Lab 7

Minimum Priority Queue

Objective

Implement Minimum Priority Queue ADT by completing **min_pq.py file** included in the zipped starter code package. Complete the class definition of MinPQ class. You can copy some of your code, such as enlarge, and shrink functions, from previous labs and projects. Do not forget to implement shift_up and shift_down operations. Review the lecture slides on Min Heap. You are free to create any helper functions.

Implementation

Download a starter file, min_pq.py, from Polylearn.

Implement MinPQ class with following attributes and methods: class MinPQ:

"""Minimum Priority Queue

Attributes:

0.

capacity (int): the capacity of the queue. The default capacity is 2, but will be increased automatically.

num_items (int): the number of items in the queue. This also points to the position where a new item will be addded.

arr (list): an array which contains the items in the queue.

```
def __init__(self, arr=None):
```

"""initializes an object of MinPQ

If the arr is None (default), it initializes its capacity as 2,

and creates an array: [None] * self.capacity. The num_items shall be initialized as

Otherwise, self.arr = self.heapify(arr). The arr shall be transformed into a min heap with heapify method.

In this case, the capacity and num_items are set to the size of the arr, which is len(arr).

```
Args:
        arr (list): the default value is None
  def heapify(self, arr):
     """initialize the queue with a given array and convert the array into a min heap
     Args:
        arr (list): an array
     Returns:
        None: it returns nothing
     ,,,,,,,
  def insert(self, item):
     """inserts an item to the gueue. Before inserting an item it checks if the array is full,
if so, it enlarges the array by doubling the capacity.
        item (any): an item to be inserted to the queue. It is of any data type.
     Returns:
        None: it returns nothing
     ,,,,,,,
  def del min(self):
```

"""deletes the minimum item in the queue. After the deletion and just before returning the removed item, it checks if the array needs to be shrinked. If so, it downsizes the array by halving the capacity:

if self.capacity > 2 and self.num_items and self.capacity >= self.num_items * 4: self.shrink()

YOU ARE NOT ALLOWED TO USE PYTHON LIST'S BUILT-IN FUNCTIONS.

Returns:

any: it returns the minimum item, which has just been deleted

Raises:

IndexError : Raises IndexError when the queue is empty

```
def min(self):
  """returns the minimum item in the queue without deleting the item
  Returns:
     any: it returns the minimum item
  Raises:
     IndexError: Raises IndexError when the queue is empty
def is empty(self):
  """checks if the queue is empty
  Returns:
     bool: True if empty, False otherwise.
  ,,,,,,,
def size(self):
  """returns the number of items in the queue
  Returns:
    int: it returns the number of items in the queue
  ,,,,,,,
def shift up(self, idx):
  """shifts up an item in the queue using tail recursion.
  Use only < operator to compare two items: do not use <=, >, >=.
  Args:
     idx (int): the index of the item to be shifted up in the array.
  Returns:
     None: it returns nothing
  .....
def shift down(self, idx):
  """shifts down an item in the queue using tail recursion.
  Use only < operator to compare two items: do not use <=, >, >=.
  YOU NEED TO DETERMINE WHERE THE END OF THE HEAP IS.
  YOU CAN USE self.num items FOR DOING SO.
  Args:
     idx (int): the index of the item to be shifted down in the array.
  Returns:
     None: it returns nothing
```

```
.....
def enlarge(self):
   """enlarges the array.
def shrink(self):
   """shrinks the array.
def index left(self, idx):
   """returns the index of the left child
   Args:
     idx (int): the index of the node
   Returns:
     int: it returns the index of the left child
   ,,,,,,,
def index right(self, idx):
   """returns the index of the right child
   Args:
     idx (int): the index of the node
   Returns:
     int: it returns the index of the right child
   ,,,,,,,
def index parent(self, idx):
   """returns the index of the parent
   Args:
     idx (int): the index of the node
   Returns:
     int: it returns the index of the parent
   ,,,,,,,
def index minchild(self, left, right, end):
   """returns the index of the min child
   Args:
      left (int): the index of the left child
     right (int): the index of the right child
```

```
end (int): the end index of the heap
Returns:
int: it returns the index of the min child
```

Submission

You must submit the following files to the grader and polylearn:

- min_pq.py
 - The functions specified and any helper functions necessary.
- min_pq_tests.py
 - o Include test cases you used in developing your programs.