

Inverse Z-Transform

We know, z-transform is given by,

$$Z(U_n) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} U_n z^{-n}$$

$$Z(U_n) = \bar{U}(z)$$

Inverse of ~~this~~ this can be written as,

$$Z^{-1}(\bar{U}(z)) = U_n$$

- Find Inverse of z-transform of $\frac{z}{z-a}$ where ROC is (i) $|z| > |a|$
(ii) $|z| < |a|$

Soln:

$$\text{Let, } \bar{U}(z) = \frac{z}{z-a}$$

For, $|z| > |a|$

$$\frac{|a|}{|z|} < 1$$

Taking z common,

$$\bar{U}(z) = \frac{z}{z(1-a/z)}$$

(expand)
• if we (open) this binomial expansion is accounted.

$$\rightarrow (1+x)^{-1} = 1 - x + x^2 - x^3 + \dots$$

Here, $x < 1$

$$\text{or, } \bar{v}(z) = (1 - a/z)^{-1}$$

$$= 1 + \frac{a}{z} + \left(\frac{a}{z}\right)^2 + \dots + \left(\frac{a}{z}\right)^n + \dots$$

$$[\because (1-x)^{-1} = 1 + x + x^2 + x^3 + \dots]$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{a}{z}\right)^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a^n z^{-n}$$

$$\boxed{z^{-1}(\bar{v}(z)) = a^n}$$

$$\boxed{n > 1}$$

(ii)

$$|z| < |a|$$

$$\frac{|z|}{|a|} < 1$$

$$\bar{v}(z) = \frac{z}{z-a}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{a} \left(\frac{z}{1-z/a} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{z}{a} (1 - z/a)^{-1}$$

$$= -z/a \left(1 + z/a + (z/a)^2 + \dots + \frac{z^n}{a^n} + \dots \right)$$

$$= -\frac{z}{a} - \left(\frac{z}{a}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{z}{a}\right)^3 - \dots - \infty$$

$$= - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} \left(\frac{a}{z}\right)^n$$

$$= - \sum_{n=-\infty}^{-1} a^n z^{-n}$$

$$\boxed{z^{-1}(\bar{v}(z)) = -a^n}$$

$$\boxed{n < 1}$$