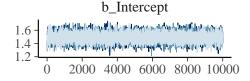
print(summary(brm_log_rate, robust = TRUE), digits = 4)

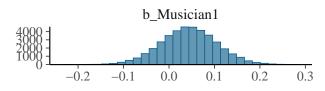
```
emm_log_rate <- emmeans(brm_log_rate, specs = c("scramble", "Musician"))</pre>
summary(emm_log_rate)
   scramble Musician emmean lower.HPD upper.HPD
##
   Intact
             Yes
                        1.26
                                  1.09
                                            1.45
## 8B
             Yes
                        1.30
                                  1.12
                                            1.47
##
   2B
             Yes
                        1.59
                                  1.41
                                            1.76
## 1B
             Yes
                        1.65
                                  1.47
                                            1.82
## Intact
            No
                        1.35
                                  1.17
                                            1.54
## 8B
             No
                        1.38
                                  1.19
                                            1.57
##
   2B
             No
                        1.67
                                  1.49
                                            1.86
## 1B
             No
                        1.74
                                  1.55
                                            1.92
##
## Point estimate displayed: median
## HPD interval probability: 0.95
emm_log_rate_s <- emmeans(brm_log_rate, specs = "scramble")</pre>
summary(emm_log_rate_s)
   scramble emmean lower.HPD upper.HPD
##
  Intact
               1.31
                         1.17
                                   1.44
## 8B
               1.34
                         1.20
                                   1.47
## 2B
               1.63
                         1.49
                                   1.76
## 1B
               1.69
                         1.56
                                   1.83
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: Musician
## Point estimate displayed: median
## HPD interval probability: 0.95
contrast(emm_log_rate_s, method = "pairwise")
##
   contrast
                estimate lower.HPD upper.HPD
## Intact - 8B -0.0312
                           -0.121
                                      0.0624
## Intact - 2B -0.3208
                            -0.412
                                     -0.2284
## Intact - 1B -0.3863
                            -0.476
                                     -0.2927
## 8B - 2B
                 -0.2894
                            -0.382
                                     -0.1968
## 8B - 1B
                 -0.3547
                            -0.449
                                     -0.2641
## 2B - 1B
                 -0.0652
                            -0.158
                                      0.0274
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: Musician
## Point estimate displayed: median
## HPD interval probability: 0.95
```

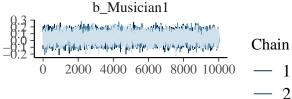
```
Compare the full model to a model without scramble condition.
```

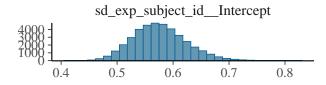
plot(brm_log_rate_null)

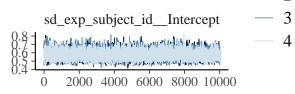


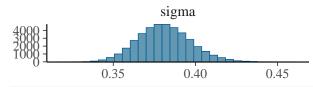


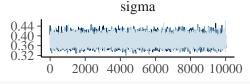












print(summary(brm_log_rate_null, robust = TRUE), digits = 4)

```
Family: gaussian
##
     Links: mu = identity; sigma = identity
## Formula: log_rate ~ Musician + (1 | exp_subject_id)
##
      Data: data (Number of observations: 380)
##
     Draws: 4 chains, each with iter = 20000; warmup = 10000; thin = 1;
            total post-warmup draws = 40000
##
##
## Multilevel Hyperparameters:
   ~exp_subject_id (Number of levels: 95)
##
                 Estimate Est.Error 1-95% CI u-95% CI
                                                         Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
                              0.0468
                                       0.4909
                                                0.6796 1.0004
##
  sd(Intercept)
                   0.5734
                                                                   8462
                                                                           14860
##
##
  Regression Coefficients:
##
             Estimate Est.Error 1-95% CI u-95% CI
                                                     Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
                         0.0617
                                   1.3702
                                                               5632
##
               1.4923
                                            1.6157 1.0002
                                                                       11148
  Intercept
## Musician1
               0.0437
                         0.0608 -0.0784
                                            0.1637 1.0005
                                                               6158
                                                                       11569
##
```

```
## Further Distributional Parameters:
        Estimate Est.Error 1-95% CI u-95% CI Rhat Bulk_ESS Tail_ESS
## sigma 0.3806 0.0160 0.3510 0.4143 1.0002
                                                        38097
##
## Draws were sampled using sampling(NUTS). For each parameter, Bulk_ESS
## and Tail_ESS are effective sample size measures, and Rhat is the potential
## scale reduction factor on split chains (at convergence, Rhat = 1).
BF_log_rate <- bayes_factor(brm_log_rate, brm_log_rate_null)</pre>
## Iteration: 1
## Iteration: 2
## Iteration: 3
## Iteration: 4
## Iteration: 5
## Iteration: 1
## Iteration: 2
## Iteration: 3
## Iteration: 4
## Iteration: 5
print(BF_log_rate)
```

Estimated Bayes factor in favor of brm_log_rate over brm_log_rate_null: 25486133621873056.00000

```
posterior_est <- as.data.frame(emm_log_rate)</pre>
ggplot() +
  geom_col(aes(x = scramble, y = exp(emmean), fill = Musician), data = posterior_est,
           position = "dodge") +
  geom_errorbar(aes(x = scramble, ymin = exp(lower.HPD), ymax = exp(upper.HPD), fill = Musician),
                data = posterior_est, position = position_dodge(width = 0.9), width = 0.2) +
  geom_point(aes(x = scramble, y = mean_response_rate, fill = Musician), data = data,
             position = position_jitterdodge(dodge.width = 0.9, jitter.width = 0.1), alpha = 0.1) +
  theme gray(base size = 16) +
  scale x discrete(limits = rev) +
  xlab('Scramble Level') +
  ylab('Response Rate (per Minute)') +
  scale_fill_discrete(name="", labels=c('Musicians', 'Non-musicians')) +
  theme(legend.text = element_text(size = 12))
## Warning in geom_errorbar(aes(x = scramble, ymin = exp(lower.HPD), ymax =
## exp(upper.HPD), : Ignoring unknown aesthetics: fill
    20 -
Response Rate (per Minute)
    15 -
                                                                        Musicians
    10 -
                                                                        Non-musicians
     5 -
     0 -
                           2B
              1B
                                        8B
                                                   Intact
                        Scramble Level
```

ggsave('../figures/Fig3_rate.png', width = 7, height = 5)