

The philosophy of OO programming

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Programming Concepts using Java

Week 3

Algorithms + Data Structures = Programs

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- Traditionally, algorithms come first
- Structured programming
 - Design a set of procedures for specific tasks
 - Combine them to build complex systems
- Data representation comes later
 - Design data structures to suit procedural manipulations

- Reverse the focus

Object Oriented design

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 - Search among 20 methods rather than 2000 procedures

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 - Items are **added** to orders
 - Orders are **shipped**, **cancelled**
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- **Nouns** signify objects, **verbs** denote methods that operate on objects
 - Associate with each order, a method to add an item

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- Identity — distinguish between different objects of the same class
 - State may be the same — two orders may contain the same item
- These features interact
 - State will typically affect behaviour
 - Cannot add an item to an order that has been shipped
 - Cannot ship an empty order

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■ Inheritance

- One object is a specialized versions of another
- `ExpressOrder` inherits from `Order`
- Extra methods to compute shipping charges, priority handling

Summary

- An object-oriented approach can help organize code in large projects
- This course is **not** about software engineering
- Nevertheless, useful to know the motivation underlying OO programming to understand design choices in a programming language like Java