PAG. 897 N 44

$$y_1 = a \cos(\omega t + f_0)$$
 $y_2 = a \cos \omega t$

$$A = \frac{1}{z}a$$
 $A = 2a \cos \frac{4}{z}$

DIFFERENZA DI FASE = Wt + 4 - Wt = 4.

(SFASAMENTO)

$$\frac{1}{2}d = 2d\cos\frac{4}{2}$$

$$\cos\frac{9}{2} = \frac{1}{4} \implies \frac{9}{2} = \arccos\frac{1}{4}$$

$$4 = 2 \arccos\frac{1}{4} = 151^{\circ}$$

PAG. 837 N 46

$$y_1 = a \cos(10t)$$
 $y_2 = a \cos(10t + \frac{\pi}{3})$
 $a = 30 \text{ cm} = 0,30 \text{ m}$

$$Y = Y_1 + Y_2 = (0,52 m) \cos(10t + \frac{\pi}{6})$$

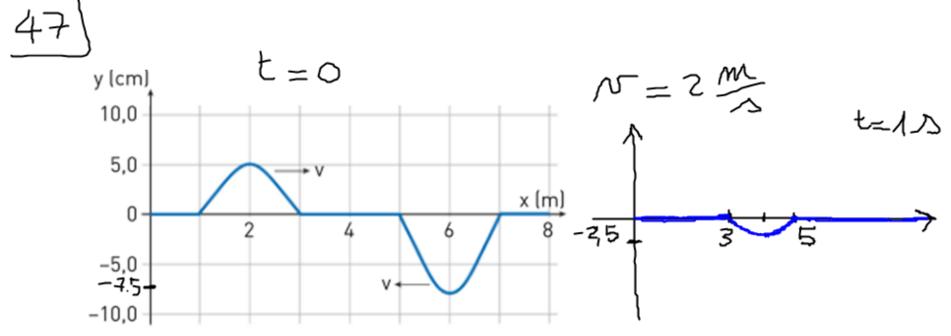
$$A = 20 \cos(\frac{\pi}{2}) = 0,60 m \cos(\frac{\pi}{6}) = 0,52 m$$
PER CALCULARE QUANDO $Y = 0$

$$(40t + 1) = 0$$
 $(40t + 1) = 0$

$$10t + \frac{\pi}{6} = \frac{\pi}{2} + K\pi$$

$$10t = \frac{\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{6} + K\pi = \frac{2\pi}{6} + K\pi$$

$$t = \frac{\pi}{30} + K\pi \Delta$$



DOPO 21 NOW INTERFERISONO PIÙ

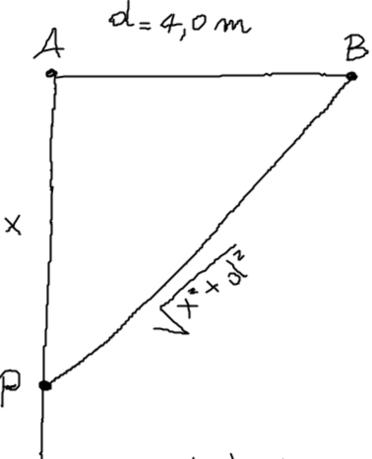
$$A = 20 cm = 0,20 m$$

 $a = 13 cm = 0,13 m$
 $y = 7$

$$A = 2\alpha \cos \frac{Q}{2}$$

$$\frac{0,20 = 0,26 \cdot \cos \frac{4}{5}}{2} = \frac{0,20}{0,26}$$

$$\frac{f_0}{2} = \alpha er(s) \frac{0,20}{0,26} \Rightarrow f_0 = 2 \cdot \alpha r(s) \frac{0,20}{926} = 1,4 \text{ read}$$



1=1,0m

Por ouvere interferença distruttiva deve essere

$$\widehat{BP} - \widehat{AP} = \frac{\lambda}{2} (2k+1)$$
 $K = 0,1,2,3,4,...$

$$\sqrt{x^{2} + 16} - x = \frac{1}{2}(2k+1) \quad K = 0,1,2,3,...$$

$$\sqrt{x^{2} + 16} = x + \frac{2k+1}{2}$$

$$x^{2} + 16 = x^{2} + \frac{4k^{2} + 1 + 4k}{4} + 2kx + x$$

$$64 = (2k+1)^{2} + 4x(2k+1)$$

$$4x = \frac{64 - (2k+1)^{2}}{2k+1} \quad x \ge 0$$

$$2k+1 \le 8$$

$$K \le \frac{7}{2} = 3,5 \implies K = 0,1,2,3$$

$$4 + MNIMI$$