$$\sqrt{3x+13} - \sqrt{3(x+2)} = \sqrt{x+3} - \sqrt{x}$$

$$\sqrt{3x+13} + \sqrt{x} = \sqrt{x+3} + \sqrt{3x+6}$$

$$3x+13+x+2\sqrt{3x^2+13}x = x+3+3x$$

$$4+2\sqrt{3x^2+13}x = 2\sqrt{3x^2+15}x+19$$

$$2+\sqrt{3x^2+13}x = \sqrt{3x^2+15}x+18$$

$$4+3x^2+13x = 2x+14$$

$$2\sqrt{3x^2+13x} = x+7$$

$$4(3x^2+13x) = x+7$$

$$4(3x^2+13x) = x+7$$

$$4(3x^2+3x) = x+7$$

$$4(3$$

N 759 $2\sqrt{x+5} - \sqrt{2x+1} = \sqrt{3x-3}$ $2\sqrt{X+5} = \sqrt{2\times +1} + \sqrt{3\times -3}$ $4(x+5) = 2x+1 + 3x-3 + 2\sqrt{6x^2-3x-3}$ $4x + 20 - 5x + 2 = 2\sqrt{6x^2 - 3x - 3}$ $2z - x = 2\sqrt{6x^2 - 3x - 3}$ $484+x^{2}-44x=24x^{2}-12x-12$ $23x^{2} + 32x - 486 = 0$ $\frac{\Delta}{1} = 256 + 11408$ $X = \frac{-16 \pm 108}{23} = \frac{-\frac{124}{23} \text{ N.A.}}{\frac{92}{23} = 4}$ 2 /9 - /9 = /9 OK PLOVA

x = 4

DISEQUAZIONI 1 RRAZIONALI

M PARI

$$\sqrt[m]{f(x)} < g(x)$$

$$\begin{cases} f(x) > 0 \\ g(x) > 0 \\ f(x) < g^{m}(x) \end{cases}$$

$$n \text{ DISPARI} \quad \sqrt[m]{f(x)} < g(x) => f(x) < g'(x)$$

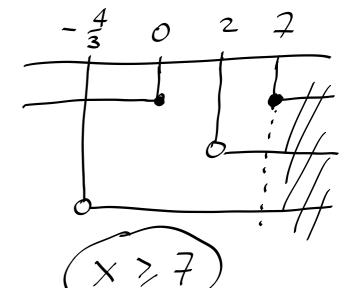
ESEMPIO

$$\sqrt{x^2 - 7x} < x - 2$$

$$\begin{cases} x^{2} - 7x & 70 \\ x - 2 & 70 \\ x^{2} - 7x & (x - 2)^{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\times$$
 > 2

$$\begin{cases} x > 2 \\ x^{2} - 7x < x^{2} + 4 - 4x \\ -3x < 4 => x > -\frac{4}{3} \end{cases}$$



$$\sqrt[m]{f(x)} > g(x)$$

$$\left(g(x) < 0\right)$$

$$\left(g(x) > 0\right)$$

$$\left(f(x) > g'(x)$$

$$\frac{PA4.67 \times 811}{\sqrt{x^2-3} > 5-x}$$

$$\begin{cases} 5-x < 0 \\ x^2 + 9 \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{5-x7.0}{x^2-9>25+x^2-10x}}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
\sqrt{\cancel{5}} \times \cancel{5} \\
\times \cancel{5} \\
\sqrt{\cancel{5}}
\end{array}$$

$$\frac{12}{5} < x \le 5 \implies (x > \frac{17}{5})$$