Advanced Cryptography

Assignment #1

- 1. Evaluate the following
 - a. **7503 mod 81** =>51
 - b. -7503 mod 81 =>30
 - c. 81 mod 7503 =>81
 - d. -81 mod 750 =>7422
- 2. Use exhaustive key search to decrypt the following cipher text, which was encrypted using shift cipher:

"BEEAKFYDJXUOYHYJIORYHTYJIOFBODUYJIIKFUHCOD"

Ans: Here we apply 0-25 key for decrypting the given cipher text. If we found meaningful text then we stop decrypting. For decryption we use following formula,

i.e,
$$d_k(x)=(y-k) \mod 26$$

First we convert cipher text into corresponding integer sequence which are,

Next we subtract 1 from each value and apply modulo 26 then we get,

Finally we convert the sequence of integers to alphabetic characters. They are, addzjexciwtpxgxihpqxgsxihpeapctxihhjetgbpc

Similarly apply key 2,3,4.....

zccyidwbhvsowfwhgopwfrwhgodzobswhggidsfaob ybbxhcvagurnvevgfnoveqvgfncynarvgffhcrezna xaawgbuzftqmudufemnudpufembxmzqufeegbqdymz

At last applying key as 16 i.e, 'Q' then we get, lookupintheairitsabirditsaplaneitssuperman

That's why the key is 16(Q) and plain text is

look up in the air its a bird its a plane its superman

3. Determine the number of key in affine cipher over Zm for m=30, 100 and 1225.

Ans:

 $30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$, so $\phi(30) = 1 \times 2 \times 4 = 8$. The affine cipher over Z_{30} and has $30 \times 8 = 240$ keys.

 $100 = 2^2 \times 5^2$, so $\varphi(100) = (2^2 - 2)(5^2 - 5) = 40$. The affine cipher over Z_{100} and has $100 \times 40 = 4000$ keys.

 $1225 = 5^2 \times 7^2$, so $\varphi(1225) = (5^2 - 5)(7^2 - 7) = 840$. The affine cipher over Z_{1225} and has $1225 \times 840 = 1029000$ keys.

4. (a) Suppose that π is the following permutation of $\{1, \dots, 8\}$:

Compute the permutation π^{-1} .

(b) Decrypt the following ciphertext, for a Permutation Cipher with m=8, which was encrypted using the key π :

TGEEMNELNNTDROEOAAHDOETCSHAEIRLM.

Ans:

a)=> For π^{-1} we should interchange the given two rows and rearranging the column.

First interchanging given rows.

$\pi(x)$	4	1	6	2	7	3	8	5
X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

Now rearrange into ascending order

$\pi(x)$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
$\pi^{-1}(x)$	2	4	6	1	8	3	5	7

b)=> given cipher is "TGEEMNELNNTDROEOAAHDOETCSHAEIRLM". Here m=8 so we partition into group of 8 letter.

TGEEMNEL | NNTDROEO | AAHDOETC | SHAEIRLM

Now each letter in group is replace according permutation $\pi(x)$. Then we get

GENTLEME | NDONOTRE | ADEACHOT | HERSMAIL

The finial plain text is, "gentle men do not read each others mail"

5. Here is how we might cryptanalyze the Hill Cipher using a cipher text only attack. Suppose that we know that m=2. Break the cipher text into blocks of length two letters (diagrams). Each such diagrams are the encryption of a plain text diagrams and assume it in the encryption of a common diagrams for example, TH or ST. Each such guess, proceed as I the known plaintext attack, until the correct encryption matrix is found.

Here is a sample of cipher text to decrypt using this method

LMQETXYEAGTXCTUIEWNCTXLZEWUAISPZYVAPEWLMGQWYA XFTCJMSQCADAGTXLMDXNXSNPJQSYVAPRIQSMHNOCVAXFV

Ans: Not competed

6. Suppose we are told that the plaintext "breathtaking" yields the Ciphertext "RUPOTENTOIFV" where the Hill Cipher is used (but m is not specified). Determine the encryption matrix.

Ans: The given plaintext is "breathtaking".

The cipher text is "RUPOTENTOIFV"

We know encryption method for hill cipher,

$$C=K*P$$

Where K is encryption matrix. Now encryption key K can be calculate by,

$$K = P^{-1} * C$$

P and C matrix can be formed by integer sequence of alphabet. Here we take only 9 alphabet for matrices.

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 17 & 4 \\ 0 & 19 & 7 \\ 19 & 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } C = \begin{bmatrix} 17 & 20 & 15 \\ 14 & 19 & 4 \\ 13 & 19 & 14 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now,

$$\begin{split} K &= P^{\text{-}1} * C \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 17 & 4 \\ 0 & 19 & 7 \\ 19 & 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix} * \begin{bmatrix} 17 & 20 & 15 \\ 14 & 19 & 4 \\ 13 & 19 & 14 \end{bmatrix} \end{split}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 21 & 20 \\ 4 & 15 & 23 \\ 6 & 14 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

That's why encryption matrix is $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 21 & 20 \\ 4 & 15 & 23 \\ 6 & 14 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$

7. Decrypt the following Ciphertext, obtained from the Autokey Cipher, by using exhaustive key search:

MALVVMAFBHBUQPTSOXALTGVWWRG

Ans: Here we apply 0-25(A-Z) key for decrypting the given cipher text. If we found meaningfultext then we stop decrypting. For decryption we use following formula,

i.e,
$$d_z(y)=(y-z) \mod 26$$

Where z is the set of key stream and the initial value i.e, z_1 is key(K) itself.

First we convert cipher text into corresponding integer sequence which are,

We use key 0 i.e, 'A' for decipher the cipher text. First we generate key stream 'z' for the decryption. So that initial character of keystream is key itself.

Now we subtract last value of keystream from cipher text character and apply module 26. Then second value would be,

$$Z = 0.12$$

Again subtract last value of keystream i.e, 12 from another value of the cipher text i.e, 0 and apply module 26. Then we get

$$Z=0.12.14$$
 (where $0-12=-12 \mod 26 \Rightarrow 14$)

Similarly, applying same method for all character of given cipher text then we get keystream as

Next we subtract keystream value from each values of cipher text and apply modulo 26 then we get ,

Finally we convert the sequence of integers to alphabetic characters. They are, moxyxpluhabtxsbrxaaliyxzxum

Similarly apply key 1, 2, 3,.....

zccyidwbhvsowfwhgopwfrwhgodzobswhggidsfaob ybbxhcvagurnvevgfnoveqvgfncynarvgffhcrezna xaawgbuzftqmudufemnudpufembxmzqufeegbqdymz

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At last applying key 19 i.e, 'T' then we get,

lookupintheairitsabirditsaplaneitssuperman

That's why the key is 19(T) and plain text is

look up in the air its a bird its a plane its superman