

Lab 9 - Authentication

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Learn the basics of authentication for web applications. Explore the provided [Django Rest Framework](#) applications utilizing [HTTP Basic](#), [HTTP Token](#), and [HTTP Session](#) authentication. Understand the high-level intention behind [OAuth/OAuth2](#) and the security implications behind these different authentication schemes.

Fork and clone the authentication lab repository.

- [github.com/uofa-cmp404/authentication-lab](#)

Follow the Getting Started instructions and run the application locally.

```
virtualenv venv --python=python3
source venv/bin/activate
pip install -r requirements
./manage.py migrate
./manage.py createsuperuser
./manage.py runserver
```

Navigate to the `/api` route and log into the browsable API. Create a new code snippet.

Question 1: What authentication scheme is used by default in Django Rest Framework's browsable API? How is this managed?

In a new terminal, use `httpie` to query the api endpoints.

```
http POST http://127.0.0.1:8000/api/snippets/ code="print(123)"

http -a username:password POST http://127.0.0.1:8000/api/snippets/ code="print(123)"
```

Question 2: What authentication scheme is used by `httpie` when querying with the `-a` or `--auth` option flag?

Configure Token Authentication

Official documentation can be found [here](#).

Within `authlab/settings.py`, add `rest_framework.authtoken` into the `INSTALLED_APPS` setting, include `TokenAuthentication` in the Django Rest Framework settings.

```
INSTALLED_APPS = [
    # ...
    'rest_framework',
    'rest_framework.authtoken'
]

# ...
# Django Rest Framework
REST_FRAMEWORK = {
    'DEFAULT_PAGINATION_CLASS': 'rest_framework.pagination.PageNumberPagination',
    'PAGE_SIZE': 10,
    'DEFAULT_AUTHENTICATION_CLASSES': (
        'rest_framework.authentication.BasicAuthentication',
        'rest_framework.authentication.SessionAuthentication',
        'rest_framework.authentication.TokenAuthentication'
    )
}
```

Run `./manage.py migrate` after changing the settings.

Register the token model in the Django project admin dashboard. Update `client/admin.py` to be the following:

```
from rest_framework.authtoken.admin import TokenAdmin

TokenAdmin.raw_id_fields = ('user',)
```

Navigate to the Django admin dashboard and create a new token for your user.

Use `httpie` to create a new code snippet using token authentication.

Replace `YOUR_TOKEN` with your token in the following command:

```
http POST http://127.0.0.1:8000/api/snippets/ "Authorization:Token YOUR_TOKEN" code="print('Token works')"
```

For example, if your token is `56b9afcaccad879e5bd9b39fe622927f17163092`, then you should run the command:

```
http POST http://127.0.0.1:8000/api/snippets/ "Authorization:Token 56b9afcaccad879e5bd9b39fe622927f17163092" code="print('Token works')"
```

Question 3: What is the difference between Session Authentication and Token Authentication? How is Token Authentication an improvement over Basic Authentication?

Identity and Authentication

Identity management on the web can be a difficult problem. Consider the following features a good web application may have for identity management:

- Forgot Password/Forgot Username workflows
- Email verification
- Sign in with [Google](#), [Facebook](#), [GitHub](#), etc.
- Password-less authentication ([Medium](#), [Slack](#), [WhatsApp](#))
- Two Factor Authentication:
 - by sending a One Time Password (OTP) through voice to a phone number
 - by sending a OTP text message to a mobile number
 - utilizing a Time-based or [HMAC-based OTP](#) algorithm
 - using Hardware Tokens ([YubiKey](#), [Solo](#))

Question 4: Provide a high level summary of what happens during an OAuth2 authentication flow. For instance: `bitbucket.org` > `Log In` > `Log in with Google`. What happens when I click "Log in with Google"?

Question 5: Please provide a link to your code.

- Hint: [DigitalOcean introduction to OAuth2](#)

Optional: Configure your Django project and Django Rest Framework API to utilize OAuth2.

- [Auth0 Django bindings and tutorial](#)
- Additionally, you can use [github.com/jazzband/django-oauth-toolkit](#) to create an OAuth2 provider for others to use.
- You are not expected to implement OAuth for your project!*