5/12/2013 **545** $(a-2b+1)(1-2b+a)-(-a+2b-1)^2 =$ $=(a-2b+1)(a-2b+1)-(-a+2b-1)^2=$ POSSO PREVEDENE $= (a-2l+1)^2 - (-a+2l-1)^2 =$ CHE VIENE O PERCHE 1 DUE POLINOMI DI CUI SI CACOLA IL QUADRAZO SOND OPPOSTI $= a^{2} + 4b^{2} + 1 - 4ab - 4b + 2a -\left(a^{2}+4h^{2}+1-4ah-4h+2a\right)=$ $= q^{2} + 4 l^{2} + 1 - 4 q l - 4 l^{2} + 2 a - q^{2} - 4 l^{2} - 1 + 4 q l + 4 l^{2} - 2 a =$ A - B A + B **546** $(a+3b-1)(a+3b+1)-(a+3b)^2-2 =$ $= (a+3k)^2 - 1 - (a+3k)^2 - 2 = -3$

452
$$(2a+b-c+d)(2a-b-c-d)-(c-d)(c+d)+4ac+2bd =$$

$$= ((2a-c)+(h+d))((2a-c)-(h+d))-(c^2-d^2)+4ac+2b-d=$$

$$A + B A - B$$

$$= (2a-c)^{2} - (b+d)^{2} - c^{2} + d^{2} + 4ac + 2brd =$$

$$= 4a^{2} - l^{2} - 2ld - d^{2} + d^{2} + 2ld = 4a^{2} - l^{2}$$