

Задача 6.

9127

$$\int_1^e \frac{e^{t^2}}{3t} dx = \int_0^1 \frac{t^3 dt}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \int_0^1 t^3 dt = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{t^4}{4} \Big|_0^1 = \frac{1}{12}$$

9128

$$\int_{\pi}^{2\pi} \frac{x + \cos x}{x^2 + 2 \sin x} dx = \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} \frac{\frac{1}{2} dt}{t} = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\pi}^{2\pi} \frac{dt}{t} = \frac{1}{2} \ln |t| \Big|_{\pi}^{2\pi} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot \ln(2\pi) - \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2 \cdot \ln(\pi) = \ln(2\pi) - \ln(\pi) = \ln\left(\frac{2\pi}{\pi}\right) = \ln(2)$$

9129

$$\int_0^1 \frac{4 \arctg x - x}{1+x^2} dx = 4 \int_0^1 \frac{\arctg x}{1+x^2} dx - \int_0^1 \frac{x}{1+x^2} dx = 4 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \frac{1}{u} \cdot \frac{1}{2} du - \frac{1}{2} \ln |u| \Big|_1^{\frac{\pi}{4}} = (2 \cdot \left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)^2 - 2 \cdot 0) - \frac{1}{2} (\ln(2) - \ln(1)) = 2 \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{16} - \frac{1}{2} \ln(2) = \frac{\pi^2}{8} - \frac{\ln(2)}{2}$$

9132

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{x^4 + x^2 + 1}} = \int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{x^4 + 2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot x^2 + \frac{1}{4} + \frac{3}{4}}} = \int_0^1 \frac{x dx}{\sqrt{(x^2 + \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{3}{4}}} = \frac{1}{2} \int_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{5}{4}} \frac{dt}{\sqrt{t^2 + \frac{3}{4}}} = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left| t + \sqrt{t^2 + \frac{3}{4}} \right| \Big|_{\frac{1}{2}}^{\frac{5}{4}} = \frac{1}{2} (\ln(\frac{3}{2} + \sqrt{3}) - \ln(\frac{1}{2} + 1)) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{3 + 2\sqrt{3}}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{3 + 2\sqrt{3}}{2} \right)$$

9134.

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \tan x \cdot e^{n \cos x} dx = \int_0^{-en^2} -\frac{1}{t} dt = \int_{-en^2}^0 \frac{1}{t} dt =$$

$$= \frac{t^2}{2} \Big|_{-en^2}^0 = \frac{0^2}{2} - \frac{(-en^2)^2}{2} = -\frac{en^2(2)}{2}$$

9166.

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{5 dx}{1 + \cos x} = \int_0^1 \frac{5}{1 + \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2}} \cdot \frac{2 dt}{1+t^2} = \int_0^1 \frac{5(1+t^2)}{1+t^2+1-t^2} \cdot \frac{2 dt}{1+t^2} =$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{5 \cdot 2 dt}{2} = 5 \int_0^1 dt = 5t \Big|_0^1 = 5.$$

9168.

$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{dx}{1 + \cos x + \sin x} = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1 + \frac{1-t^2}{1+t^2} + \frac{2t}{1+t^2}} \cdot \frac{2 dt}{1+t^2} = \int_0^1 \frac{1+t^2}{2+2t} \cdot \frac{2 dt}{1+t^2} =$$

$$= \int_0^1 \frac{1 dt}{1+t} = en |1+1| = en |0+1| = en(2) - 0 = en(2).$$

9170.

$$\int_0^2 3x(1-x)^{12} dx = \int_0^1 3(1-t)t^{12}(-1) dt = 3 \int_1^0 t^{12} (-1) dt =$$

$$= 3 \int_0^1 t^{12} dt - 3 \int_1^0 t^{12} dt = 3 \cdot \frac{t^{13}}{13} \Big|_0^1 - 3 \cdot \frac{t^{13}}{13} \Big|_1^0 =$$

$$= \frac{-37}{114}.$$

91106.

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{x^2}{(1+x^2)^2} dx &= \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{x}{(1+x^2)^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{dt}{t^2} = -\frac{x}{2+2x^2} \Big|_0^{\sqrt{3}} - \int_0^{\sqrt{3}} \frac{dx}{2+2x^2} = \\ &= \left(-\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{x}{1+x^2} - \frac{1}{2} \arctan(x) \right) \Big|_0^{\sqrt{3}} = \left(\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} \right) - (0-0) = \\ &= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}-3\sqrt{3}}{24}. \end{aligned}$$

91107.

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin \sqrt{x} dx &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} 2t \sin(t) dt = 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} t \sin(t) dt = \\ &= 2t \cdot (-\cos t) \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos t dt = -2t \cos t \Big|_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - 2 \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos t dt = \\ &= \left(-2 \cdot \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 1 \right) - (0 + 2 \cdot 0) - (0 + 2) - (0 + 0) = \\ &= 2. \end{aligned}$$

91108.

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^3 \sqrt{x} e^x dx &= \int_0^3 2t e^t dt = 2 \int_0^3 t e^t dt = 2t e^t \Big|_0^3 - 2 \int_0^3 e^t dt = \\ &= (2t e^t - 2e^t) \Big|_0^3 = (2 \cdot 3 \cdot e^3 - 2e^3) - (2 \cdot 0 \cdot e^0 - 2 \cdot e^0) = \\ &= 4e^3 + 2. \end{aligned}$$