Object Constraint Language (OCL) OCL SYNTAX

Set{1,2,3}->iterate(e;acc:Integer=0|acc+e)

Cheat Sheet



 $\begin{array}{cccc} \text{cs} & \text{e op e} \\ \text{id} & \text{e . id} & (7.4.10) \\ \text{self} & \text{e . pt (e, ..., e)} & (7.4.10) \\ & \text{c -> pt (e, ..., e)} & (7.4.10) \\ \end{array}$

ns:: ... ns::id (7.5.7) if pd then e else e endif let id = e : T, id2 = e:T, ... in e2 (7.4.3)

OCL LIBRARY		
Туре	Examples	Operations
Integer (11.5.2)	1, -5, 34	i+i2, i-i2, i*i2, i.div(i2), /, i.mod(i), i.abs(), i.max(i2), i.min(i2), <, >, <=, >=, i.toString()
Real (11.5.1)	1.5, 1.34,	r+r2, r-r2, r*r2, r/r2, r.floor, r.round(), r.max(r2), r.min(r2), <, >, <=, >=, r.toString()
Boolean (11.5.4)	true, false	not b, b and b2, b or b2, b xor b2, b implies b2, b.toString()
String (11.5.3)	", 'a chair'	+, s.size(), s.concat(s2), s.substring(i1,i2), s.toInteger(), s.toReal(), s.toUpperCase(),
,		s.toLowerCase(), s.indexOf(s2), s.equalsIgnoreCase(s2), s.at(i), s.characters(), s.toBoolean(), <, >, <=, >=
Enumeration (7.4.2)	Day::monday, Day::tuesday,	=, <>
TupleType(Tuple {	t.x
x : T1, y : T2,	y = 12 x = true,	t.y t.z
z: T3) (7.5.15)	z:Real= 3.5 }	
Collection(T) (11.7.1)		=, <>, c->size(), c->includes(o), c->excludes(o), c->count(o), c->includesAll(c2) c->excludesAll(c2), c->isEmpty(), c->notEmpty(), c->max(), c->min(), c->sum(), c->product(c2), c->selectByKind(ty), c->selectByType(ty), c->asSet(), c->asOrderedSet(), c->asSequence(), c->asBag(), c->flatten(), (11.9.1) c->any(it pd), c->closure(it e), c->collect(it e), c->collectNested(it e), c->exists(it1,it2 pd), c->forAll(it1,it2 pd), c->isUnique(it e), c->one(it pd), c->reject(it pd), c->select(it pd), c->sortedBy(it e), c->iterate(e)
Set(T) (11.7.2)	Set {1,5,10,3}, Set{}	st->union(st2), st->union(bg), st->intersection(st2), st->intersection(bg) st - st2, st->including(e), st->excluding(e), st->symmetricDifference(st2)
Bag(T) (11.7.4)	Bag {1,5,5} Bag {}	bg->union(bg2), bg->union(st), bg->intersection(bg2), bg->intersection(st) bg->including(e), bg->excluding(e)
OrderedSet(T)	OrderedSet{10,4,3}	os->append(e), os->prepend(e), os->insertAt(e), os->subOrderedSet(i1,i2),
(11.7.13)	OrderedSet{}	os->at(i), os->indexOf(e), os->first(), os->last(), os->reverse()
Sequence(T) (11.7.4)	Sequence{5,3,5} Sequence{}	sq->union(sq2), sq->append(e), sq->prepend(e), sq->insertAt(i,o) sq->subSequence(i1,i2), sq->at(i), sq->indexOf(o), sq->first(), sq->last(), sq->including(e), sq->excluding(e), sq->reverse()
Class		cl.allInstances()
Global functions		e.ocllsTypeOf(ty), e.ocllsKindOf(ty), e.oclAsType(ty) e.ocllsInState(state), e.ocllsNew()
salary > (if age<4 name = name. substr	0 then 1000 else ing(1,1).toUpper	os:OrderedSet(T) cs:constant ty:type t:Tuple() pd:predicat it:iterator id:identificateur e:expression cl:classifier pt:property ns:namespace age>=40 implies salary>2000) 2000 endif) ().concat(name.substring(2,name.size()).toLower())
<pre>let s:integer = 2000 in s*s+s Set{3,5,2, 45, 5}->union(Set{2,8,2})->size()</pre>		
Sequence {1,2,45,9,3,9} ->count(9) + (if Sequence {1,2,45,2,3,9} ->includes (45) then 10 else 2)		
Sequence {1 Set {7,8}->max()}->includes(6)		
<pre>Bag{1,9,9,1} -> count(9) c->asSet()->size() = c->size()</pre>		
Tuple {name='bob', age=18}.age		
<pre>Set{2,3}->product(Set{'a','b'})->includes(Tuple{first=2, second='b'})</pre>		
<pre>self.children.children.firstnames = Bag{'pierre', 'paul', 'marie', 'paul'}</pre>		
<pre>self.children->select(age>10 and sexe = Sex::Male) self.children->reject(p p.children->isEmpty())->notEmpty()</pre>		
self.members->any(title='president')		
<pre>self.children->forall(e e.age < self.age - 7)</pre>		
<pre>self.children->forall(e : Person e.age < self.age - 7)</pre>		
<pre>self.children->forall(e1,e2 : Person e1 <> e2 implies e1.name <> e2.name) self.children->isUnique(name)</pre>		
<pre>self.children > Isonique(</pre>		
<pre>self.children.children.firstname = Bag{'pierre', 'marie', 'pierre'}</pre>		
<pre>self.children->collect(c c.children.firstname) = Bag{Bag{'pierre'}, Bag{'marie', 'pierre'}}</pre>		
<pre>self.children->collectNested(c c.children.firstname) = Bag{Bag{'pierre'}, Bag{'marie', 'pierre'}} self.spouse->notEmpty() implies spouse.sex = Sex::Female</pre>		
Sequence {2,5,3}->collect(i i*i+1) = Sequence {5,26,10}		
enfants->sortedBy(age)		
enfants->sortedBy(enfants->size())->last()		
<pre>let ages = enfants.age->sortedBy(a a) in ages.last() - ages.first()</pre>		