

Steps Report the measured values

Lengths of traverse sides		Azimuth AB - you will lose points for using Decimal Degrees
AB		Starting Point - which number control point (1-5)
BC	report these	You MUST label your points in Counter-Clockwise order
CD	in feet	If you don't include units on your numbers, you will lose points
DE		
EA		

#1	Balance the interior angles	Angles are named a for the letter point they're on. For example, The angle is A and never AB
1 pt	A	
	B	
	C	Your angles should add to 540
	D	Use an online calculator/TA to make sure you're right
	E	

#2	Azimuths- reduce each to be between (0,360)	Bearings	Give in the format
5 pts	AB Measured from the total station	AB	N or S, Angle, E or W
	BC = $AZ_{ab} + 180 + \text{Angle A}$	BC	
	CD = $AZ_{bc} + 180 + \text{Angle B}$	CD	
	DE = $AZ_{cd} + 180 + \text{Angle C}$	DE	
	EA = $AZ_{de} + 180 + \text{Angle D}$	EA	

Check your answers by calculating AZ_{ab} using the AZ_{ea} value you calculated.

#3	Latitudes	Departures
5 pts	AB = $\text{LengthAB} \cdot \cos(AZ_{ab})$	AB = $\text{LengthAB} \cdot \sin(AZ_{ab})$
	BC = $\text{LengthBC} \cdot \cos(AZ_{bc})$	BC = $\text{LengthBC} \cdot \sin(AZ_{bc})$
	CD = $\text{LengthCD} \cdot \cos(AZ_{cd})$	CD = $\text{LengthCD} \cdot \sin(AZ_{cd})$
	DE = $\text{LengthDE} \cdot \cos(AZ_{de})$	DE = $\text{LengthDE} \cdot \sin(AZ_{de})$
	EA = $\text{LengthEA} \cdot \cos(AZ_{ea})$	EA = $\text{LengthEA} \cdot \sin(AZ_{ea})$

#4	Error in Latitudes
2 pts	$= \text{LatAB} + \text{LatBC} + \text{LatCD} + \text{LatDE} + \text{LatEA}$ If you get a number larger than 15, you likely made a math mistake.

Error in Departures
 $= \text{DepAB} + \text{DepBC} + \text{DepCD} + \text{DepDE} + \text{DepEA}$
If you get a number larger than 15, you likely made a math mistake.

#5	Precision- reported as 1:Precision value
1 pt	Precision = $\text{Measured Perimeter} / \text{Linear Error}$ $\text{Linear Error} = (\text{Error in Lat}^2 + \text{Error in Dep}^2)^{1/2}$ If you get a number smaller than about 300, you likely made a math mistake

#6 Balance the Latitudes and Departures

3 pts	Adjusted Latitudes	Adjusted Departures
	AB = LatAB - (Error in Lat)/5	AB = DepAB - (Error in Lat)/5
	BC = LatBC - (Error in Lat)/5	BC = DepBC - (Error in Lat)/5
	CD = LatCD - (Error in Lat)/5	CD = DepCD - (Error in Lat)/5
	DE = LatDE - (Error in Lat)/5	DE = DepDE - (Error in Lat)/5
	EA = LatEA - (Error in Lat)/5	EA = DepEA - (Error in Lat)/5

Add up the latitudes then the departures. Both sums should equal zero

#7 Northings and Eastings of each point

2 pts	Northings	Eastings
	A = Control point value	= Control point value
	B = Value at A + adjusted lat of AB	= Value at A + adjusted dep of AB
	C = Value at B + adjusted lat of BC	= Value at B + adjusted dep of BC
	D = Value at C + adjusted lat of CD	= Value at C + adjusted dep of CD
	E = Value at D + adjusted lat of DE	= Value at D + adjusted dep of DE

Points have Coordinates, Lines do not

#8 Area

1 pt Use the Coordinate method taught in class/lab

As a shortcut, recalculate the coordinates of each point assuming the control point value was (0,0). Then you will be multiplying smaller numbers

You should get a number less than 23,000 ft² or 2,100 m²

Lab 3 Answers

Measured Azimuth _____

#1

Balanced Angles	
A	
B	
C	
D	
E	

Measured Lengths	
AB	
BC	
CD	
DE	
EA	

#2

	Azimuths	Bearings
AB		
BC		
CD		
DE		
EA		

#3

	Latitudes	Departures
AB		
BC		
CD		
DE		
EA		

#4

Linear Error:	
Error in Latitudes	
Error in Departures	

#5

Precision:	
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#6

	Adjusted Latitudes	Adjusted Departures
AB		
BC		
CD		
DE		
EA		

#7

	Northings	Eastings
A		
B		
C		
D		
E		

Starting Control Point

#8

Area:	
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