DERIVATA BI tam(x)

$$\begin{bmatrix}
tam(x) \end{bmatrix}^{1} = \begin{bmatrix}
sin x \\
cox x
\end{bmatrix}^{1} = \frac{(sin x)^{2}cox - sin x \cdot (cox)^{2}}{cox x} = \frac{1}{cox x} \\
= \frac{cox x \cdot cox x - sin x \cdot (-sin x)}{cox x} = \frac{cox^{2} x + sin^{2} x}{cox^{2} x} = \frac{1}{cox^{2} x} \\
= \frac{cox^{2} x}{cox^{2} x} + \frac{sin^{2} x}{cox^{2} x} = \frac{1 + tan^{2} x}{cox^{2} x}$$

ESEMPI DI APPLICAZIONE BELLE REGOLE

1) Colcolare la derivata di $f(x) = 3x^{5} \cdot sin x$

$$f'(x) = (3x^{5})^{1} \cdot sin x + 3x^{5} \cdot (sin x)^{1} = \frac{15x^{4} \cdot sin x + 3x^{5} \cdot cox x}{cox^{2} x} = \frac{1}{cox^{2} x} + \frac{1}{cox^{2} x}$$
2) Colcolare la derivata di $f(x) = 3x \cdot l^{2} + \frac{ln x}{x^{2}}$

$$f'(x) = (3x^{2})^{1} + \left(\frac{ln x}{x^{2}}\right)^{1} = (3x)^{1} \cdot l^{2} + 3x \cdot (l^{2})^{1} + \frac{(ln x)^{1} \cdot x^{2} - (x^{2})^{1} \cdot ln x}{(x^{2})^{2}} = \frac{1}{cox^{2}} + \frac{1}{cox^{2$$

$$y = \frac{x^{3} - \ln x}{x} \qquad y' = \frac{2x^{3} - 1 + \ln x}{x^{2}}$$

$$y' = \frac{(3x^{2} - \frac{1}{x}) \cdot x - 1 \cdot (x^{3} - \ln x)}{x^{2}} \qquad 3x^{3} - 1 - x^{3} + \ln x$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3} - 1 + \ln x}{x^{2}}$$

$$= \frac{2x^{3} - 1 + \ln x}{x^{2}} \qquad \text{Colone be derivata}$$

$$y' = \frac{xe^{x} - 4}{1 + xe^{x}} \qquad \text{Colone be derivata}$$

$$y' = \frac{(xe^{x} - 4)^{1} (1 + xe^{x}) - (1 + xe^{x})^{1} (xe^{x} - 4)}{(1 + xe^{x})^{2}} = \frac{(1 \cdot e^{x} + x \cdot e^{x} + o) (1 + xe^{x}) - (0 + 1 \cdot e^{x} + x \cdot e^{x}) (xe^{x} - 4)}{(1 + xe^{x})^{2}} = \frac{(e^{x} + xe^{x}) (1 + xe^{x}) - (e^{x} + xe^{x}) (xe^{x} - 4)}{(1 + xe^{x})^{2}} = \frac{(e^{x} + xe^{x}) (1 + xe^{x}) - (e^{x} + xe^{x}) (xe^{x} - 4)}{(1 + xe^{x})^{2}} = \frac{(e^{x} + xe^{x}) (1 + xe^{x}) - (e^{x} + xe^{x}) (xe^{x} - 4)}{(1 + xe^{x})^{2}} = \frac{(e^{x} + xe^{x}) (1 + xe^{x}) - (e^{x} + xe^{x}) (xe^{x} - 4)}{(1 + xe^{x})^{2}} = \frac{(e^{x} + xe^{x}) (1 + xe^{x}) - (e^{x} + xe^{x}) (xe^{x} + 1)}{(xe^{x} + 1)^{2}}$$