

✓ **Congratulations! You passed!**

Grade
received **90%**

Latest Submission
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higher

Go to next item

1. What is the output of the following code?

1 / 1 point

```

1  x="Go"
2
3  if(x=="Go"):
4      print('Go ')
5
6
7  else:
8      print('Stop')
9
10
11 print('Mike')
```

- ☒ Go Mike
- ☐ Mike
- ☐ Stop Mike

✓ **Correct**

2. What is the result of the following lines of code?

1 / 1 point

```

1  x=1
2  x>=-5
```

- ☒ True
- ☐ False

✓ **Correct**
Correct

3. What is the output of the following few lines of code?

1 / 1 point

```

1  x=5
2  while(x!=2):
3      print(x)
4      x=x-1
5
```

- ☒ 5
- 4
- 3
- ☐ 5
- 4
- 3
- 2
- ☐ the program will never leave the loop

✓ **Correct**
Correct

4. What is the result of running the following lines of code ?

1 / 1 point

```
1 class Points(object):
2     def __init__(self,x,y):
3
4         self.x=x
5         self.y=y
6
7     def print_point(self):
8
9         print('x=',self.x,' y=',self.y)
10
11 p1=Points(1,2)
12 p1.print_point()
```

- ☐ x=1;
- ☒ x=1 y=2
- ☐ y=2

✓ Correct
correct

5. What is the output of the following few lines of code?

1 / 1 point

```
1 for i,x in enumerate(['A','B','C']):
2     print(i+1,x)
```

- ☒ 1 A
- 2 B
- 3 C
- ☐ 0 A
- 1 B
- 2 C
- ☐ 0 AA
- 1 BB
- 2 CC

✓ Correct
Correct

6. What is the result of running the following lines of code ?

1 / 1 point

```
1 class Points(object):
2     def __init__(self,x,y):
3
4         self.x=x
5         self.y=y
6
7     def print_point(self):
8
9         print('x=',self.x,' y=',self.y)
10
11 p2=Points(1,2)
12
13 p2.x=2
14
15 p2.print_point()
```

- ☒ x=2 y=2
- ☐ x=1 y=2
- ☐ x=1 y=1

✓ Correct
correct,

7. Consider the function step. when will the function return a value of 1?

1 / 1 point

Select the correct step; then, run the program using a test case.

1 / 1 point

```
1 def step(x):
2     if x>0:
3         y=1
4     else:
5         y=0
6     return y
```

- ☒ if x is larger than 0
- ☐ if x is equal to or less than zero
- ☐ if x is less than zero

✓ **Correct**
correct, the value of y is 1 only if x is larger than 0

8. What is the output of the following lines of code?

1 / 1 point

```
1 a=1
2
3 def do(x):
4     return(x+a)
5
6 print(do(1))
```

- ☒ 2
- ☐ 1
- ☐ NameError: name 'a' is not defined

✓ **Correct**
correct, the value of **a** in the global scope will be used

9. Write a function name **add** that takes two parameter **a** and **b**, then return the output of **a + b** (Do not use any other variable! You do not need to run it. Only write the code about how you define it.)

0 / 1 point

```
1 def add(a):
2     """
3     add 1 to a
4     """
5     b = a + 1
6     print(a, "if you add one", b)
7     return(b)
8
9 help(add)
```

Run

Reset

✗ **Incorrect**

Expected method 'add' to be defined as:

```
def add(a, b):
...
```

10. Why is it best practice to have multiple except statements with each type of error labeled correctly?

1 / 1 point

- ☐ Ensure the error is caught so the program will terminate
- ☒ In order to know what type of error was thrown and the location within the program
- ☐ To skip over certain blocks of code during execution
- ☐ It is not necessary to label errors

✓ **Correct**