



Tunis Business School

# **BI Mini Project**

## **Instagram Insights BI Analysis**

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# 1. Introduction

This report presents an analytical study of Instagram account performance using platform metrics, engagement trends, content categories, media types, and traffic sources. The aim is to identify patterns in audience behavior, highlight factors driving engagement, and propose evidence-based recommendations for optimizing content strategy.

## 2. Methodology

The analysis is based on aggregated platform metrics over a defined period, including:

- **Engagement Metrics:** likes, comments, shares, saves, and overall engagement rates.
- **Reach and Impressions:** total reach and impression counts per post.
- **Media Type:** classification of content into Reels, videos, photos, and carousels.
- **Content Category:** classification by theme, such as Lifestyle, Fashion, Food, Beauty, etc.
- **Traffic Source:** distribution of engagement by platform features (Home Feed, Reels Feed, Explore, etc.).

Visualizations such as trend charts, scatter plots, and bar charts were used to support interpretation.

## 3. Key Findings and Analysis

### 3.1 Overall Platform Performance

**Finding:**

The account demonstrates very high performance, with total engagement reaching billions and consistently high reach and impressions.

**Analysis:**

High visibility and audience interaction indicate that content is widely distributed and resonates with followers. Small improvements in content strategy can result in significant absolute engagement gains due to scale.

### 3.2 Engagement Trends Over Time

**Finding:**

Engagement shows considerable fluctuations across months, with distinct peaks and troughs rather than a consistent level.

**Analysis:**

This pattern suggests engagement is influenced by seasonality, posting frequency, or external factors such as trends. Scheduling posts during historically high-performing periods can maximize audience interaction.

Supported by: Engagement Trend Over Time & Engagement Growth Rate visuals.

### **3.3 Media Type Performance**

**Finding:**

Engagement varies by media type: Reels and videos outperform photos, while carousels also achieve competitive rates.

**Analysis:**

Media format significantly impacts audience interaction. Prioritizing high-performing formats allows content teams to maximize engagement efficiency without increasing production volume.

Supported by: Media Engagement by Media Type chart.

### **3.4 Content Category Insights**

**Finding:**

Certain content categories, Lifestyle, Fashion, Food, and Beauty, generate higher total engagement than others.

**Analysis:**

Audience interest is not evenly distributed across themes. Focusing on high-engagement categories can improve relevance and effectiveness of content strategy.

Supported by: Total Engagement by Content Category chart.

### **3.5 Traffic Source Contribution**

**Finding:**

Engagement is distributed across traffic sources, with Explore, Reels Feed, and Home Feed as the main contributors.

**Analysis:**

Content discovery does not rely on a single channel. A diversified distribution strategy ensures a wider reach and resilience against fluctuations in any one source.

Supported by: Traffic Source Contribution chart.

### **3.6 Relationship Between Reach and Impressions**

**Finding:**

Reach and impressions are positively correlated; posts reaching more users tend to be repeatedly viewed.

**Analysis:**

High reach paired with repeated impressions suggests effective content exposure and retention rather than one-time visibility.

Supported by: Reach vs Impressions scatter chart.

### 3.7 Concentration of Engagement in Top Posts

**Finding:**

A small proportion of posts account for a disproportionately high share of total engagement.

**Analysis:**

This “performance concentration effect” indicates that a few posts significantly influence overall metrics. Studying these top-performing posts helps identify factors contributing to success.

Supported by: Top Posts visual & drill-through table.

## 4. Business/Analytical Recommendations

Based on the findings, the following recommendations are proposed:

1. **Prioritize High-Performing Media Types:** Focus content production on Reels, videos, and carousels to increase engagement efficiency.
2. **Use Engagement Rate as Primary KPI:** Evaluate content by engagement rate rather than solely likes or impressions for a more accurate assessment of audience interest.
3. **Replicate High-Engagement Patterns:** Analyze top-performing posts to identify common features (posting time, caption style, hashtags) and replicate them.
4. **Optimize Posting Schedule:** Align posting times with historical peaks in engagement to maximize audience interaction.
5. **Standardize Caption and Hashtag Practices:** Develop best-practice guidelines for caption length and hashtag count to improve engagement consistency.
6. **Monitor Engagement Growth Trends:** Use trends as an early-warning mechanism to identify audience fatigue or declining interest.
7. **Segment Analysis by Content Category:** Tailor content strategies according to the engagement patterns of different content categories.

## 5. Limitations

- **Data Granularity:** Monthly aggregates may hide short-term fluctuations or hourly patterns.

- **Causal Inference:** Correlations observed do not establish causality between metrics and engagement.
- **External Factors:** Platform algorithm changes, trending topics, or competitor actions are not accounted for.
- **Engagement Concentration:** Dominance by a few posts may skew conclusions for the entire dataset.
- **Traffic Source Analysis Constraints:** Quality of traffic and cross-channel interactions were not examined.
- **Predictive Modeling Limitations:** Models may not fully capture all influencing factors, such as demographics or posting time.

## 6. Future Improvements

- **Enhanced Granularity:** Collect daily or hourly metrics to identify short-term trends.
- **Include Additional Metadata:** Capture content attributes such as length, format, and visual style.
- **Advanced Analytics & Predictive Modeling:** Apply machine learning to forecast engagement and simulate strategy impacts.
- **A/B Testing of Media and Categories:** Test different formats to determine causality and optimize content types.
- **Dynamic Dashboard Alerts:** Implement real-time alerts for sudden spikes or drops in engagement.
- **External Context Integration:** Include competitor activity, trending topics, and platform updates to better contextualize insights.

## 7. Conclusion

The analysis of Instagram account performance highlights key factors driving engagement, including media type, content category, and posting timing. By implementing targeted strategies and continuously monitoring performance, it is possible to improve engagement efficiency and content relevance. The insights from this project provide a foundation for more data-driven decision-making in social media strategy.