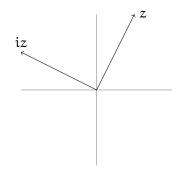
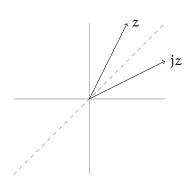
Complex

$$i^2 := -1$$
$$i(x + iy) = -y + ix$$



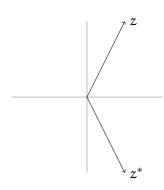
Hyperbolic

$$j^2 := +1$$
$$j(x + jy) = y + jx$$

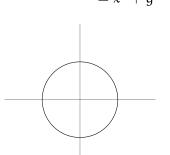


Conjugation and norm

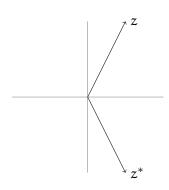
$$(x+iy)^* = x-iy$$



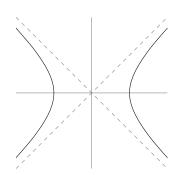
$$|z|^2 := zz^* = (x + iy)(x - iy)$$
$$= x^2 + y^2$$



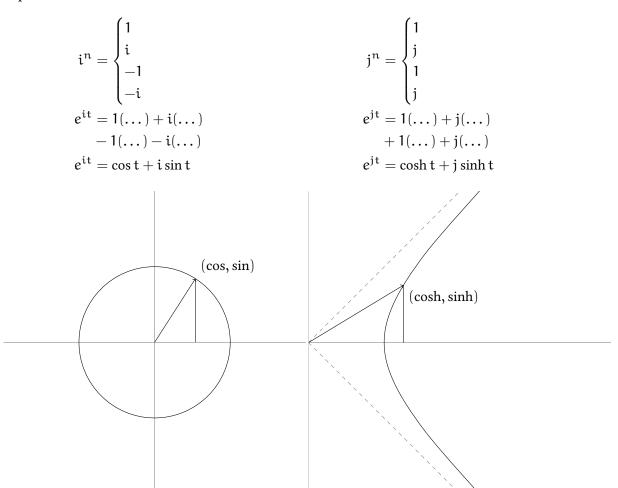
$$(x+jy)^* = x - jy$$



$$|z|^2 := zz^* = (x + jy)(x - jy)$$
$$= x^2 - y^2$$



Exponentiation



Pythagorean identity

$$\begin{array}{lll} e^{-it} = \cos(-t) + i\sin(-t) & e^{-jt} = \cosh(-t) + j\sinh(-t) \\ & = \cos t - i\sin t & = \cosh t - j\sinh t \\ e^{-it} = \left(e^{it}\right)^* & e^{-jt} = \left(e^{jt}\right)^* \\ \left|e^{it}\right|^2 = e^{it-it} & \left|e^{jt}\right|^2 = e^{jt-jt} \\ & = 1 & = 1 \\ 1 = \cos^2 t + \sin^2 t & 1 = \cosh^2 t - \sinh^2 t \end{array}$$

Pythagorean corollaries

$$\begin{array}{lll} \cos^2 t = 1 - \sin^2 t & \cosh^2 t = 1 + \sinh^2 t \\ \sin^2 t = 1 - \cos^2 t & \sinh^2 t = \cosh^2 t - 1 \\ \sec^2 t = 1 + \tan^2 t & \operatorname{sech}^2 t = 1 - \tanh^2 t \\ \csc^2 t = \cot^2 t + 1 & \operatorname{csch}^2 t = \coth^2 t - 1 \end{array}$$

Angle sum formulae

$$e^{i(A+B)} = e^{iA}e^{iB}$$

$$= (c_A + is_A)(c_B + is_B)$$

$$c_A | c_Ac_B | ic_As_B$$

$$is_A | ic_Bs_A | -s_As_B$$

$$\frac{\cos(A+B)}{+i\sin(A+B)} = \frac{c_Ac_B - s_As_B}{+i(c_Bs_A + c_As_B)}$$

Double angle

$$e^{2it} = (e^{it})^2$$

$$\cos 2t = \cos^2 t - \sin^2 t$$

$$i \sin 2t = i 2 \cos t \sin t$$

Double angle + Pythagorean

$$\cos 2t = \cos^2 t - (1 - \sin^2 t)$$

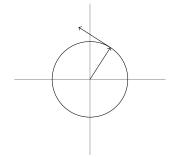
$$= 2\cos^2 t - 1$$

$$= (1 - \sin^2 t) - \sin^2 t$$

$$1 - 2\sin^2 t$$

Derivatives

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{it} \\ f'(t) &= ie^{it} \\ &= i(\cos t + i\sin t) \\ \cos' t + i\sin' t &= -\sin t + i\cos t \end{split}$$



$$sinh^{2} t = cosh^{2} t - 1$$

$$sech^{2} t = 1 - tanh^{2} t$$

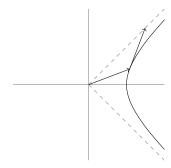
$$csch^{2} t = coth^{2} t - 1$$

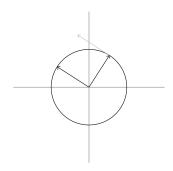
$$\begin{split} e^{j(A+B)} &= e^{jA} e^{jB} \\ &= (c_A + j s_A) (c_B + j s_B) \\ &\underline{ \begin{array}{c|c} c_B & j s_B \\ \hline c_A & c_A c_B & j c_A s_B \\ j s_A & j c_B s_A & + s_A s_B \end{array}} \\ &\underbrace{ \begin{array}{c|c} cosh(A+B) \\ + j sinh(A+B) \end{array}}_{} = \underbrace{ \begin{array}{c} c_A c_B + s_A s_B \\ + j (c_B s_A + c_A s_B) \end{array}} \end{split} \end{split}}$$

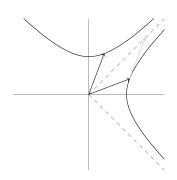
$$e^{2jt} = (e^{jt})^2$$
$$\cosh 2t = \cosh^2 t + \sinh^2 t$$
$$j \sinh 2t = j 2 \cosh t \sinh t$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cosh 2t &= \cosh 2t + (\cosh 2t - 1) \\ &= 2\cosh^2 t - 1 \\ &= (1 + \sinh^2 t) + \sinh^2 t \\ &= 1 + 2\sinh^2 t \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{jt} \\ f'(t) &= j e^{jt} \\ &= j (\cosh t + j \sinh t) \\ \cosh' t + j \sinh' t &= \sinh t + j \cosh t \end{split}$$







Dot and cross product

$$\begin{split} u^*v &= (\alpha - \mathrm{i}\beta)(\gamma + \mathrm{i}\delta) \\ &\frac{|\gamma|}{\alpha} \frac{\mathrm{i}\delta}{\alpha |\alpha\gamma|} \frac{\mathrm{i}\alpha\delta}{\mathrm{i}\alpha\delta} \\ &-\mathrm{i}\beta |-\mathrm{i}\beta\gamma| + \beta\delta \\ &= (\alpha\gamma + \beta\delta) + \mathrm{i}(\alpha\delta - \beta\gamma) \\ u^*v &= (u \cdot v) + \mathrm{i}(u \times v) \\ (\mathrm{i}z) \cdot z &= \Re(\mathrm{i}z^*z) = \Re(\mathrm{i}|z|^2) = 0 \end{split}$$

$$u^*v = (\alpha - j\beta)(\gamma + j\delta)$$

$$\frac{\gamma \qquad i\delta}{\alpha \qquad \alpha\gamma \qquad +j\alpha\delta}$$

$$-j\beta \qquad -j\beta\gamma \qquad -\beta\delta$$

$$= (\alpha\gamma - \beta\delta) + j(\alpha\delta - \beta\gamma)$$

$$u^*v = (u \cdot v) + j(u \times v)$$

$$(jz) \cdot z = \Re(jz^*z) = \Re(j|z|^2) = 0$$

Arc length

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{it} \\ S &= \int \sqrt{|f'(t)|^2} dt \\ &= \int \sqrt{|ie^{it}|^2} dt = \int \sqrt{1} dt \\ &= \Delta t \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{j\,t} \\ S &= \int \sqrt{-|f'(t)|^2} \, dt \\ &= \int \sqrt{|je^{j\,t}|^2} \, dt = \int \sqrt{-(-1)} \, dt \\ &= \Delta t \end{split}$$

Sector area

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \int f(t) \times f'(t) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \Im \left(f^*(t) f'(t) \right) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \Im \left(e^{-it} i e^{it} \right) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int 1 dt$$

$$= \frac{\Delta t}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \int f(t) \times f'(t) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \Im(f^*(t)f'(t)) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \Im(e^{-jt}je^{jt}) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int 1 dt$$

$$= \frac{\Delta t}{2}$$