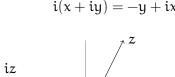
Complex

$$\begin{split} & \mathfrak{i}^2 \coloneqq -1 \\ & \mathfrak{i}(x+\mathfrak{i}y) = -y+\mathfrak{i}x \end{split}$$



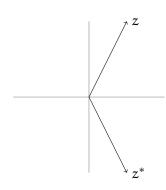
Hyperbolic

$$j^2 := +1$$
$$j(x + jy) = y + jx$$

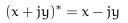


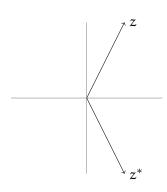
Conjugation and norm

$$(x+iy)^* = x - iy$$

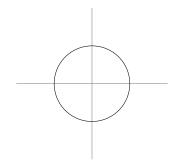


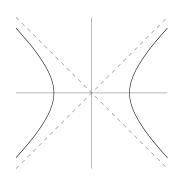
$$|z|^2 := zz^* = (x + iy)(x - iy)$$
$$= x^2 + y^2$$



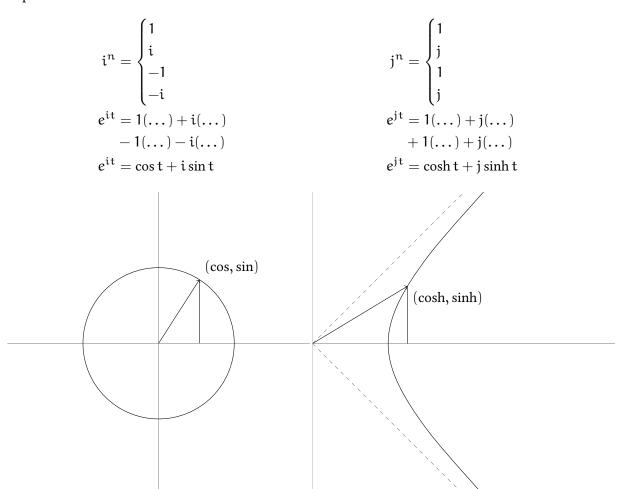


$$|z|^2 := zz^* = (x + jy)(x - jy)$$
$$= x^2 - y^2$$





Exponentiation



Pythagorean identity

$$\begin{array}{lll} e^{-it} = \cos(-t) + i\sin(-t) & e^{-jt} = \cosh(-t) + j\sinh(-t) \\ = \cos t - i\sin t & = \cosh t - j\sinh t \\ e^{-it} = \left(e^{it}\right)^* & e^{-jt} = \left(e^{jt}\right)^* \\ \left|e^{it}\right|^2 = e^{it-it} & \left|e^{jt}\right|^2 = e^{jt-jt} \\ = 1 & = 1 \\ 1 = \cos^2 t + \sin^2 t & 1 = \cosh^2 t - \sinh^2 t \end{array}$$

Pythagorean corollaries

$$\begin{aligned} \cos^2 t &= 1 - \sin^2 t & \cosh^2 t \\ \sin^2 t &= 1 - \cos^2 t & \sinh^2 t \\ \sec^2 t &= 1 + \tan^2 t & \operatorname{sech}^2 t \\ \csc^2 t &= \cot^2 t + 1 & \operatorname{csch}^2 t \end{aligned}$$

Angle sum formulae

$$e^{i(A+B)} = e^{iA}e^{iB}$$

$$= (c_A + is_A)(c_B + is_B)$$

$$c_B \quad is_B$$

$$c_A \quad c_A c_B \quad ic_A s_B$$

$$is_A \quad ic_B s_A \quad -s_A s_B$$

$$\cos(A + B) + i\sin(A + B) = c_A c_B - s_A s_B + i(c_B s_A + c_A s_B)$$

Double angle

$$e^{2it} = (e^{it})^{2}$$
$$\cos 2t = \cos^{2} t - \sin^{2} t$$
$$i \sin 2t = i 2 \cos t \sin t$$

Double angle + Pythagorean

$$\cos 2t = \cos^2 t - (1 - \cos^2 t)$$

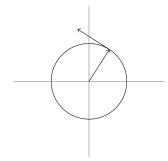
$$= 2\cos^2 t - 1$$

$$= (1 - \sin^2 t) - \sin^2 t$$

$$1 - 2\sin^2 t$$

Derivatives

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{it} \\ f'(t) &= ie^{it} \\ &= i(\cos t + i\sin t) \\ \cos' t + i\sin' t &= -\sin t + i\cos t \end{split}$$



$$\cosh^{2} t = 1 + \sinh^{2} t$$
$$\sinh^{2} t = \cosh^{2} t - 1$$
$$\operatorname{sech}^{2} t = 1 - \tanh^{2} t$$

$$\operatorname{csch}^2 t = \operatorname{coth}^2 t - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} e^{j(A+B)} &= e^{jA}e^{jB} \\ &= (c_A + js_A)(c_B + js_B) \\ &= \frac{c_B \quad js_B}{c_A \quad c_Ac_B \quad jc_As_B} \\ &= \frac{js_A \quad jc_Bs_A \quad +s_As_B}{js_A \quad jc_Bs_A \quad +s_As_B} \\ &= \frac{c_Ac_B + s_As_B}{+j(c_Bs_A + c_As_B)} \end{aligned}$$

$$e^{2jt} = (e^{jt})^{2}$$

$$\cosh 2t = \cosh^{2} t + \sinh^{2} t$$

$$j \sinh 2t = j 2 \cosh t \sinh t$$

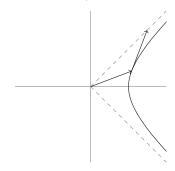
$$\cosh 2t = \cosh^2 t + (\cosh^2 t - 1)$$

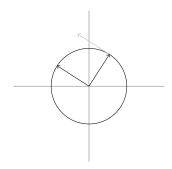
$$= 2\cosh^2 t - 1$$

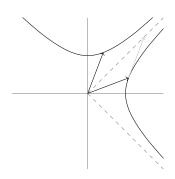
$$= (1 + \sinh^2 t) + \sinh^2 t$$

$$= 1 + 2\sinh^2 t$$

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{j\,t} \\ f'(t) &= je^{j\,t} \\ &= j(\cosh t + j \sinh t) \\ \cosh' t + j \sinh' t &= \sinh t + j \cosh t \end{split}$$







Dot and cross product

$$u^*v = (\alpha - i\beta)(\gamma + i\delta)$$

$$\frac{\begin{vmatrix} \gamma & i\delta \\ \alpha & \alpha\gamma & i\alpha\delta \end{vmatrix}}{-i\beta - i\beta\gamma + \beta\delta}$$

$$= (\alpha\gamma + \beta\delta) + i(\alpha\delta - \beta\gamma)$$

$$u^*v = (u \cdot v) + i(u \times v)$$

$$(iz) \cdot z = \Re(iz^*z) = \Re(i|z|^2) = 0$$

$$u^*v = (\alpha - j\beta)(\gamma + j\delta)$$

$$\frac{|\gamma|}{\alpha} \frac{i\delta}{\alpha \gamma + j\alpha\delta}$$

$$-j\beta |-j\beta\gamma| - \beta\delta$$

$$= (\alpha\gamma - \beta\delta) + j(\alpha\delta - \beta\gamma)$$

$$u^*v = (u \cdot v) + j(u \times v)$$

$$(jz) \cdot z = \Re(jz^*z) = \Re(j|z|^2) = 0$$

Arc length

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{it} \\ S &= \int \sqrt{|f'(t)|^2} dt \\ &= \int \sqrt{|ie^{it}|^2} dt = \int \sqrt{1} dt \\ &= \Delta t \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{j\,t} \\ S &= \int \sqrt{-|f'(t)|^2} \, dt \\ &= \int \sqrt{|je^{j\,t}|^2} \, dt = \int \sqrt{-(-1)} \, dt \\ &= \Delta t \end{split}$$

Sector area

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \int f(t) \times f'(t) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \Im \left(f^*(t) f'(t) \right) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \Im \left(e^{-it} i e^{it} \right) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int 1 dt$$

$$= \frac{\Delta t}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \int f(t) \times f'(t) dt$$

$$= = \frac{1}{2} \int \Im(f^*(t)f'(t)) dt$$

$$= = \frac{1}{2} \int \Im(e^{-jt}je^{jt}) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int 1 dt$$

$$= \frac{\Delta t}{2}$$

 $\mathrm{SO}(2), \mathrm{SO}^+(+,-)$: Multiplying by imaginary exponents preserves inner product and area!

$$\begin{array}{ll} \left(e^{it}u\right)\cdot\left(e^{it}v\right) & \left(e^{jt}u\right)\cdot\left(e^{jt}v\right) \\ + \left(e^{it}u\right)\times\left(e^{it}v\right) & \left(e^{it}v\right) & \left(e^{jt}u\right)\times\left(e^{jt}v\right) \\ & = e^{-it}u^*e^{it}v & = e^{-jt}u^*e^{jt}v \\ & = u^*v & = u\cdot v + i\,u\times v & = u\cdot v + j\,u\times v \end{array}$$

