

Scrivi l'equazione della parabola avente fuoco  $\overline{F}(1; -\frac{3}{2})$  e vertice V(1; -2). Dette A e B le sue intersezioni con la retta y = x + 1, determina le tangenti in A e in B alla parabola.  $y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x - \frac{3}{2}$ ; y = -2x - 2, y = 4x - 14y=ax2+b-x+c 1 b=-za l=-2a  $-\frac{b}{za}=1$  $-\frac{\Delta}{4a} = -2$ 1 = 8a  $\Delta = 8a$  $\frac{1-\Delta}{4\alpha} = -\frac{3}{2}$  $1-\Delta = -6a$ 1-80=-60 A = b - 40C  $4 = (-1)^2 - 4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} C$ 4=1-20  $2C = -3 \Rightarrow C = -\frac{3}{2}$  $y = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - x - \frac{3}{2}$  $\frac{1}{2} \times^2 - \times - \frac{3}{2} = \times + 1$  $y = \frac{1}{2} \times^2 - x - \frac{3}{2}$  $\frac{1}{2}x^2 - 2x - \frac{5}{2} = 0$ 4 = × + 1  $x^{2} - 4x - 5 = 0$   $\triangle = 4 + 5 = 9$ x = 2 ± 3 = -1  $\begin{cases} x = -1 \\ A(-1, 0) \end{cases}$ (5,6)

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^{2} - x - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$A(-1,0)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^{2} - x - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^{2} - x - \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^{2} - x - \frac{3}{2} = mx + m$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^{2} - x - mx - \frac{3}{2} - m = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x^{2} - (1 + m)x - \frac{3}{2} - m = 0$$

$$A = 0 \quad (1 + m)^{2} - \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \left( -\frac{3}{2} - m \right) = 0$$

$$M^{2} + 1 + 2m + 3 + 2m = 0 \quad m^{2} + 4m + 4 = 0$$

$$(m + 2)^{2} = 0 \quad m = -2$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^{2} - x - \frac{3}{2} \quad B(5,6)$$

$$y = 6 = m(x - 5)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x^{2} - x - \frac{3}{2} = mx - 5m + 6 \quad \frac{1}{2}x^{2} - (1 + m)x - \frac{15}{2} + 5m = 0$$

$$1 + m^{2} + 2m + 15 - 10m = 0 \quad m^{2} - 8m + 16 = 0$$

$$(m - 4)^{2} = 0 \quad m = 4$$

$$y - 6 = 4(x - 5)$$

$$y = 4x - 20 + 6 \quad y = 4x - 14$$

