

Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000402 Issue 01

This is to verify that the

Environmental Product Declaration

provided by:

HEMPEL A/S

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A2:2019

BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for:

1 kilogram of Hempaprime Multi 500 paint

Company Address

Lundtoftegårdsvej 90 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby Denmark



Emma Baker

16 December 2021

Operator

15 December 2026

Date of this Issue

16 December 2021

Expiry Date

BRE/Global EPD

BF1805-C Rev 0.1

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Environmental Product Declaration

EPD Number: 000402

General Information

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules				
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules fo Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804+A2 PN 514 Rev 3.0				
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool				
HEMPEL A/S Lundtoftegårdsvej 90 DK-2800 Kgs. Lyngby Denmark	ITeC - The Catalonia Institute of Construction Technology Wellington 19 - ES08018 Barcelona - Tel 933 093 404 www.itec.cat				
	SimaPro Version 9.1.1 by PRé Sustainability BV.				
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage				
1 kilogram of Hempaprime Multi 500 paint	Product Specific				
EPD Type	Background database				
Cradle to Gate with Modules C and D	Ecoinvent v3.6 (2019) database.				
Demonstra	ation of Verification				
CEN standard EN 18	5804 serves as the core PCR ^a				
Independent verification of the declara □Internal	ation and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 ⊠ External				
	riate ^b)Third party verifier: Pat Hermon				
a: Product category rules					

a: Product category rules

b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)

Comparability

Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A2:2019. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 for further guidance



Information modules covered

	Droduo		Const	ruotion		Use stage						End-of-life				Benefits and loads beyond
	Product		Construction		Related to the building fabric			Relat	ed to uilding	Ena-or-life				the system boundary		
A 1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	\square	V										V	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	V	V	$\overline{\checkmark}$

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

Manufacturing site(s)

The transport distances were adapted to factories, specific transport distances for each provider were used for raw material transport. The manufacturing sites included in this EPD are:

Hempel Paints (Poland) Sp. z o.o Ul. Modrzewiowa 2, 64-320 Buk, Niepruszewo, Poland.

Pinturas Hempel, S.A.U Avinguda de Sentmenat, 108, 08213 Polinyà (Barcelona), Spain Hempel Paints (Emirates) L.L.C Interchange No. 08, Sajja Area, Plot No 698/G Al Dhaid Road, P.O.Box 2000, Sharjah, United Arab Emirates

Construction Product:

Product Description

This EPD is representative for Hempaprime Multi 500.

The product is a fast drying, high solids epoxy paint. It provides hard wearing and long lasting barrier protection in coating systems for severe corrosive environments. It is recommended as a high-build, intermediate coat in high performance coating systems where fast handling and short overcoating times are required. Due to its fast drying the product is excellent for projects where fast throughput is key. The product can also be used as a self-priming, surface tolerant coat and a finishing coat in heavy duty coating systems.

Hempaprime Multi 500 is recommended for civil structures, infrastructure, oil and gas industry, wind energy industry and port equipment.

Technical Information

Property	Value, Unit
Relative density	1.4 kg/l
Solids by volume	85 ± 2%
Dry film thickness	100 – 250 μm
Wet film thickness	120 – 300 μm
Theoretical spreading rate	8.5 – 3.4 m²/l
Coverage	0.16 – 0.41 kg/m²



Product Contents

The material composition of the declared mixed product:

Material/Chemical Input	%
Filler	25 – 50
Binder	25 – 50
Pigments	< 25
Solvents	< 15
Additives	< 5

Manufacturing Process

The manufacturing process for coatings involves combining and mixing multiple chemicals and materials into a homogenous product, which is then packaged and distributed.

The manufacturing processes for each of the products are identical.

Process flow diagram



End of Life

Coatings are typically disposed of with the substrate they are painted on. This can be through recycling, incineration or landfill, but the coating itself is unlikely to be separated from the substrate during the disposal process.



Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

Declared / Functional unit description

1 kilogram of Hempaprime Multi 500 paint.

System boundary

The chosen system has been Cradle to Gate with Modules C and D, which means that the Life Cycle Assessment is contemplated from the manufacturing of the paints until they leave the factory, considering the end-of-life stage and the benefits and loads beyond the system boundary.

Data sources, quality and allocation

To carry out this study, 2020 (January 1, 2020 - December 31, 2020) has been considered as the reference year.

The background database is Ecoinvent v3.6 (2019) Database.

The quality of the data and the uncertainties associated with the inventories of each input are also analysed in accordance to Table E.1 of Annex E - Schemes to be applied for data quality assessment of generic and specific data of the EN 15804:2012+A2:2019 standard.

Cut-off criteria

For the present analysis, more than 99% of the mass and energy inputs and outputs of the system have been considered, leaving out diffuse emissions in the factory and the production of manufacturing infrastructure such as industrial machinery and equipment. On the other hand, those suppliers or manufacturers of raw materials that supply less than 5% of the total raw material consumption have been omitted. The remaining suppliers have been adjusted proportionally to 100% to balance this deficit.



LCA Results

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	describing e	enviro	nmental	impacts					
			GWP- total	GWP- fossil	GWP- biogenic	GWP- luluc	ODP	АР	EP- freshwate r
			kg CO ₂ eq	kg CO ₂ eq	kg CO ₂ eq	kg CO ₂ eq	kg CFC11 eq	mol H ⁺ eq	kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ eq
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Droduct stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.33E+00	2.30E+00	2.30E-02	8.58E-03	2.35E-07	1.23E-02	6.29E-04
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
E - 1 - 61%	Transport	C2	4.05E-03	4.05E-03	1.66E-06	3.21E-08	9.40E-10	8.01E-06	2.03E-08
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	1.14E-01	1.14E-01	1.10E-04	2.12E-06	9.55E-10	5.00E-05	6.51E-07
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

GWP-total = Global warming potential, total; GWP-fossil = Global warming potential, fossil; GWP-biogenic = Global warming potential, biogenic; GWP-luluc = Global warming potential, land use and land use change;

ODP = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; AP = Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance; and EP-freshwater = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment



(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	describing e	enviro	nmental	impacts					
			EP- marine	EP- terrestrial	POCP	ADP- mineral& metals	ADP- fossil	WDP	PM
	_		kg N eq	mol N eq	kg NMVOC eq	kg Sb eq	MJ, net calorific value	m³ world eq deprived	disease incidence
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.24E-03	2.17E-02	1.11E-02	1.74E-05	4.81E+01	1.40E+00	1.12E-07
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Transport	C2	1.33E-06	1.48E-05	5.25E-06	2.39E-10	5.74E-02	-1.26E-05	2.33E-10
End of life	Waste processing	C3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	2.07E-05	2.24E-04	8.74E-05	2.55E-09	7.17E-02	1.88E-04	1.24E-09
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

EP-marine = Eutrophication potential, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment;

EP-terrestrial = Eutrophication potential, accumulated exceedance;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric ozone; ADP-mineral&metals = Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources; ADP-fossil = Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer; WDP = Water (user) deprivation potential, deprivation-weighted water consumption; and $PM = Particulate\ matter.$



(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters	describing e	nviro	nmental imp	acts			
			IRP	ETP-fw	HTP-c	HTP-nc	SQP
			kBq U ²³⁵ eq	CTUe	CTUh	CTUh	dimensionless
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Draduot ataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.26E-01	6.05E+01	5.40E-09	4.74E-08	1.02E+01
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0
E 1 (1)	Transport	C2	2.58E-04	2.31E-02	3.01E-13	3.61E-11	1.43E-04
End of life	Waste processing	С3	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	4.18E-04	7.67E-02	7.22E-12	8.51E-11	1.75E-01
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0

IRP = Potential human exposure efficiency relative to U235; ETP-fw = Potential comparative toxic unit for ecosystems; HTP-c = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; HTP-nc = Potential comparative toxic unit for humans; and SQP = Potential soil quality index.



Parameters describing resource use, primary energy											
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT			
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ			
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.40E+00	8.69E-01	3.27E+00	5.16E+01	6.52E-01	5.23E+01			
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND			
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0			
Ford of Pfo	Transport	C2	8.03E-05	0	8.03E-05	6.10E-02	0	6.10E-02			
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Disposal	C4	1.76E-03	0	1.76E-03	7.62E-02	0	7.62E-02			
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0			

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource



Parameters o	lescribing res	ource	use, secondary n	naterials and fuels	s, use of water	
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
1 Toddet stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0	0	0	3.66E-02
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0
End of life	Transport	C2	0	0	0	8.60E-08
LIIG OF IIIE	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	9.15E-06
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water



Other environmental information describing waste categories										
			HWD	NHWD	RWD					
			kg	kg	kg					
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG					
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG					
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG					
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3.54E-02	3.01E-01	5.83E-05					
Construction	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND					
process stage	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND					
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND					
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND					
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND					
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND					
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND					
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND					
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND					
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0	0	0					
End of life	Transport	C2	1.52E-07	3.06E-06	4.16E-07					
End of file	Waste processing	СЗ	0	0	0					
	Disposal	C4	1.51E-07	1.00E+00	4.49E-07					
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0					

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed



Other envi	ronmental ir	nform	nation descr	ibing output	flows – at e	end of life		
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE	Biogenic carbon (product)	Biogenic carbon (packaging)
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier	kg C	kg C
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1 -3	0	7.90E-02	0	0	0	0
Construction process stage	Transport	A4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Construction	A5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstructio n, demolition	C1	0	0	0	0	0	0
E 1 ("	Transport	C2	0	0	0	0	0	0
End of life	Waste processing	С3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Disposal	C4	0	0	0	0	0	0
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	0	0	0	0	0	0

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy



Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and addi	tional technical information							
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results					
A4 – Transport to the building site	Module not declared							
A5 – Installation in the building	Module not declared							
B2 – Maintenance	Module not declared							
B3 – Repair	Module not declared							
B4 – Replacement	Module not declared							
B5 – Refurbishment	Module not declared							
Reference service life	Module not declared							
B6 – Use of energy; B7 – Use of water	Module not declared							
	Waste for final disposal: Landfill	%	100					
C1 to C4	Transport to waste processing: Truck, fuel consumption	kgkm	3.66E-05					
End of life,	Transport to waste processing: Distance	km	30					
	Transport to waste processing: Capacity utilisation	%	85					
Module D	Module declared							



Interpretation

The results displayed in Figure 1 apply to 1 kilogram of Hempaprime Multi 500 paint. It illustrates the relative contributions of the different modules assessed to various environmental impact categories and to primary energy use. Most impacts relate to the raw materials that compose the paint (included in Module A1-A3).

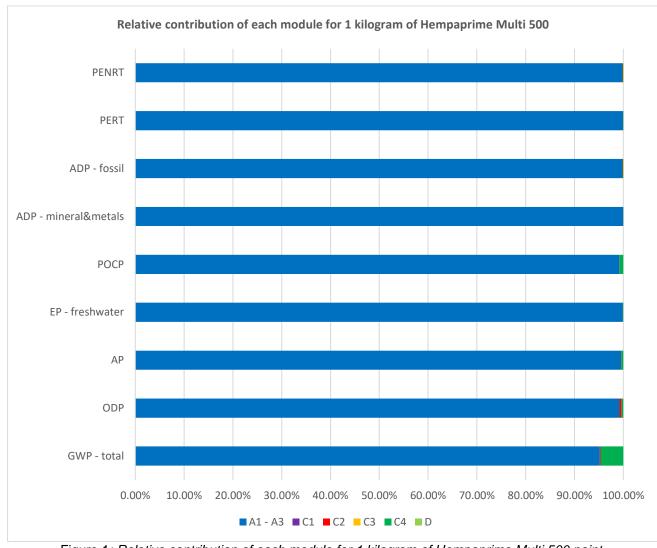


Figure 1: Relative contribution of each module for 1 kilogram of Hempaprime Multi 500 paint.

Raw material manufacturing and transport (40%), packaging (58%) and consumption (2%) account for the total of the use of renewable primary energy resources (PERT). The manufacturing of raw materials and its transport (89%) has the greatest impact on the use of non-renewable primary energy resources (PENRT), while the impact of the production process (due to fuel consumption and product packaging) measures 11%. The pre-product manufacturing (raw materials and its distribution) is the main contributor in all impact categories for Module A1-A3 with an average of 75%.

In this EPD Hempaprime Multi 500 production in manufacturing sites in Poland, Spain and United Arab Emirates is studied. Depending on the manufacturing site, the raw materials transport varies and thus the environmental impacts and primary energy use (Figure 2 displays the variation for Global Warming Potential (GWP) for declared unit).



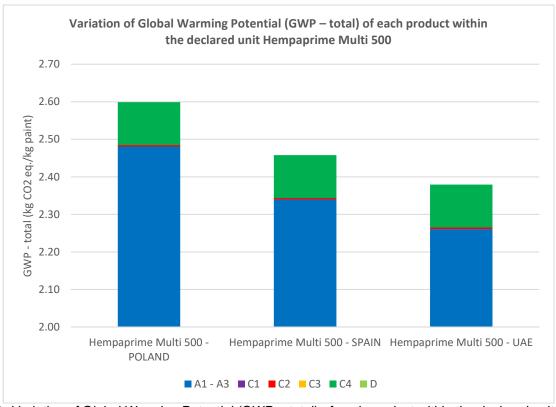


Figure 2: Variation of Global Warming Potential (GWP – total) of each product within the declared unit, 1 kilogram of Hempaprime Multi 500 paint



References

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