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# Ganoderma orbiforme

***Ganoderma orbiforme*** – most commonly known as ***G. boninense*** or just ***Ganoderma*** in oil palm pathology – is a species of polypore fungus that is widespread across southeast Asia. It is a plant pathogen that causes **basal stem rot**, a disease of the African oil palm (*Elaeis guineensis*). The fungus was first described scientifically in 1838 by Elias Magnus Fries from collections made in Guinea.<sup>[1]</sup> Leif Ryvarden transferred it to the genus *Ganoderma* in 2000.<sup>[2]</sup> In addition to its type locality, the fungus has also been collected from the Bonin Islands in the Pacific, and from Venezuela and Puerto Rico.<sup>[2]</sup>

## Transmission

*G. orbiforme* is not a soil borne pathogen, meaning it does not grow in soil and does not infiltrate from soil and into the root system.<sup>[3]:417</sup> It is however also not killed by soil, and will reside in dead, buried palm trunk material.<sup>[3]:417</sup> This has especially been observed when *Oryctes rhinoceros*-infested material was buried.<sup>[3]:417</sup>

## Infection

*G. orbiforme* has a hemibiotrophic lifestyle in *E. guineensis*.<sup>[4]</sup> During an invasion, *E. guineensis* roots stockpile salicylic acid, which is a signal to downregulate its own expression of ascorbate oxidase and ascorbate peroxidase.<sup>[5]</sup> AO and AP are reactive oxygen species scavengers, and so the total effect is to increase ROS production.<sup>[5]</sup> This entire pathway was found by Ho *et al.*, 2016.<sup>[5]</sup> Increased ROS is effective against hemibiotrophs but counterproductive against necrotrophs.<sup>[5]</sup>

## Genetics

Microsatellite markers have been developed to help identify the fungus and study the genetic diversity of *G. orbiforme*.<sup>[6]</sup>

### Ganoderma orbiforme



### Scientific classification

Kingdom: Fungi  
Division: Basidiomycota  
Class: Agaricomycetes  
Order: Polyporales  
Family: Ganodermataceae  
Genus: Ganoderma  
Species: ***G. orbiforme***

### Binomial name

***Ganoderma orbiforme***

(Fr.) Ryvarden (2000)

### Synonyms

- *Polyporus orbiformis* Fr. (1838)
- *Fomes orbiformis* (Fr.) Cooke (1885)
- *Fomes lucidus* f. *boninensis* Pat. (1888)
- *Fomes lucidus* f. *noukahivensis* Pat. (1888)
- *Ganoderma boninense* Pat. (1889)
- *Ganoderma noukahivense* Pat. (1889)
- *Scindalma orbiforme* (Fr.) Kuntze (1898)

## Research

- *Ganoderma lucidum* var. *orbiformis* (Fr.) Rick (1960)

Water agar is usable for isolation of this fungus, and is the simplest and cheapest.<sup>[7]:21</sup> CABI provides research and technique information for lab work with this pathogen.<sup>[7]</sup>

## References

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## External links

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- "*Ganoderma orbiforme*" (<http://www.cabi.org/isc/datasheet/118699>). *CABI (Centre for Agriculture and Bioscience International)*. 2019-12-10. Retrieved 2020-11-12.
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