WEEKEND ASSIGNMENT

Write the Pseudocode and Flowchart for the problem statements mentioned below:

1. Smart Home Temperature Control Problem Statement:

Design a temperature control system for a smart home. The system should read the current temperature from a sensor every minute and compare it to a user-defined setpoint.

Requirements: • If the current temperature is above the setpoint, activate the cooling system. • If the current temperature is below the setpoint, activate the heating system. • Display the current temperature and setpoint on an LCD screen. • Include error handling for sensor failures.

PSEUDOCODE:

- 1.Initialize LCD screen
- 2.Intialize Temperature sensor
- 3.Initialize cooling and heating system
- 4. Set the setpoint(user defined)

Display the setpoint on the LCD screen

5. Every minute:

Try:

Read current temperature

If current temperature>setpoint

Display the current temperature on LCD screen

Activate cooling system

Else if current temperature<setpoint

Display the current temperature on LCD screen

Activate heating system

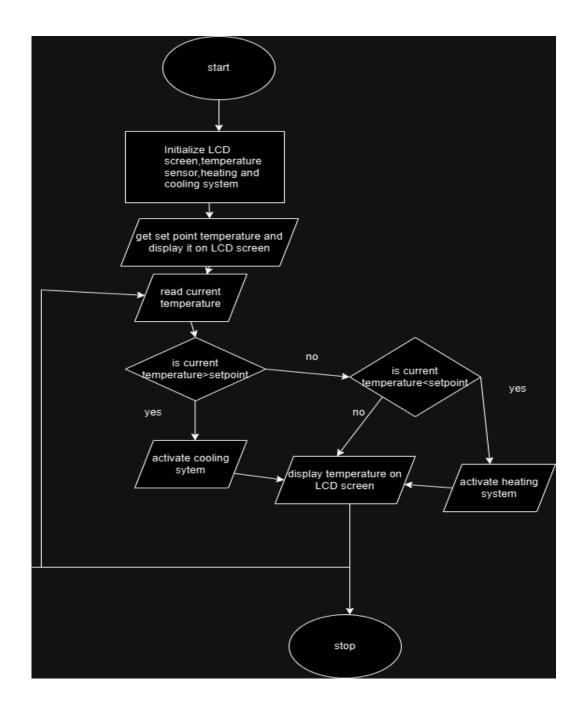
Else:

Display stable temperature on LCD screen

Catch sensor failure:

Display error message on LCD screen

Deactivate heating and cooling system



2. Automated Plant Watering System

Problem Statement:

Create an automated watering system for plants that checks soil moisture levels and waters the plants accordingly.

- Read soil moisture level from a sensor every hour.
- If moisture level is below a defined threshold, activate the water pump for a specified duration.

- Log the watering events with timestamps to an SD card.
- Provide feedback through an LED indicator (e.g., LED ON when watering)

```
START
```

Initialize soil moisture sensor

Initialize water pump

Initialize SD card for logging watering events

Initialize LED indicator

Set moisture threshold

Set water pump activation duration

every hour:

Try:

Read soil moisture level

if soil moisture level < threshold

Turn ON LED indicator

Activate water pump for specified duration

Log "Watering event" with timestamp to SD card

Turn OFF water pump(after specified duration)

Turn OFF LED indicator

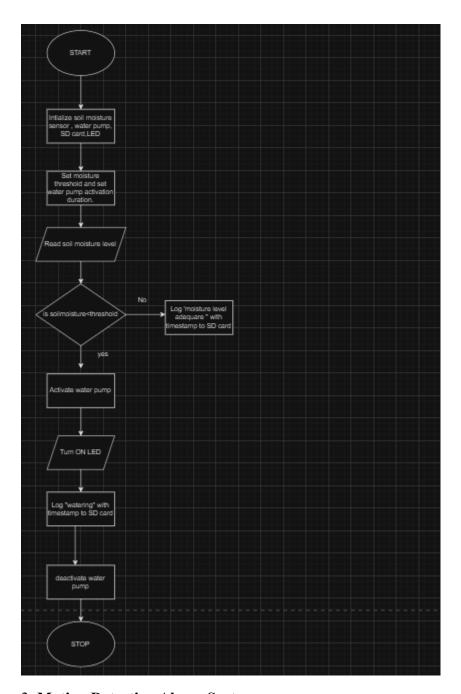
Else

Log "Moisture level adequate" with timestamp to SD card

Catch sensor failure:

Log "Sensor failure" with timestamp to SD card

Deactivate water pump



3. Motion Detection Alarm System

Problem Statement:

Develop a security alarm system that detects motion using a PIR sensor.

- Continuously monitor motion detection status.
- If motion is detected for more than 5 seconds, trigger an alarm (buzzer).
- Send a notification to a mobile device via UART communication.
- Include a reset mechanism to deactivate the alarm.

START

Initialize PIR sensor

Intialize buzzer

Intialize UART communication

Check /Read PIR sensor status

If motion detected

If time>5seconds:

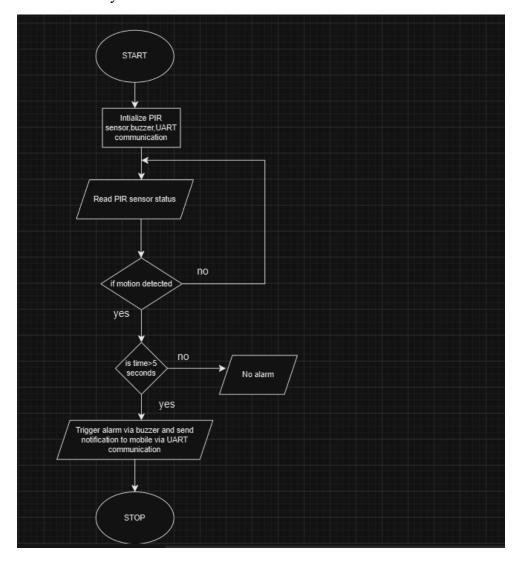
Trigger alarm via buzzer

Send notification to mobile via UART communication

Else:

No alarm

Reset the system



4. Heart Rate Monitor

Problem Statement:

Implement a heart rate monitoring application that reads data from a heart rate sensor.

Requirements:

- Sample heart rate data every second and calculate the average heart rate over one minute.
- If the heart rate exceeds 100 beats per minute, trigger an alert (buzzer).
- Display current heart rate and average heart rate on an LCD screen.
- Log heart rate data to an SD card for later analysis.

PSEUDOCODE

START

Intialize heart rate sensor

Intialize buzzer

Intialize LCD screen

Intialize SD card

Initialize total heartrate=0

For each second

Try:

Read current heart rate

Total heartrate+= current heartrate

Display current heartrate on LCD screen

If current heart rate>100

Trigger alarm using buzzer

End if

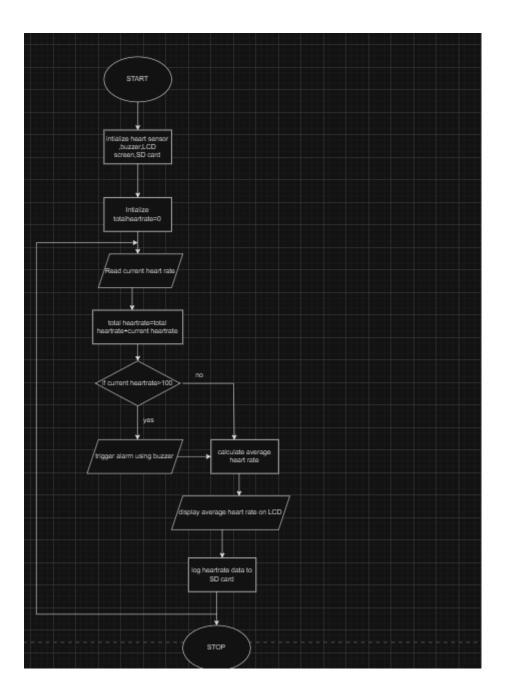
Catch sensor error:

Display sensor error on LCD

Calculate average heart rate=total heartrate/60

Display average heart rate on LCD screen

Log heart rate data to an SD card for later analysis



5.LED Control Based on Light Sensor

Problem Statement:

Create an embedded application that controls an LED based on ambient light levels detected by a light sensor.

- Read light intensity from the sensor every minute.
- If light intensity is below a certain threshold, turn ON the LED; otherwise, turn it OFF.
- Include a manual override switch that allows users to control the LED regardless of sensor input.

• Provide status feedback through another LED (e.g., blinking when in manual mode).

PSEUDOCODE

START

Intialize light sensor

Intialize manual override switch

Intialize LED

Set the threshold

For every minute

If manual override switch is On

Turn on status feedback LED

Else

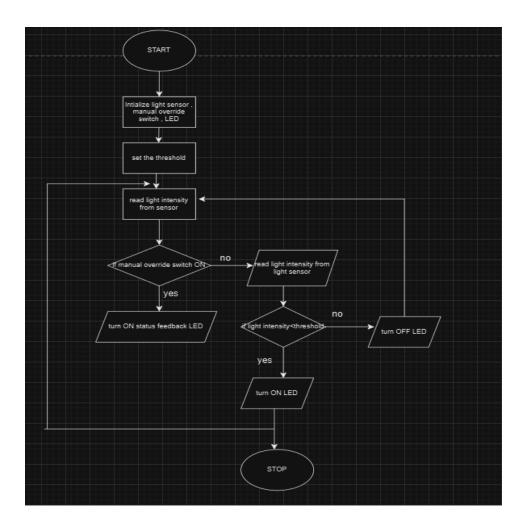
Read light intensity from light sensor

If light intensity<threshold

Turn ON LED

Else

Turn OFF LED



6. Digital Stopwatch

Problem Statement:

Design a digital stopwatch application that can start, stop, and reset using button inputs.

Requirements:

- Use buttons for Start, Stop, and Reset functionalities.
- Display elapsed time on an LCD screen in hours, minutes, and seconds format.
- Include functionality to pause and resume timing without resetting.
- Log start and stop times to an SD card when stopped.

PSEUDOCODE

START

Initialize start button, stop button, reset button

Initialize LCD

Initialize SD card

Check start button

If start button is pressed then

Log start time to SD card

Check stop button

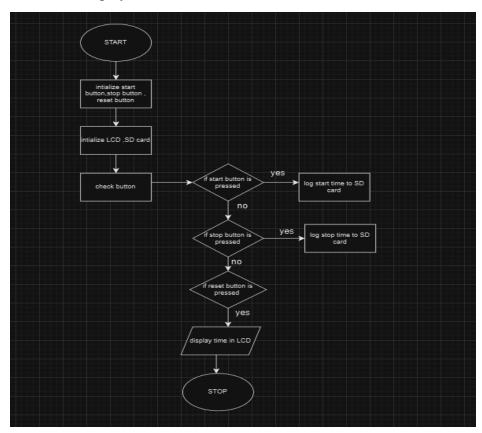
if stop button is pressed then

Log stop time to SD card

Check reset button

If reset button is pressed then

Display time in LCD



7. Temperature Logging System

Problem Statement:

Implement a temperature logging system that records temperature data at regular intervals.

- Read temperature from a sensor every 10 minutes.
- Store each reading along with its timestamp in an array or log file.

- Provide functionality to retrieve and display historical data upon request.
- Include error handling for sensor read failures.

START

Initialize sensor

Initialize array to store temperature and timestamp

For every 10 minute

Read temperature from sensor

Store the temperature and timestamp in an array

Check for data retrieval request

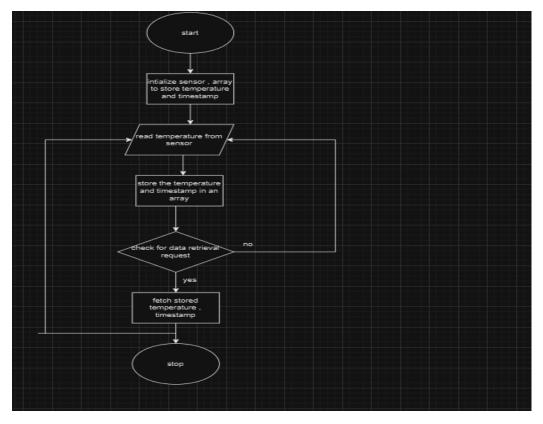
If yes

Fetch stored temperature, timestamp

Display the historical data

Else

Continue reading temperature



8. Bluetooth Controlled Robot

Problem Statement:

Create an embedded application for controlling a robot via Bluetooth commands.

Requirements:

- Establish Bluetooth communication with a mobile device.
- Implement commands for moving forward, backward, left, and right.
- Include speed control functionality based on received commands.
- Provide feedback through LEDs indicating the current state (e.g., moving or stopped).

PSEUDOCODE

START

Initialize Bluetooth module

Initialize LEDs for feedback

check Bluetooth commands

If command received

If command is "forward"

Set the device to move forward

Provide feedback through LED

Else if command is "backward"

Set device to move backward

Provide feedback through LED

Else if command is "left"

Set device to turn left

Provide feedback through LED

Else if command is "right"

Set device to turn right

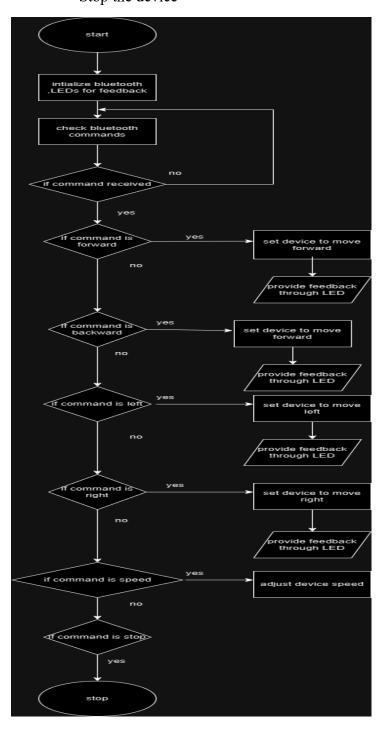
Provide feedback through LED

Else if command is "speed"

Adjust the device speed

Else if command is "stop"

Stop the device



9. Battery Monitoring System

Problem Statement:

Develop a battery monitoring system that checks battery voltage levels periodically and alerts if voltage drops below a safe threshold.

Requirements:

- Measure battery voltage every minute using an ADC (Analog-to-Digital Converter).
- If voltage falls below 11V, trigger an alert (buzzer) and log the event to memory.
- Display current voltage on an LCD screen continuously.
- Implement power-saving features to reduce energy consumption during idle periods.

PSEUDOCODE

START

Initialize ADC

Initialize buzzer

Initialize LCD screen

Initialize power-saving modes

Set voltage threshold to 11V

For every minute

Measure voltage using ADC

Display current voltage on LCD screen

IF voltage < 11V THEN

Activate buzzer

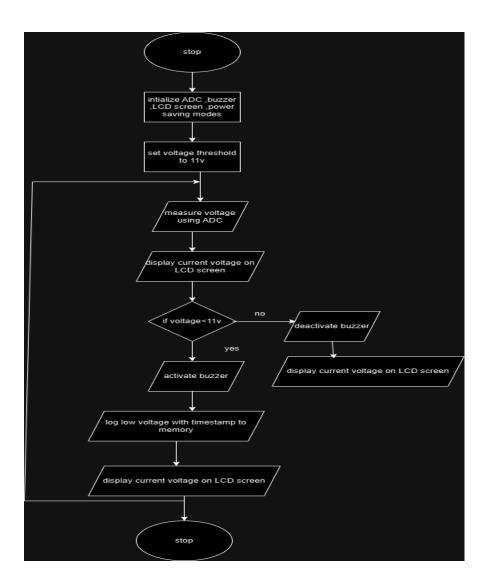
Log "Low voltage alert" with timestamp to memory

Display current voltage on LCD screen

ELSE

Deactivate buzzer

Display current voltage on LCD screen



10. RFID-Based Access Control System

Problem Statement:

Design an access control system using RFID technology to grant or deny access based on scanned RFID tags.

- Continuously monitor for RFID tag scans using an RFID reader.
- Compare scanned tags against an authorized list stored in memory.
- Grant access by activating a relay if the tag is authorized; otherwise, deny access with an alert (buzzer).
- Log access attempts (successful and unsuccessful) with timestamps to an SD card.

START

Initialize RFID reader

Initialize buzzer

Initialize SD card for logging

WAIT for RFID tag scan

IF RFID tag scanned THEN

GET scanned RFID tag

IF scanned RFID tag is in authorized list THEN

Activate relay to grant access

Log "Access granted" with timestamp to SD card

ELSE

Activate buzzer to deny access

Log "Access denied" with timestamp to SD card

