Colocrein Probabilitati si Statistica Mihai Radu-Joan GRUPA 232

1. 
$$P(B|A) = 0,99$$

$$P(B|A') = 0,005$$

$$P(A) = \frac{0,1}{100} \Rightarrow P(A') = 0,999$$

$$P(B|A) = \frac{P(A|B) \cdot P(B)}{P(A)}$$

$$P(B|A) = 1 - P(B'|A) \Rightarrow P(B'|A) = 0,01$$

$$P(B|A') = 1 - P(B'|A') \Rightarrow P(B'|A') = 0,935$$

Din Th. lin Bayes =>  $P(B) = P(B|A) \cdot P(A) + P(B|A^{c}) \cdot P(A^{c}) = 0,99 \cdot 0,001 + 0,005 \cdot 0,999 = 0,00099 + 0,004995 = 0,005985$ Th. lin Bayes =>  $P(A|B) = \frac{P(B|A) \cdot P(A)}{P(B)} = \frac{0,99 \cdot 0,001}{0,005985} = \frac{0,00099}{0,005985} \sim 0,165$ 

P(X>0)=1 X variabilis destrone => => I X vorisleila discreta => fx =0 m convine II × absolut continuo.  $E\left(\chi^{2020}\right) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} t^{2020} f_{\chi}(t) dt$ E(X2020)=5 E (x 2020) =0 => \int 2020 \( \frac{1}{4} \times (4) old =0 Stim coi  $t^{2020}$   $f_x(t) \ge 0$ Du  $t^{2020}$  fx  $(t)=0 \Leftrightarrow f_{x}(t)=0$ => Nu existà X voribilor absolut continua an E(x2080) = 0 M x continua Demonstratie: analog ca la II Din I, II si III => Nu exista voriabile olestoore X en proproetatile cerute.