

# Final examination of Introduction to Networking

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1. **Questions.** Suppose two hosts  $A$  and  $B$ , separated by 1,000 km, and connected by a direct link of  $R = 1$  Mbps. Propagation speed of the link is  $2.5 \times 10^8$  m/sec.
  - (a) Calculate the *bandwidth-delay product*  $R \times d_{\text{prop}}$ .
  - (b) Consider sending a file of 400,000 bits from host  $A$  to host  $B$ . Suppose the file is sent continuously as one big message. What is the maximum number of bits that we will be in the link at any given time?
  - (c) Provide an interpretation of the bandwidth-delay product.
  - (d) What is the width (in meters) of a bit in the link?
2. **Question.** Referring to question 1, suppose we can modify  $R$ . For what value of  $R$  is the width of a bit as long as the length of the link?
3. **Question.** What are the advantages of message segmentation in packet-switched networks? What are the disadvantages?
4. **Question.** Is HFC bandwidth dedicated or shared among users? Are collisions possible in a downstream HFC channel?
5. **Question.** List five tasks that a protocol layer can perform. Is it possible that one (or more) of these tasks could be performed by two (or more) layers?
6. **Questions.** True or false?
  - (a) Suppose a user requests a Web page that consists of some text and two images. For this page the client will send one request and receive three response messages.
  - (b) Two distinct Web pages can be sent over the same persistent connection.
  - (c) With non-persistent connections between browser and origin server, it is possible for a single TCP segment to carry two distinct HTTP request messages.
  - (d) The **Date:** header in the HTTP response message indicates when the object in the response was last modified.