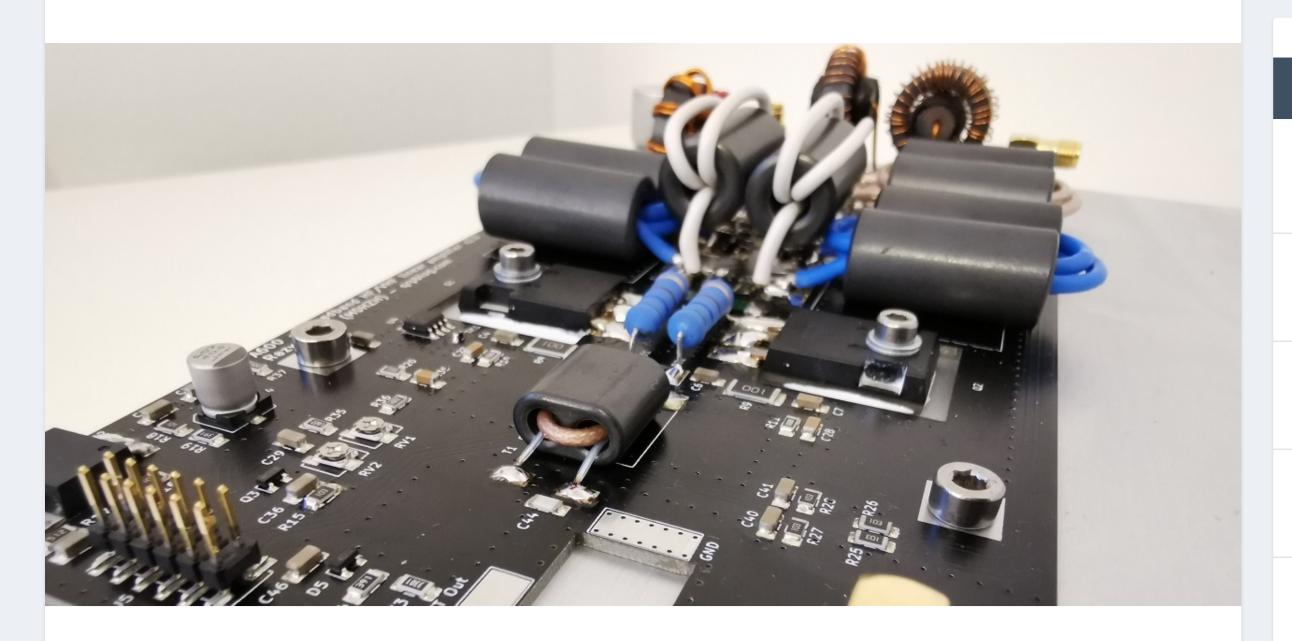
## Posted by Razvan | Dec 9, 2019 | In the shack | 9 ♠ | ★★★★★



changes and improvements that come with v2.0. 1. REDESIGNED AND IMPROVED PCB

I have recently made available a new version on the A600 amplifier based on MRF300 LDMOS transistors. Here is the list of

## All components are now on the top side, while the bottom side is a continuous ground plane in direct contact with the

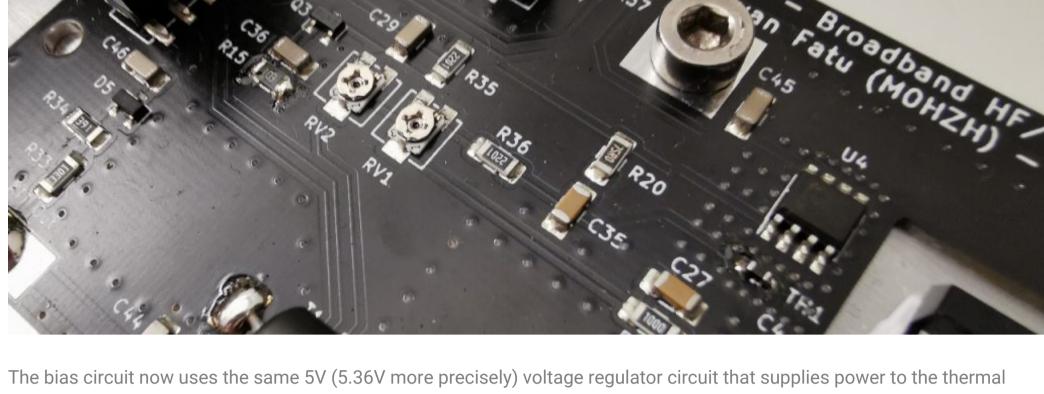
heatsink. This improves the electrical ground even further and (together with the black coating) maximises thermal performance. It also allows for the thermal sensor and the temperature-compensating bias thermistor to be mounted as SMD parts directly on the PCB and not require additional heatsink mounting holes.

### Thanks to slightly better layout of the input traces and the use of semi-rigid transmission line instead of coaxial in the output

2. 70MHZ BAND COVERAGE

RF power transformers, the coverage has been extended to 1.8 to 72Mhz. A 4.7pF PCB capacitor at the input of the directional coupler improves performance & matching on 6m and especially 4m. Keep in mind in most countries 450W is way above the legal limit on the 4m band (!).

3. EASY-TO-USE BIAS CIRCUIT



destroy the transistors by accidentally setting the bias too high. 4. NEW RF DRIVE SENSOR AND EXPANDED SENSOR PORT

New onboard circuitry measures the drive power and provides a proportional continuous voltage at the Sensor Port within the

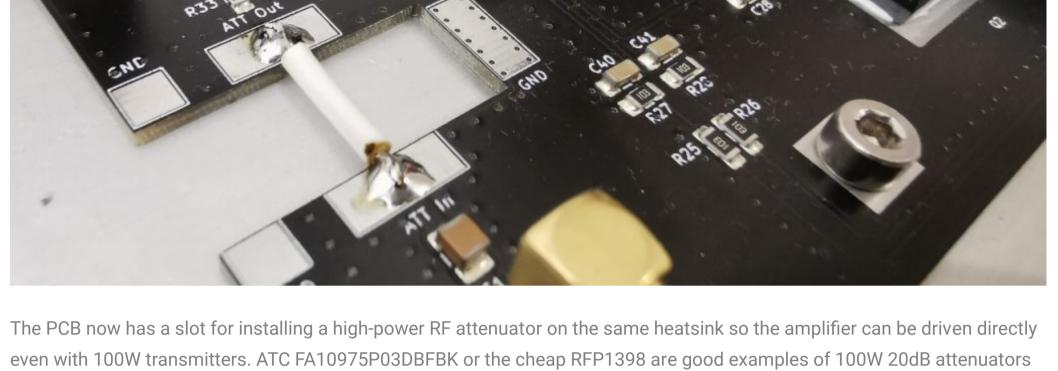
0-5V range. This can also be used as a RF drive detector for a (separate) automated RX/TX switching (RF vox) circuit. The

sensor and the current sensor. There are only two trimmers that adjust the bias voltage from 2.2V to 3V for each transistor

and they come pre-set to a safe value. Now you don't need to pre-adjust the bias before installing the transistors and you cant

### Sensor Port has been expanded from 7 to 12 pins now and also provides a +5V 200mA supply voltage than can be used to directly power measurement & protection circuitry connected to the Sensor Port.

5. CAN BE SET UP FOR HIGH DRIVE (UP TO 100W)



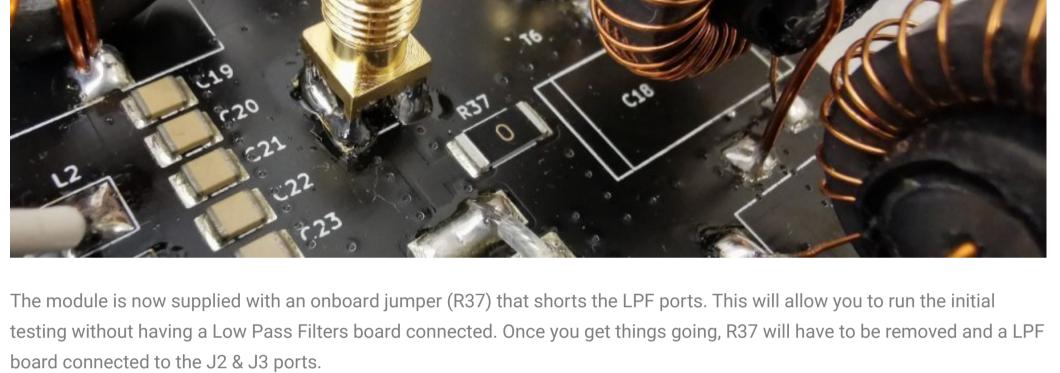
6. MORE ACCURATE CURRENT MEASUREMENT

The current sensor has been replaced with ACS713ELCTR-30A-T, which is unidirectional but offers twice the output voltage

### per A compared to the previous ACS712. This will allow more accurate current measurement when using modest resolution ADCs (like the 10-bit on some Arduinos).

that would have to be installed for this purpose. Otherwise, a straight jumper is fine.

7. ONBOARD JUMPER FOR TESTING WITHOUT A LPF



SHARE: F RATE: C C C

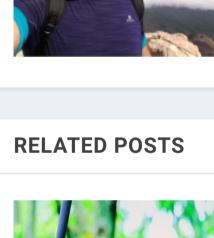
A 600W broadband HF amplifier using affordable LDMOS Choosing a heatsink for the A600 LDMOS linear amplifier

## Razvan Interested in computers, electronics, building radio equipment, portable/SOTA operations and SDR. I think

**ABOUT THE AUTHOR** 

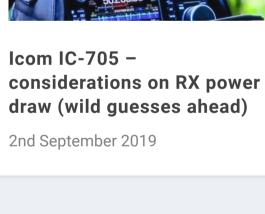
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amateur radio is all about building, experimenting and testing new stuff. Licensed M0HZH / Y09IRF.

# Icom IC-705 -







MCL 0 628



**REPLY** 

**REPLY** 

**REPLY** 

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### Greetings Razvan, I just received kit V1.2 in the mail and now see you have V2.0 designed. Do you have an upgrade path/kit planned to bring V1.2 to V2.0? Also looking forward to the LPF bank and controller 🙂

9 COMMENTS

# Razvan on 13th December 2019 at 9:02 am

circuit can be added with a small separate board, if you need it.

Lance KJ6KKR on 13th December 2019 at 3:42 am

As you can tell from this article most of the changes are for convenience rather than performance. v1.2 works on 70MHz as well, but with slightly lower gain & lower maximum power; it's still well over the 4m band legal

limit in most countries (the 4m band is not available in the USA yet, by the way). The drive power measurement

Hi Lance, at the moment there is no plan to upgrade v1.2 to 2.0, as the PCBs are different.

Victor, PA8MM on 16th December 2019 at 9:08 am Hi Razvan,

# Razvan on 16th December 2019 at 9:16 am

Hi Victor, Omron G2RL-1-E-DC12 should be OK for output switching, I use the SPST version for the LPF.

What type of RX/TX relay (model) would you recommend for this amplifier?

**REPLY** 

## Udo, DK5YA on 23rd December 2019 at 10:29 am Omron are perfect even with high power up to 70 MHz. See what W6PQL says about it

**J B** on 2nd April 2020 at 8:33 am Hello I would like to use your AMPLIFIER MODULE for a fixed frequency project with 13.56 MHz fixed and vary

I am not using a Radio as the pre-amp so i need a linear pre-amp to vary the wattage input to your amp, i am

amusing. what is the input wattage range need to operate your amp from a min to max out-put. into a 50 ohm

Make sure the control logic doesn't allow switching the output under load.

load thanks **REPLY** 

**REPLY** 

**Greg** on 27th May 2020 at 3:41 pm

the wattage output.

Hello. Great project, Razvan. Could you tell, if it's not a secret, what type of semi-rigid coaxial cable do you use for the output transformers? 73! Greg SP5MI

**REPLY** 

# Razvan on 7th August 2020 at 4:20 pm

Hi Kees,

Kees Wiegers pa5cw on 7th August 2020 at 3:34 pm

Can I also order lpf and control board pcb's only together with the pa kit?

PCBs are not available separately, only as kits. However, at the moment there's a discount if you but all 3 kits at the same time;). Just add all 3 to the cart.

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