## Appendix C Trigonometric and Other Formulae

$$\sin(-x) = -\sin x$$

$$\cos(-x) = \cos x$$

$$\tan x = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$\sin(\omega t) = \cos(\omega t - 90)$$

$$\cos(\omega t) = \sin(\omega t + 90)$$

$$\sin(x \pm y) = \sin x \cos x \pm \cos x \sin y$$

$$\cos(x \pm y) = \cos x \cos y \mp \sin x \sin y$$

$$\sin 2 x = 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$\cos 2 x = \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x = 2 \cos^2 x - 1 = 1 - 2 \sin^2 x$$

$$\sin^2 x = \frac{1 - \cos 2x}{2}$$

$$\cos^2 x = \frac{1 + \cos 2x}{2}$$

$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$$

$$\sin x \pm \sin y = 2 \sin \frac{1}{2} (x \pm y) \cos \frac{1}{2} (x \mp y)$$

$$\cos x + \cos y = 2 \cos \frac{1}{2} (x + y) \cos \frac{1}{2} (x - y)$$

$$\cos x - \cos y = -2 \sin \frac{1}{2} (x + y) \sin \frac{1}{2} (x - y)$$

$$\sin x \cos y = \frac{1}{2} [\sin(x + y) + \sin(x - y)]$$

$$\cos x \cos y = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(x + y) + \cos(x - y)]$$

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$$\sin x \sin y = \frac{1}{2} [\cos(x+y) - \cos(x-y)]$$

$$e^{\pm i\theta} = \cos \theta \pm i \sin \theta$$

$$\cos\theta = \frac{e^{j\theta} + e^{-j\theta}}{2}$$

$$\sin\theta = \frac{e^{j\theta} - e^{-j\theta}}{2j}$$