

Time Domain Features Extraction {Code Documentation}

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This is the document report which contain source code explanation. This report is the final report for Ubiquitous Class.

In this project, I tried to implement approaches and methods that used by Thang in his paper. His research related with gait identification based on smarphone accelerometer sensor.

This project using R language for processing and analyzing the data.

First step is load signal processing library

```
library('rwt')
```

In this documentation, I only use single file data as example for make easy to understand. If you want to extract the features from all of data just put all of functions in looping. I tried to make the program step by step. For every step, I put it in the function so it will be easy to understand and easy to debug if any error.

The data that we collect contain of many data such as magnetic field, gyroscope, and another data sensor, to get only accelerometer data we have to create this function.

```
only_acc_data <- function(raw_data){  
  X_data <- raw_data$ACCELEROMETER.X..m.s...  
  Y_data <- raw_data$ACCELEROMETER.Y..m.s...  
  Z_data <- raw_data$ACCELEROMETER.Z..m.s...  
  M_data <- sqrt( ((X_data)*(X_data))+((Y_data)*(Y_data))+((Z_data)*(Z_data)) )  
  time <- raw_data$Time.since.start.in.ms  
  df <- as.data.frame(cbind(X_data,Y_data,Z_data,M_data,time))  
  return (df)  
}
```

This function will select the subset of data which is only accelerometer data(X,Y, Z, and M signals plus timestamp). The problem is when we collect the data we could not collect the data in the same time. It means each data may has different number of values so we interpolate the data to the same number of values. The function for interpolate the data looks like:

```
linear_interpolate <- function(df){  
  time_elapsed <- df$time[length(df$time)]  
  time_scale <- time_elapsed/512  
  X_data <- df$X_data  
  Y_data <- df$Y_data  
  Z_data <- df$Z_data  
  M_data <- df$M_data  
  
  #Linear interpolate data from X,Y, Z and M axis  
  fx <- approxfun(1:length(X_data),X_data,method='linear')  
  fy <- approxfun(1:length(Y_data),Y_data,method='linear')  
  fz <- approxfun(1:length(Z_data),Z_data,method='linear')  
  fm <- approxfun(1:length(M_data),M_data,method='linear')  
  
  X_data2 <- matrix(fx(seq(1,length(X_data),length.out=512)),1,length(fx(seq(1,length
```

```

(X_data),length.out=512))))
  Y_data2 <- matrix(fy(seq(1,length(Y_data),length.out=512)),1,length(fy(seq(1,length
(Y_data),length.out=512))))
  Z_data2 <- matrix(fz(seq(1,length(Z_data),length.out=512)),1,length(fz(seq(1,length
(Z_data),length.out=512))))
  M_data2 <- matrix(fm(seq(1,length(M_data),length.out=512)),1,length(fm(seq(1,length
(M_data),length.out=512))))

  return (list(X=X_data2,Y=Y_data2,Z=Z_data2,M=M_data2))

}

```

The next step is DB6 algorithm for removing noise, The function DB6 looks like :

```

db6 <- function(linear_interpolate){
#Apply daubechies filter 6 3 level
  h <- daubcwf(6)
  X_data3 <- denoise.dwt(df_interpolate$X,h$h.0)
  X_data4 <- denoise.dwt(X_data3$xd,h$h.0)
  X_data5 <- denoise.dwt(X_data4$xd,h$h.0)

  Y_data3 <- denoise.dwt(df_interpolate$Y,h$h.0)
  Y_data4 <- denoise.dwt(Y_data3$xd,h$h.0)
  Y_data5 <- denoise.dwt(Y_data4$xd,h$h.0)

  Z_data3 <- denoise.dwt(df_interpolate$Z,h$h.0)
  Z_data4 <- denoise.dwt(Z_data3$xd,h$h.0)
  Z_data5 <- denoise.dwt(Z_data4$xd,h$h.0)

  M_data3 <- denoise.dwt(df_interpolate$M,h$h.0)
  M_data4 <- denoise.dwt(M_data3$xd,h$h.0)
  M_data5 <- denoise.dwt(M_data4$xd,h$h.0)

  return (list(X=X_data5$xd,Y=Y_data5$xd,Z=Z_data5$xd,M=M_data5$xd))

}

```

True Peak Detection: We implement true peak detection which proposed by Thang. He use Z signal to segmenting the gait signals.

```

peak_detection <- function(signal){
  #signal <- after_db6$Z
  Z_data6 <- data.frame(1:length(signal),matrix(signal,length(signal),1))
  names(Z_data6) <- c("Index", "Value")
  peak_counter <- 1
  all_peak <- Z_data6[1,]

  for(index in 2:511)
  {
    if(Z_data6$Value[index]>Z_data6$Value[index+1] & Z_data6$Value[index]>Z_data6$Value[index-1])
    {
      all_peak[peak_counter,] <- Z_data6[index,]
      peak_counter <- peak_counter+1
    }
  }
  peak_mean <- mean(all_peak$Value)
  peak_sd <- sd(all_peak$Value)
  true_peak_threshold <- peak_mean-((1/3)*peak_sd)
}

```

```

true_peak_counter <- 1
true_peak <- all_peak[1,]
for(counter in 1:length(all_peak$Value))
{
  if(all_peak$Value[counter]>true_peak_threshold)
  {
    true_peak[true_peak_counter,] <- all_peak[counter,]
    true_peak_counter <- true_peak_counter+1
  }
}
return (true_peak)
}

```

Main Program:

After we create those functions, we have to call it. First, we set directory to the directory which contain with our dataset. (* see the comment inside the code)

```

setwd("C:/rischan/project/raw_data/data/rischan/walk/A")
raw_data <- read.csv(file = "Sensor_record_20141117_165454_AndroSensor.csv",header=TRUE) # Load one of data
acc_data <- only_acc_data(raw_data) #call the only_acc_data function, this function will select the data from accelerometer only.
df_interpolate <- linear_interpolate(acc_data) #call linier_interpolate function, this function will interpolate the data
after_db6 <- db6(linear_interpolate) #call db6, Inside this function we removing the noise from our data.
true_peak <- peak_detection(after_db6$Z) #call peak_detection to detect the true peak.

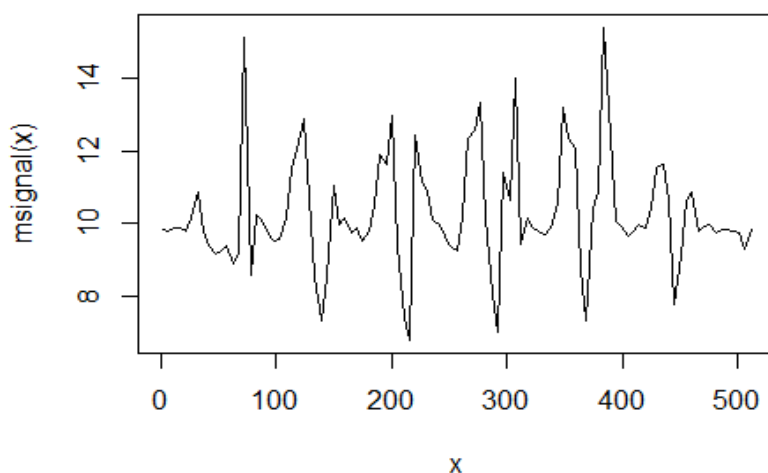
```

If we want to see the plot signal after we interpolate and removing noise, we can use this command:(* example using M signal)

```

msignal <- approxfun(1:length(after_db6$M),after_db6$M)
curve(msignal,1,length(after_db6$M))

```



Extracting Gait Cycle

To extract the gait cycle, we use code like this.

```
# ALL of this code was created by Alvin Prayuda and Modified by Rischan Mafrur

#Extract gait cycle between true peaks in X, Y, Z, and M axis
df_db6 <- after_db6
X_data6 <- data.frame(1:length(df_db6$X),matrix(df_db6$X,length(df_db6$X),1))
names(X_data6) <- c('Index','Value')
Y_data6 <- data.frame(1:length(df_db6$Y),matrix(df_db6$Y,length(df_db6$Y),1))
names(Y_data6) <- c('Index','Value')
Z_data6 <- data.frame(1:length(df_db6$Z),matrix(df_db6$Z,length(df_db6$Z),1))
names(Z_data6) <- c('Index','Value')
M_data6 <- data.frame(1:length(df_db6$M),matrix(df_db6$M,length(df_db6$M),1))
names(M_data6) <- c('Index','Value')

total_gait_cycle <- length(true_peak$Value)-1
for (cycle_counter in 1:total_gait_cycle)
{
  cycle_counter2 <- cycle_counter+1
  temp0 <- paste("gait_cycles_X",cycle_counter,sep = "_")
  temp00 <- X_data6[true_peak$Index[cycle_counter]:true_peak$Index[cycle_counter2],]
  temp1 <- paste("gait_cycles_Y",cycle_counter,sep = "_")
  temp2 <- Y_data6[true_peak$Index[cycle_counter]:true_peak$Index[cycle_counter2],]
  temp3 <- paste("gait_cycles_Z",cycle_counter,sep = "_")
  temp4 <- Z_data6[true_peak$Index[cycle_counter]:true_peak$Index[cycle_counter2],]
  temp5 <- paste("gait_cycles_M",cycle_counter,sep = "_")
  temp6 <- M_data6[true_peak$Index[cycle_counter]:true_peak$Index[cycle_counter2],]
  assign(temp0,temp00)
  assign(temp1,temp2)
  assign(temp3,temp4)
  assign(temp5,temp6)
}
```

Show the list of variable in R environment. We will see many of gait cycle variables.

```
ls()

## [1] "acc_data"          "after_db6"         "cycle_counter"
## [4] "cycle_counter2"    "db6"               "df_db6"
## [7] "df_interpolate"    "gait_cycles_M_1"   "gait_cycles_M_10"
## [10] "gait_cycles_M_11"  "gait_cycles_M_12"  "gait_cycles_M_13"
## [13] "gait_cycles_M_14"  "gait_cycles_M_15"  "gait_cycles_M_16"
## [16] "gait_cycles_M_17"  "gait_cycles_M_18"  "gait_cycles_M_19"
## [19] "gait_cycles_M_2"   "gait_cycles_M_20"  "gait_cycles_M_3"
## [22] "gait_cycles_M_4"   "gait_cycles_M_5"   "gait_cycles_M_6"
## [25] "gait_cycles_M_7"   "gait_cycles_M_8"   "gait_cycles_M_9"
## [28] "gait_cycles_X_1"   "gait_cycles_X_10"  "gait_cycles_X_11"
## [31] "gait_cycles_X_12"  "gait_cycles_X_13"  "gait_cycles_X_14"
## [34] "gait_cycles_X_15"  "gait_cycles_X_16"  "gait_cycles_X_17"
## [37] "gait_cycles_X_18"  "gait_cycles_X_19"  "gait_cycles_X_2"
## [40] "gait_cycles_X_20"  "gait_cycles_X_3"   "gait_cycles_X_4"
## [43] "gait_cycles_X_5"   "gait_cycles_X_6"   "gait_cycles_X_7"
## [46] "gait_cycles_X_8"   "gait_cycles_X_9"   "gait_cycles_Y_1"
## [49] "gait_cycles_Y_10"  "gait_cycles_Y_11"  "gait_cycles_Y_12"
## [52] "gait_cycles_Y_13"  "gait_cycles_Y_14"  "gait_cycles_Y_15"
```

```
## [55] "gait_cycles_Y_16" "gait_cycles_Y_17" "gait_cycles_Y_18"
## [58] "gait_cycles_Y_19" "gait_cycles_Y_2"  "gait_cycles_Y_20"
## [61] "gait_cycles_Y_3"  "gait_cycles_Y_4"  "gait_cycles_Y_5"
## [64] "gait_cycles_Y_6"  "gait_cycles_Y_7"  "gait_cycles_Y_8"
## [67] "gait_cycles_Y_9"  "gait_cycles_Z_1"  "gait_cycles_Z_10"
## [70] "gait_cycles_Z_11" "gait_cycles_Z_12" "gait_cycles_Z_13"
## [73] "gait_cycles_Z_14" "gait_cycles_Z_15" "gait_cycles_Z_16"
## [76] "gait_cycles_Z_17" "gait_cycles_Z_18" "gait_cycles_Z_19"
## [79] "gait_cycles_Z_2"  "gait_cycles_Z_20" "gait_cycles_Z_3"
## [82] "gait_cycles_Z_4"  "gait_cycles_Z_5"  "gait_cycles_Z_6"
## [85] "gait_cycles_Z_7"  "gait_cycles_Z_8"  "gait_cycles_Z_9"
## [88] "linear_interpolate" "M_data6"          "msignal"
## [91] "only_acc_data"     "peak_detection"    "raw_data"
## [94] "temp0"             "temp00"            "temp1"
## [97] "temp2"             "temp3"             "temp4"
## [100] "temp5"             "temp6"             "total_gait_cycle"
## [103] "true_peak"         "X_data6"           "Y_data6"
## [106] "Z_data6"
```

Extracting features from each gait cycle

After we extract all of signal in our dataset to the gait cycles the next step is extracting features from each cycles. The list of features are : Mean, Max, Min, Sd, Abs, Rms. (6 features) with 4 signals (X,Y,Z, and M). So the total are 24 features.

```
# All of this code was created by Alvin Prayuda and Modified by Rischan Mafrur
```

```

features_extraction_X <- c()
features_extraction_Y <- c()
features_extraction_Z <- c()
features_extraction_M <- c()
for (counter in 1:total_gait_cycle)
{
  temp1 <- paste("gait_cycles_X", counter, sep = "_")
  temp2 <- mean(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp3 <- sd(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp4 <- max(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp5 <- min(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp6 <- mad(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp7 <- sqrt(sum((get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])^2)/length((get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])))
  temp1 <- paste("gait_cycles_Y", counter, sep = "_")
  temp2 <- mean(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp3 <- sd(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp4 <- max(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp5 <- min(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp6 <- mad(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp7 <- sqrt(sum((get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])^2)/length((get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])))
  temp1 <- paste("gait_cycles_Z", counter, sep = "_")
  temp2 <- mean(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp3 <- sd(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
  temp4 <- max(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])

```

```

temp5 <- min(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
temp6 <- mad(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
temp7 <- sqrt(sum((get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])^2)/length((get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])))

tempt <- c(temp2,temp3,temp4,temp5,temp6,temp7)
features_extraction_Z <- rbind(features_extraction_Z,tempt)
temp1 <- paste("gait_cycles_M",counter,sep = "_")
temp2 <- mean(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
temp3 <- sd(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
temp4 <- max(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
temp5 <- min(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
temp6 <- mad(get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])
temp7 <- sqrt(sum((get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])^2)/length((get(temp1)$Value[1:length(get(temp1)$Value)])))

tempt <- c(temp2,temp3,temp4,temp5,temp6,temp7)
features_extraction_M <- rbind(features_extraction_M,tempt)
}

```

```

features_extraction_X <- as.data.frame(features_extraction_X,row.names=FALSE)
names(features_extraction_X) <- c("MeanX","SdX","MaxX","MinX","AbsX","RmsX")
features_extraction_Y <- as.data.frame(features_extraction_Y,row.names=FALSE)
names(features_extraction_Y) <- c("MeanY","SdY","MaxY","MinY","AbsY","RmsY")
features_extraction_Z <- as.data.frame(features_extraction_Z,row.names=FALSE)
names(features_extraction_Z) <- c("MeanZ","SdZ","MaxZ","MinZ","AbsZ","RmsZ")
features_extraction_M <- as.data.frame(features_extraction_M,row.names=FALSE)
names(features_extraction_M) <- c("MeanM","SdM","MaxM","MinM","AbsM","RmsM")

```

#Extracted Features to file

```

extracted_feature <- as.data.frame(cbind(features_extraction_X,features_extraction_Y,features_extraction_Z,features_extraction_M))

```

Show the extracted features : (* our features from time domain features)

```

head(extracted_feature,10)

```

##	MeanX	SdX	MaxX	MinX	AbsX	RmsX
## 1	0.28621282	0.1861158	0.56452881	-0.08747358	0.19366760	0.3384070
## 2	0.17558545	0.1782708	0.46646925	-0.08747358	0.19748945	0.2430629
## 3	0.10338283	0.1325633	0.28913461	-0.19676747	0.09413675	0.1651810
## 4	-0.10000061	0.1401756	0.07376019	-0.44531321	0.06592026	0.1663863
## 5	0.04432548	0.4506672	0.70973439	-0.44531321	0.52497363	0.4238845
## 6	-0.12206118	0.7954840	0.98975446	-2.34625085	0.60356478	0.7962018
## 7	0.89300790	1.4151366	3.37958385	-2.13522767	0.95453959	1.6471201
## 8	0.08928882	0.2355499	0.41467906	-0.24215634	0.30578096	0.2356480
## 9	-0.12372534	0.9399927	3.05539355	-1.83038726	0.63825384	0.9385424
## 10	0.67658094	1.1822026	3.01286564	-1.99753513	0.76809241	1.3443108
##	MeanY	SdY	MaxY	MinY	AbsY	RmsY
## 1	-9.892657	0.1748517	-9.722847	-10.249021	0.1960448	9.894112
## 2	-9.892005	0.2171351	-9.617716	-10.249021	0.1537489	9.894124
## 3	-9.034719	0.2452881	-8.783138	-9.617716	0.1801905	9.037864
## 4	-8.497033	0.1623417	-8.293224	-8.830955	0.1311180	8.498428
## 5	-10.477037	2.5369502	-8.557668	-15.211387	0.8123617	10.742435
## 6	-10.038909	1.6065015	-5.518072	-15.211387	0.4875430	10.163879
## 7	-9.975576	1.8222793	-7.068564	-12.576475	2.1525692	10.133531
## 8	-7.461058	0.9114357	-6.578564	-9.135445	0.6360874	7.508623
## 9	-9.911673	0.7819271	-8.193546	-11.577334	0.5955944	9.941841
## 10	-9.427124	2.1291908	-6.548454	-12.654562	3.0435773	9.656490

##	MeanZ	SdZ	MaxZ	MinZ	AbsZ	RmsZ	MeanM
## 1	1.8381871	0.8912318	3.602015	1.0444754	0.4509272	2.031380	10.127515
## 2	1.8449332	0.9170368	3.602015	0.9364895	0.7883796	2.037473	10.147557
## 3	2.3309296	0.6862705	3.349995	1.3903894	0.9359253	2.424466	9.332865
## 4	3.1595698	0.1139533	3.349995	2.9858544	0.1429973	3.161419	9.022031
## 5	3.2803262	0.7642671	4.701712	2.3509477	0.3142924	3.357325	10.980552
## 6	-1.0511732	1.7138319	4.701712	-4.8313159	0.8063790	1.994576	10.476728
## 7	-0.9978714	1.5278065	2.714002	-2.8455728	1.2649190	1.796790	10.344982
## 8	2.2773422	2.1488460	6.060405	0.3146543	1.4378563	3.023934	8.148965
## 9	-0.9796434	1.7628886	6.060405	-3.6409353	1.0162159	2.001013	10.319866
## 10	-0.1789005	2.8926026	7.733196	-3.2850704	1.8075339	2.847917	10.014666
##	SdM	MaxM	MinM	AbsM	RmsM		
## 1	0.3625189	10.931292	9.777459	0.1824490	10.133619		
## 2	0.4281826	10.931292	9.760789	0.2601570	10.155583		
## 3	0.1992063	9.805737	9.011795	0.1983187	9.334872		
## 4	0.2007629	9.446420	8.778006	0.1545652	9.024041		
## 5	2.6792138	16.080243	9.075937	0.4353814	11.262923		
## 6	1.6094929	16.080243	7.903258	0.5800326	10.596980		
## 7	2.1014722	13.328465	7.114664	2.6805692	10.547172		
## 8	1.7011174	11.157647	6.572789	1.0309173	8.299761		
## 9	0.7497265	11.939758	9.274894	0.5996917	10.346509		
## 10	2.4863709	14.298792	6.527600	3.4261545	10.308365		

We store all of these values in CSV files. It will make easy when we want to using these data (just load the CSV file).