DSE 210: Probability and statistics

Winter 2018

Worksheet 9 — Clustering

1. For this problem, we'll be using the animals with attributes data set. Go to

```
http://attributes.kyb.tuebingen.mpg.de
```

and, under "Downloads", choose the "base package" (the very first file in the list). Unzip it and look over the various text files.

- 2. This is a small data set that has information about 50 animals. The animals are listed in classes.txt. For each animal, the information consists of values for 85 features: does the animal have a tail, is it slow, does it have tusks, etc. The details of the features are in predicates.txt. The full data consists of a 50 × 85 matrix of real values, in predicate-matrix-continuous.txt. There is also a binarized version of this data, in predicate-matrix-binary.txt.
- 3. Load the real-valued array, and also the animal names, into Python. Run k-means on the data (from sklearn.cluster) and ask for k = 10 clusters. For each cluster, list the animals in it. Does the clustering make sense?
- 4. Now hierarchically cluster this data, using scipy.cluster.hierarchy.linkage. Choose Ward's method, and plot the resulting tree using the dendrogram method, setting the orientation parameter to 'right' and labeling each leaf with the corresponding animal name.

You will run into a problem: the plot is too cramped because the default figure size is so small. To make it larger, preface your code with the following:

```
from pylab import rcParams
rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 5, 10
```

(or try a different size if this doesn't seem quite right). Does the hierarchical clustering seem sensible to you?

5. Turn in an iPython notebook with a transcript of all this experimentation.