

Learning Map



Learning Theory

Regression

Linear
Model

Deep
Learning

SVM, decision
tree, K-NN ...

Non-Linear Model

Classification

Supervised Learning

Semi-Supervised
Learning

Transfer
Learning

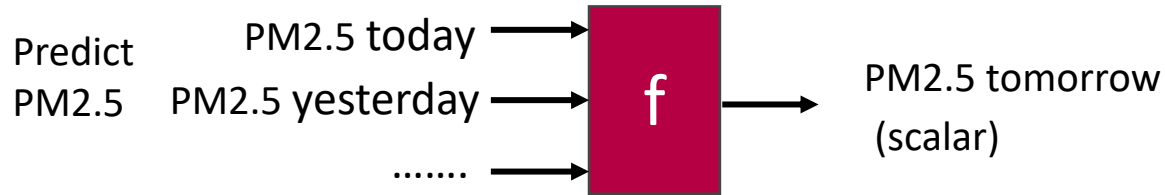
Unsupervised
Learning

Reinforcement
Learning

Structured
Learning

Introduction to the Learning Map

Regression: The output of the target function f is “scalar”.



Regression

Training Data:

Input:

9/01 PM2.5=63 9/02 PM2.5=65

Output:

9/03 PM2.5=100

Input:

9/12 PM2.5=30 9/13 PM2.5=25

Output:

9/14 PM2.5=20



Regression



Classification

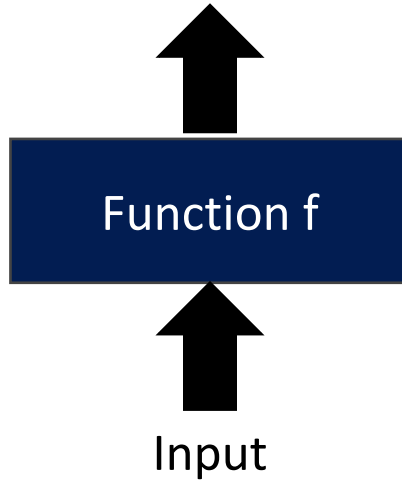
Learning Map: Part I



Classification

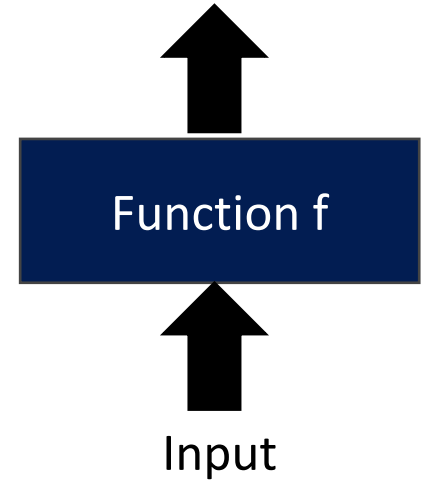
Binary Classification

Yes or No



Multi-Class Classification

Class 1, Class 2, ... Class N



Binary Classification

Spam
filtering



Function



Yes/No

Training Data



Multi-Class Classification

Document Classification



Training Data



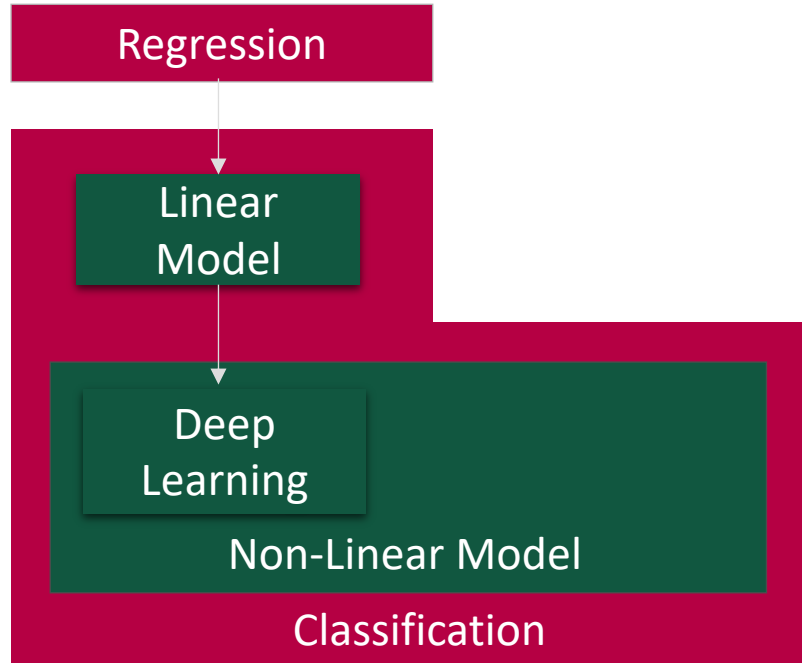
Sports



Economy



Politics

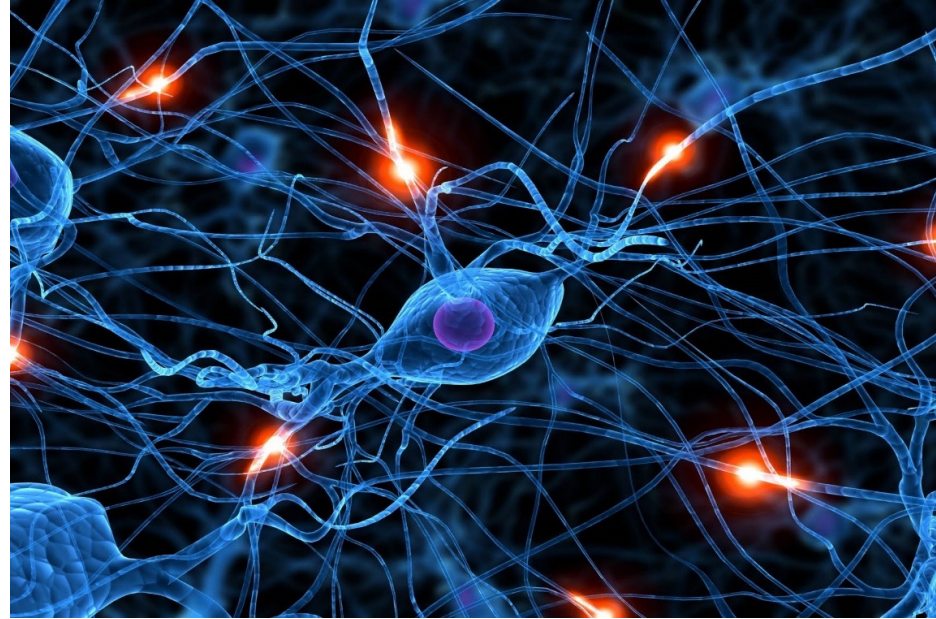


Learning Map: Part II



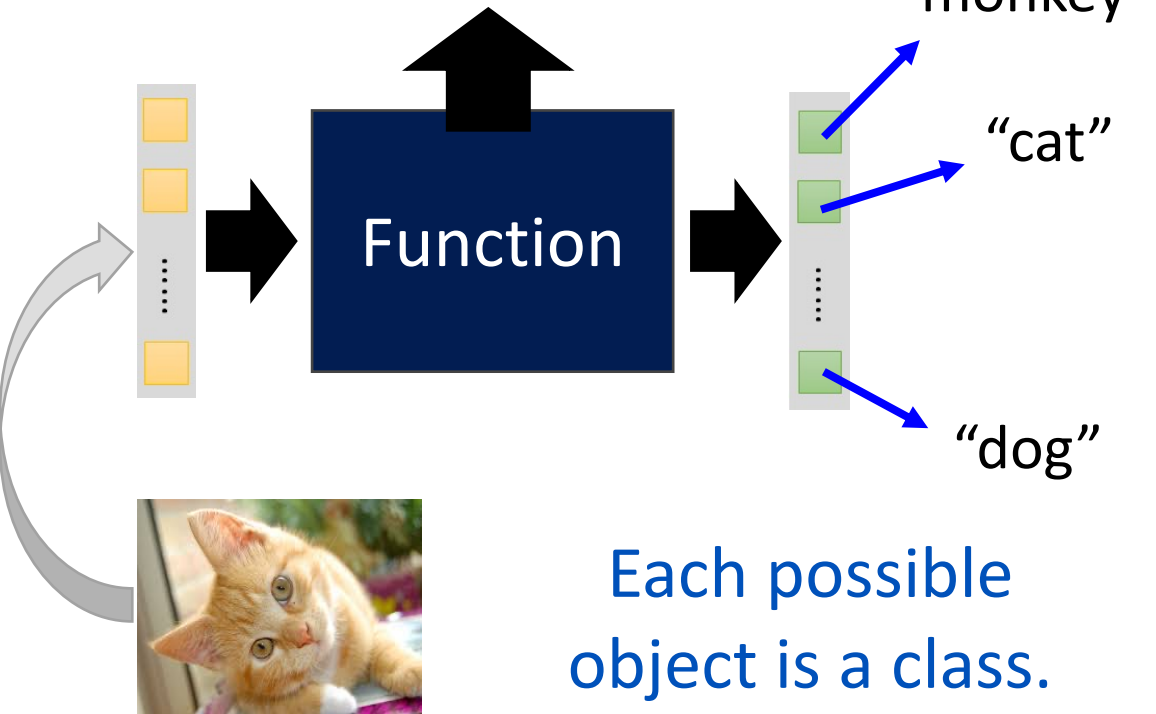
Deep Learning

- Deep learning, SVM, decision tree
 - Using different ways to represent a function
- Using neural network to represent a function



Classification—Deep Learning: Part I

Hierarchical Structure



Training Data



"monkey"



"cat"



"dog"

Classification—Deep Learning: Part II

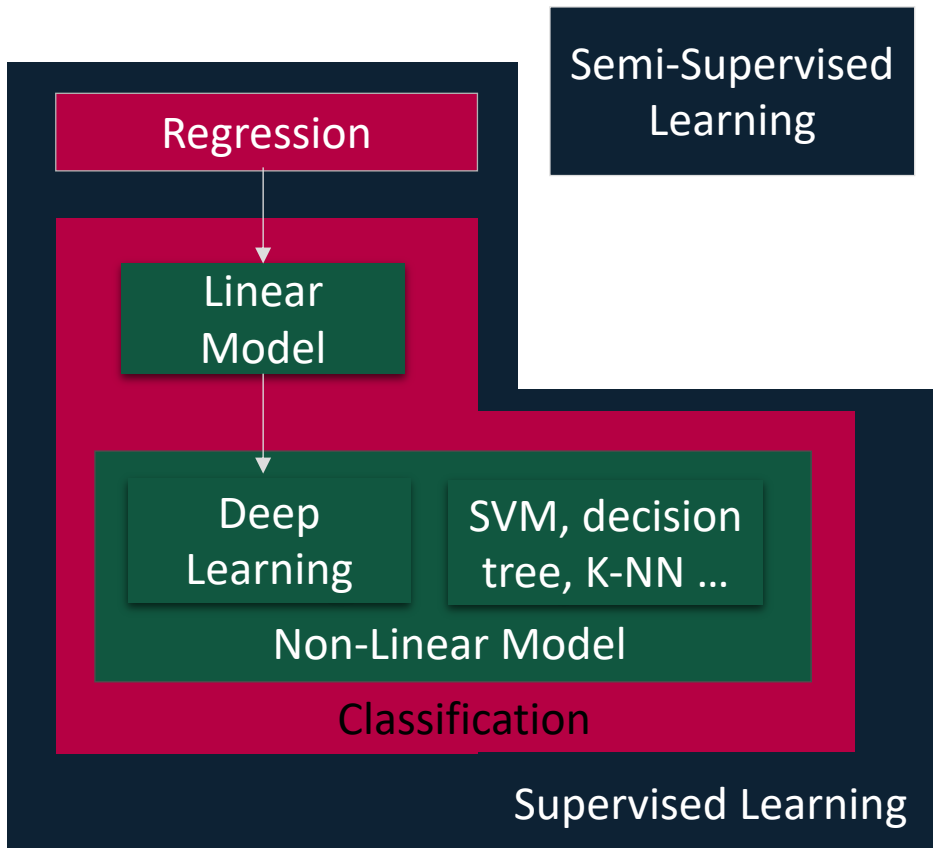
Playing GO

Each position is a class.
(19 x 19 classes)



Next move

Learning Map: Part III



Hard to collect a large amount of labelled data

Free: stock, clicks, house

Expensive: diagnosis, drug trial, chip design

Training data:

Input/output pair of target function

Function output = label



Semi-Supervised Learning

For example, recognizing cats and dogs

- Labelled data

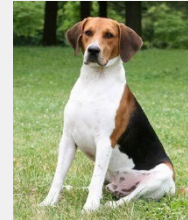


cat

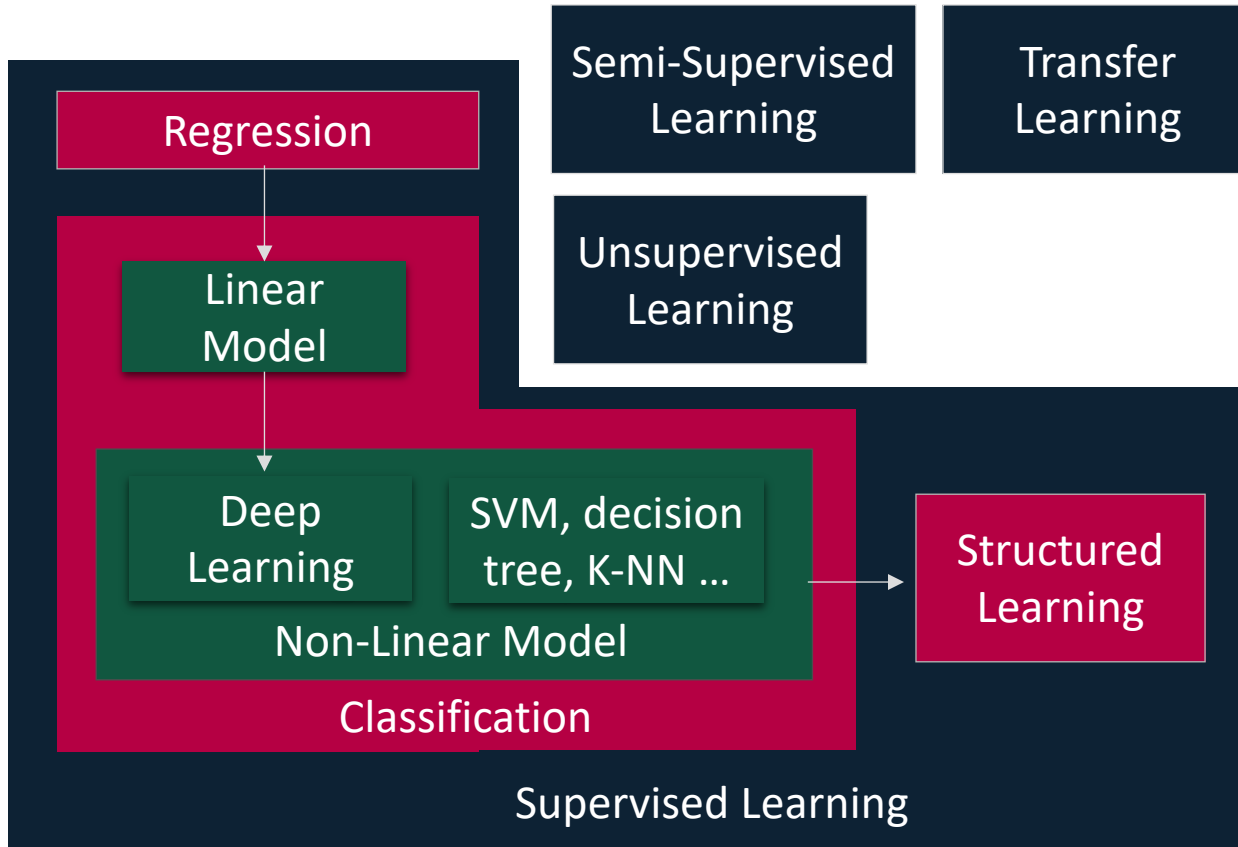


dog

- Unlabeled data



(Images of cats and dogs)



Learning Map: Part IV



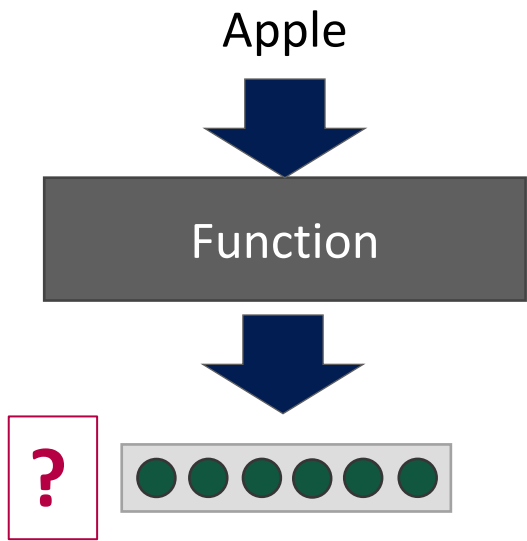
Unsupervised Learning: Part I

Machine Reading: Machine learns the meaning of words from reading a lot of documents.



Unsupervised Learning: Part II

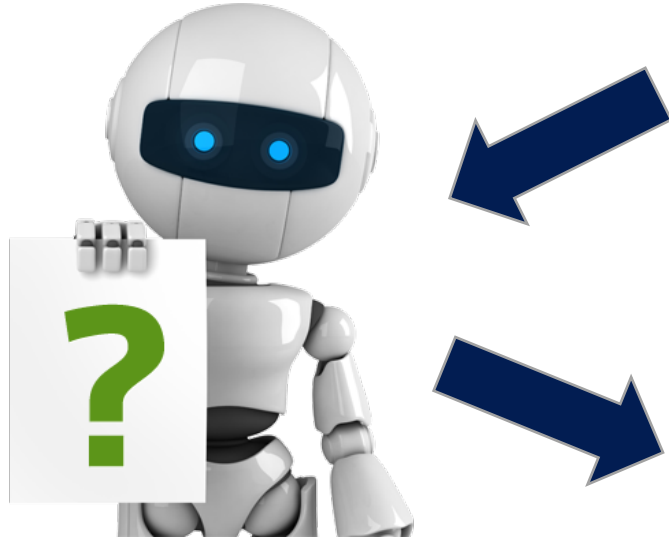
Machine Reading: Machine learns the meaning of words from reading a lot of documents.



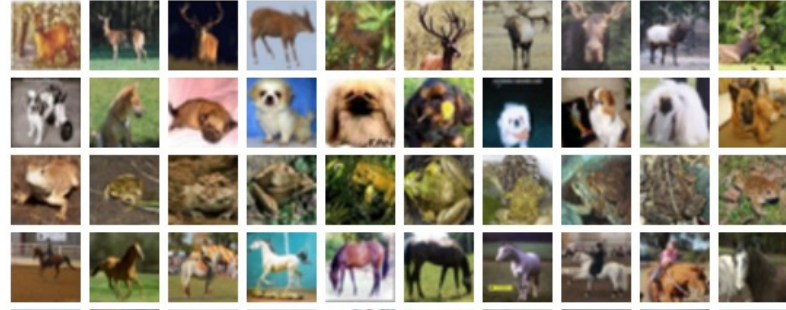
Training data is a lot of text.

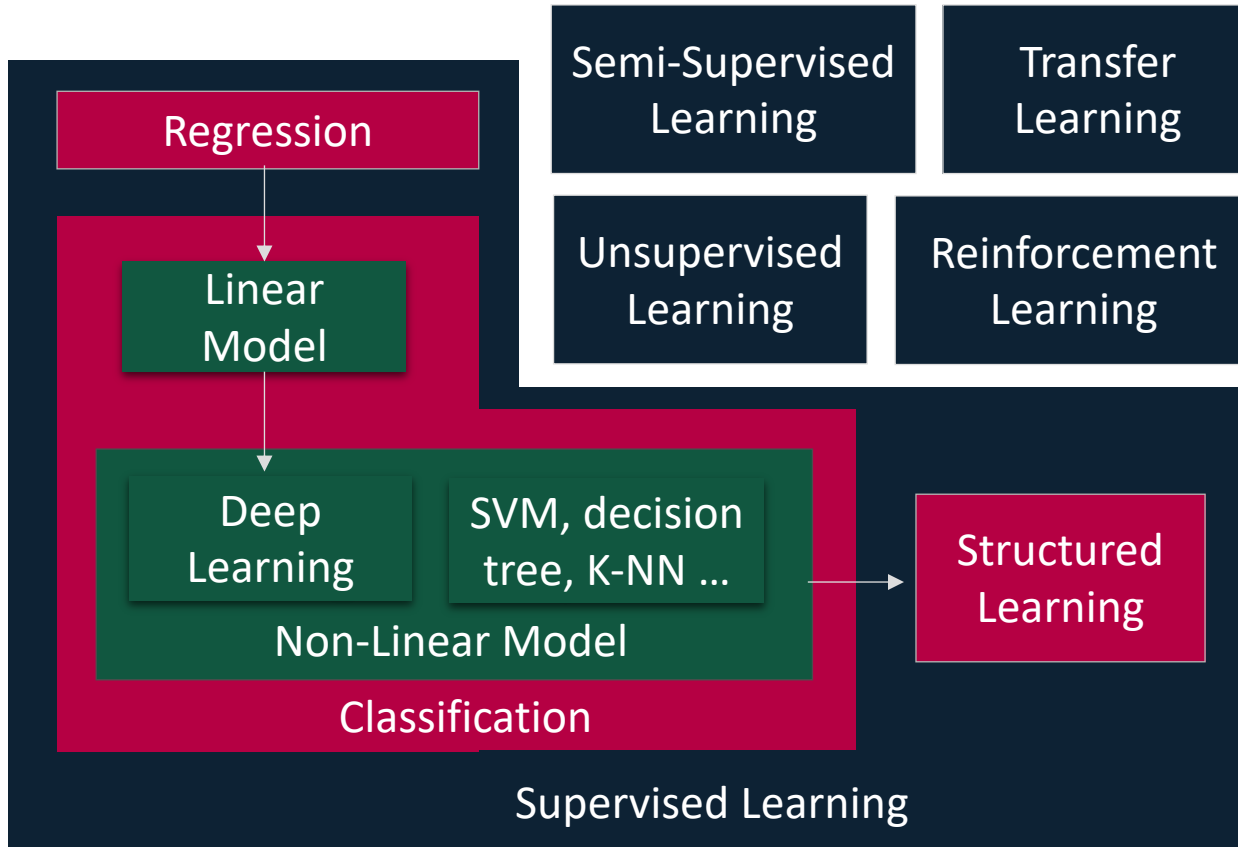


Unsupervised Learning: Part III



Draw something!





Learning Map: Part V



Reinforcement Learning

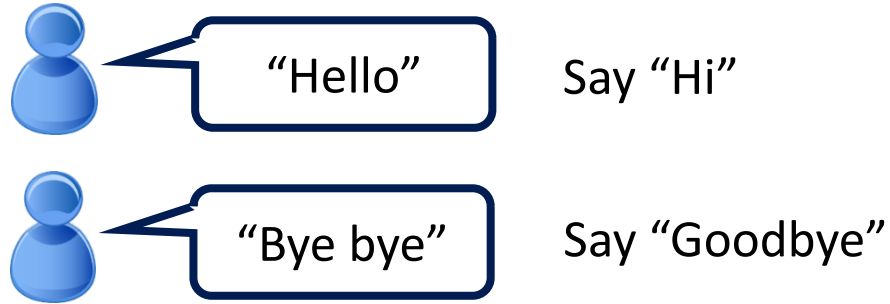


Deep Reinforcement Learning: $AI = RL + DL$

Supervised Versus Reinforcement

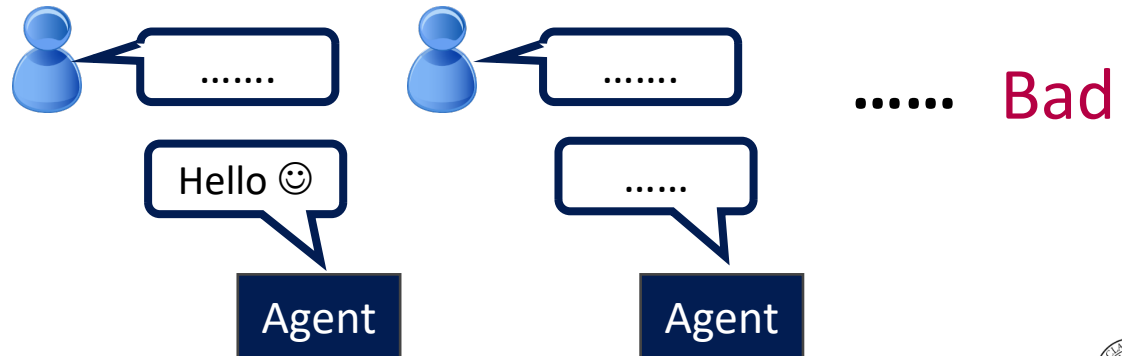
Supervised

Learning from teacher



Reinforcement

Learning from critics



Supervised Versus Reinforcement, Continued

- Supervised:



Next move:
"5-5"



Next move:
"3-3"

- Reinforcement Learning:

First move ➡ many moves ➡ Win!

Alpha Go is supervised learning + reinforcement learning.

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Learning Map: Part VI