

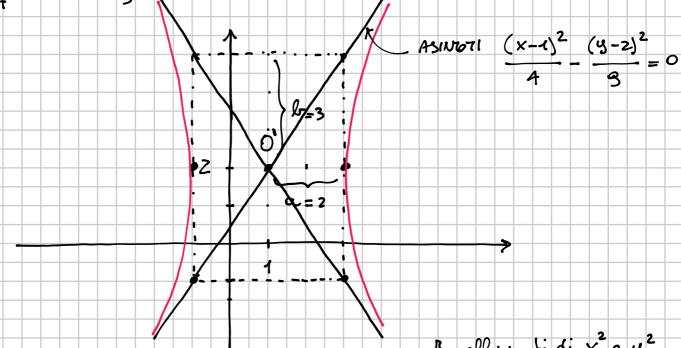
$$\frac{(x-d)^2}{a^2} - \frac{(y-B)^2}{b^2} = 1$$
(levelsi su une sette

(fudi se une retta forallela de one x)

$$\frac{(x-\alpha)^2}{\alpha^2} - \frac{(y-\beta)^2}{2\alpha^2} = -1$$

ESEMPLO

$$\frac{(x-1)^2}{4} - \frac{(y-2)^2}{9} = 1 \qquad \alpha = 2 \quad \beta = 3 \qquad 0'(1,2)$$



$$9(x-1)^2-4(y-2)^2=36$$

$$8(x^2+1-2x)-4(y^2+4-4y)-36=0$$

V DISCORDI: la curra puri pulole

$$9x^{2}-4y^{2}-18x+16y-43=0$$