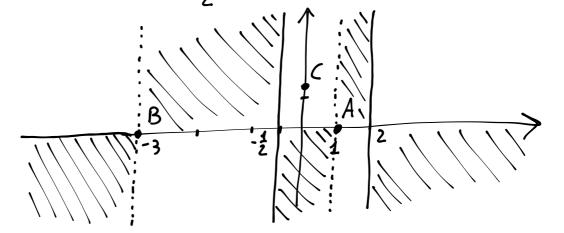
146
$$y = \frac{(x-1)(x+3)}{(x-2)(2x+1)}$$

DOMINIO, SEGNO, STUDIARE INTERSEZIONI

DOMINIO -> denominatore 70

$$3om f \qquad \begin{array}{c} x-2\neq 0 & x\neq 2 \\ 2x+1\neq 0 & x\neq -\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$$

$$D = \left(-\infty, -\frac{4}{2}\right) \cup \left(-\frac{4}{2}, 2\right) \cup \left(2, +\infty\right)$$



INTEMP. ASSE X

$$\begin{cases} \frac{(x-1)(x+3)}{(x-2)(2x+4)} = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x=4 & V \\ y=0 \end{cases} \begin{cases} x=-3 \\ y=0 \end{cases}$$

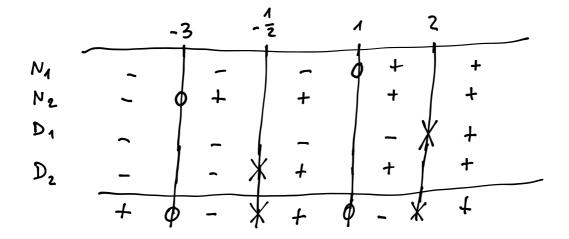
$$A(4,0) \qquad B(-3,0)$$

INTERSEL. ASSE
$$y$$

$$\begin{cases} y = \frac{(x-1)(x+3)}{(x-2)(2x+4)} & y = \frac{3}{2} \\ x = 0 & x = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$C\left(0,\frac{3}{2}\right)$$

 $\frac{SE4ND}{(x-1)(x+3)}$ $\frac{(x-1)(x+3)}{(x-2)(2x+1)} > 0 \qquad x-1>0 \implies x>1$ $x+3>0 \implies x>2$ $x+3>0 \implies x>2$ ×+3 >0 => ×7-3 ×-2>0 => ×7-2 2×+4>0 => ×7-2



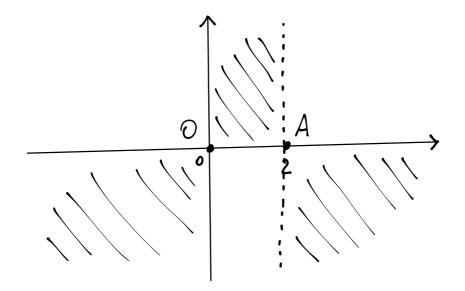
INTERSEL. ASSE
$$x$$

$$y = \sqrt[3]{x^4 - 8x} \quad | \sqrt[3]{x^4 - 8x} = 0 \quad (x^4 - 9x = 0) \quad (x = 0) \quad (y = 0)$$

$$y = 0 \quad (y = 0) \quad (y = 0) \quad (y = 0)$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 0 \\ y = 0 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} x^3 - 8 = 0 \rightarrow x^3 = 8 \rightarrow x = \sqrt[3]{8} = 2 \\ y = 0 \end{cases}$$

Siccone queto è auche intersesione con l'asse y, son ci soro altre intersesioni con l'asse y



SELNO

$$\sqrt[3]{x^4-8x} > 0 \rightarrow x^4-8x > 0 \qquad x(x^3-8) > 0$$

ESEMPIO COU LA RADICE QUADRAT

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} \quad \text{Dominio} = \frac{1}{9} \frac{x+1}{x-1} > 0$$

$$x+1>0 \quad x>-1$$

$$x-1>0 \quad x>-1$$

$$x-1>0 \quad x>-1$$

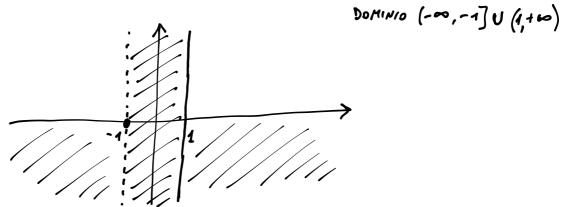
$$x-1>0 \quad x>-1$$

$$x-1>0 \quad x>-1$$

INTERSETUON CON 911 ASSI (ANCHE SE LE ABBIAMO GIÁ TROVATE)

WT. ASSF X
$$\begin{cases} y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} = 0 \rightarrow \frac{x+1}{x-1} = 0 \rightarrow x+1=0 \\ y = 0 \qquad \qquad x = -1 \end{cases}$$

INT. ASSE Y
$$\begin{cases}
y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{-1} & \text{IMPOSSIBILE} \\
x = 0 & \text{infoldi O NOW & nel DOMINIO!}
\end{cases}$$



SEWO

$$y=\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-1}} > 0$$
 opronds? Sempre, per tutti gli x del dominis.
Quadr existe, une radia quadrata é sempre > 0
 \Rightarrow CANCELO LA PARTE NEVATIVA