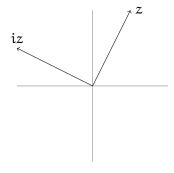
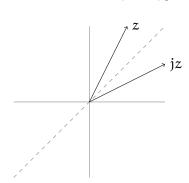
Complex

$$i^2 := -1$$
$$i(x + iy) = -y + ix$$



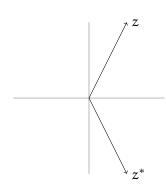
Hyperbolic

$$j^2 := +1$$
$$j(x + jy) = y + jx$$

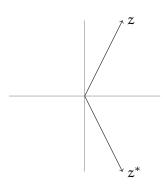


Conjugation and norm

$$(x+iy)^* = x-iy$$

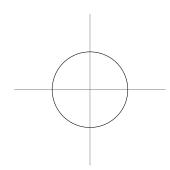


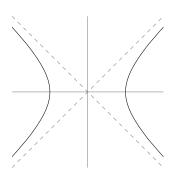
$$(x+jy)^* = x-jy$$



$$|z|^2 := zz^* = (x + iy)(x - iy)$$
$$= x^2 + y^2$$

$$|z|^2 := zz^* = (x + jy)(x - jy)$$
$$= x^2 - y^2$$





Exponentiation

$$i^{n} = \begin{cases} 1\\ i\\ -1\\ -i \end{cases}$$

$$e^{it} = 1(\dots) + i(\dots)$$

$$-1(\dots) - i(\dots)$$

$$e^{it} = \cos t + i \sin t$$

$$e^{jt} = 1(\dots) + j(\dots)$$

$$+ 1(\dots) + j(\dots)$$

$$e^{jt} = \cosh t + j \sinh t$$

$$(\cos h, \sinh)$$

Pythagorean identity

$$\begin{array}{lll} e^{-it} = \cos(-t) + i\sin(-t) & e^{-jt} = \cosh(-t) + j\sinh(-t) \\ & = \cos t - i\sin t & = \cosh t - j\sinh t \\ e^{-it} = \left(e^{it}\right)^* & e^{-jt} = \left(e^{jt}\right)^* \\ \left|e^{it}\right|^2 = e^{it-it} & \left|e^{jt}\right|^2 = e^{jt-jt} \\ & = 1 & = 1 \\ 1 = \cos^2 t + \sin^2 t & 1 = \cosh^2 t - \sinh^2 t \end{array}$$

Pythagorean corollaries

$$cos2 t = 1 - sin2 t$$

$$sin2 t = 1 - cos2 t$$

$$sec2 t = 1 + tan2 t$$

$$csc2 t = cot2 t + 1$$

Angle sum formulae

$$e^{i(A+B)} = e^{iA}e^{iB}$$

$$= (c_A + is_A)(c_B + is_B)$$

$$c_B is_B$$

$$c_A c_Ac_B ic_As_B$$

$$is_A ic_Bs_A -s_As_B$$

$$cos(A + B) = c_A c_B - s_A s_B
+i sin(A + B) = +i(c_B s_A + c_A s_B)$$

Double angle

$$e^{2it} = (e^{it})^{2}$$

$$\cos 2t = \cos^{2} t - \sin^{2} t$$

$$i \sin 2t = i 2 \cos t \sin t$$

Double angle + Pythagorean

$$\cos 2t = \cos^2 t - (1 - \cos^2 t)$$

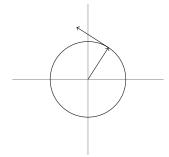
$$= 2\cos^2 t - 1$$

$$= (1 - \sin^2 t) - \sin^2 t$$

$$1 - 2\sin^2 t$$

Derivatives

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{it} \\ f'(t) &= ie^{it} \\ &= i(\cos t + i\sin t) \\ \cos' t + i\sin' t &= -\sin t + i\cos t \end{split}$$



$$cosh2 t = 1 + sinh2 t$$

$$sinh2 t = cosh2 t - 1$$

$$sech2 t = 1 - tanh2 t$$

$$csch2 t = coth2 t - 1$$

$$\begin{aligned} e^{j(A+B)} &= e^{jA}e^{jB} \\ &= (c_A + js_A)(c_B + js_B) \\ &\underline{ & c_B \quad js_B \\ c_A \quad c_Ac_B \quad jc_As_B \\ js_A \quad jc_Bs_A \quad +s_As_B \\ } \\ &\underbrace{ \cosh(A+B) }_{+j\sinh(A+B)} = \underbrace{ c_Ac_B + s_As_B \\ +j(c_Bs_A + c_As_B) } \end{aligned}$$

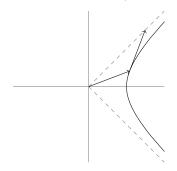
$$e^{2jt} = (e^{jt})^2$$

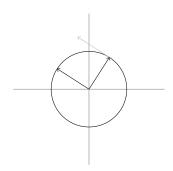
$$\cosh 2t = \cosh^2 t + \sinh^2 t$$

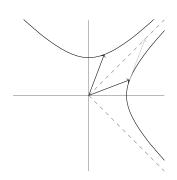
$$j \sinh 2t = j 2 \cosh t \sinh t$$

$$cosh 2t = cosh^{2} t + (cosh^{2} t - 1)
= 2 cosh^{2} t - 1
= (1 + sinh^{2} t) + sinh^{2} t
= 1 + 2 sinh^{2} t$$

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{jt} \\ f'(t) &= je^{jt} \\ &= j(\cosh t + j \sinh t) \\ \cosh' t + j \sinh' t &= \sinh t + j \cosh t \end{split}$$







Dot and cross product

$$u^*v = (\alpha - i\beta)(\gamma + i\delta)$$

$$\frac{|\gamma|}{\alpha} \frac{i\delta}{\alpha |\alpha\gamma|} \frac{i\delta}{i\alpha\delta}$$

$$-i\beta |-i\beta\gamma| + \beta\delta$$

$$= (\alpha\gamma + \beta\delta) + i(\alpha\delta - \beta\gamma)$$

$$u^*v = (u \cdot v) + i(u \times v)$$

$$(iz) \cdot z = \Re(iz^*z) = \Re(i|z|^2) = 0$$

$$u^*v = (\alpha - j\beta)(\gamma + j\delta)$$

$$\frac{|\gamma|}{\alpha} \frac{i\delta}{\alpha + j\alpha\delta}$$

$$-j\beta - j\beta\gamma - \beta\delta$$

$$= (\alpha\gamma - \beta\delta) + j(\alpha\delta - \beta\gamma)$$

$$u^*v = (u \cdot v) + j(u \times v)$$

$$(jz) \cdot z = \Re(jz^*z) = \Re(j|z|^2) = 0$$

Arc length

$$f(t) := e^{it}$$

$$S = \int \sqrt{|f'(t)|^2} dt$$

$$= \int \sqrt{|ie^{it}|^2} dt = \int \sqrt{1} dt$$

$$= \Delta t$$

$$\begin{split} f(t) &\coloneqq e^{jt} \\ S &= \int \sqrt{-|f'(t)|^2} dt \\ &= \int \sqrt{|je^{jt}|^2} dt = \int \sqrt{-(-1)} dt \\ &= \Delta t \end{split}$$

Sector area

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \int f(t) \times f'(t) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \Im \left(f^*(t) f'(t) \right) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int \Im \left(e^{-it} i e^{it} \right) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int 1 dt$$

$$= \frac{\Delta t}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \int f(t) \times f'(t) dt$$

$$= = \frac{1}{2} \int \Im(f^*(t)f'(t)) dt$$

$$= = \frac{1}{2} \int \Im(e^{-jt}je^{jt}) dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \int 1 dt$$

$$= \frac{\Delta t}{2}$$

SO⁺(2): Multiplying by imaginary exponents preserves inner product and area!

$$\begin{split} \left(e^{it}u\right)^*\left(e^{it}\nu\right) &= \left(e^{it}u\right)\cdot\left(e^{it}\nu\right) + i\left(e^{it}\nu\right)\times\left(e^{it}u\right) &\qquad \left(e^{jt}u\right)^*\left(e^{jt}\nu\right) = \left(e^{jt}u\right)\cdot\left(e^{jt}\nu\right) + j\left(e^{jt}\nu\right)\times\left(e^{jt}u\right) \\ &= e^{-it}u^*e^{it}\nu &\qquad \qquad = e^{-jt}u^*e^{jt}\nu \\ &= u^*\nu &\qquad \qquad = u^*\nu \\ &= u\cdot\nu + i\,u\times\nu &\qquad \qquad = u\cdot\nu + j\,u\times\nu \end{split}$$