

Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000421

Issue 01

This is to verify that the

Environmental Product Declaration provided by:

Gradus Ltd

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

and

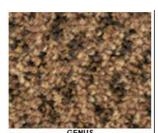
BRE Global Scheme Document SD207

This declaration is for:

1m² Genus & Volnay Cut Pile Tufted Impervious PVC Backed **Carpet Sheet**

Company Address

Park Green Macclesfield Cheshire SK11 7LZ





EPD

GRADUS

06 June 2022

Emma Baker

Operator

06 June 2022

Date of this Issue

05 June 2027

Expiry Date



This Statement of Verification is issued subject to terms and conditions (for details visit www.greenbooklive.com/terms.

To check the validity of this statement of verification please, visit www.greenbooklive.com/check or contact us.

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Environmental Product Declaration

EPD Number: 000421

General Information

Applicable Product Category Rules								
BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013								
LCA consultant/Tool								
Andrew Dutfield/BRE LINA v2.0								
Applicability/Coverage								
Product Average.								
Background database								
ecoinvent v3.2								
ation of Verification								
5804 serves as the core PCR ^a								
Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010 □ Internal □ External								
(Where appropriate ^b)Third party verifier: Nigel Jones								

a: Product category rules

b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)

Comparability

Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance



Information modules covered

	D		0			Use stage					E - 1 - 6 1%			Benefits and loads beyond			
	Produc	τ	Const	ruction	Rel	ated to	the bui	lding fa	bric		ted to uilding	End-of-life		the s		the system boundary	
A 1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4		D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal		Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
V	V	V															

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

Manufacturing site(s)

3 First Avenue Poynton Industrial Estate Poynton Cheshire SK12 1YJ Winsford Industrial Estate Winsford Cheshire CW7 3QB

Construction Product:

Product Description

Genus and Volnay offer exceptional performance across a variety of contract environments. Combining durability and ease of maintenance with high levels of styling, Genus and Volnay are supported by a comprehensive warranty package and are ideal for a wide range of interiors including commercial, healthcare and education.

The following products are included in this EPD:

Product	Pile weight (g/m²)	Total product weight (g/m²)
Genus & Volnay bitumen backed tile	1,085	5,250
Genus & Volnay textile backed broadloom	1,085	2,366
Genus & Volnay impervious PVC backed broadloom	1,085	4,605



Technical Information

Property	Value, Unit (all products)
Wear Class Classification BS EN 1307	Heavy Contract
Impact Sound Reduction ISO 140-8	30 dB (broadloom)
Static Electricity ISO 6356	<2 kV
Sound Absorption ISO 354	Class E
Flammability BS EN 13501-1	Class Efl-s1
NHS Specification	Meets all requirements





Main Product Contents

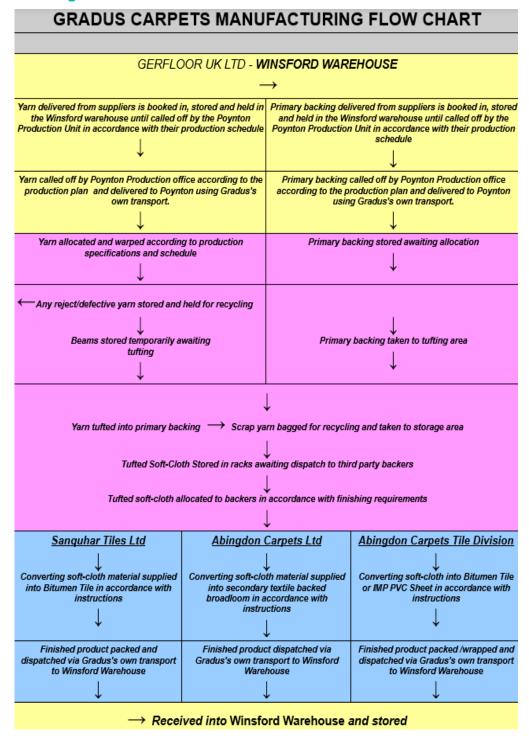
Material/Chemical Input	%
Polypropylene yarn	23.6
Primary backing	2.2
Impervious PVC backing	74.3

Manufacturing Process

Gradus Carpets manufactures a range of contract carpets from Nylon and Polypropylene pile yarns. Their own manufacturing facilities includes warehousing, yarn preparation (warping and beaming), along with a range of tufting machines. They operate from their production unit in Poynton, Cheshire with a shared group warehouse facility in Winsford, Cheshire. Yarn and primary backings are received from their suppliers which is delivered into Winsford, and from which they draw these off according to their production schedule. Yarns and primary backings are allocated and delivered into Poynton in the amounts required and checked and prepared to be converted into soft-cloth product. The required yarns for specific products are warped and held on beams ready for tufting. In accordance with the manufacturing specification and production schedule, the carpet is tufted and the soft-cloth rolls stored on racks until finishing is required. Gradus Carpets works with third party finishers to back their tufted cloth and to convert it into either Bitumen backed tiles, Impervious PVC sheet or Textile secondary backed broadloom carpet.



Process flow diagram





Construction Installation

Impervious PVC backed carpet should be acclimatised at room temperature in the area in which it is to be installed for 24 hours before installation. The carpet should be installed using a proprietary HT adhesive. All carpet joints should be sealed using a proprietary seaming adhesive. Adhesives should be applied according to the manufacturer's instructions. The carpet should not be trafficked during the installation process or until the adhesive has fully cured.

Carpet tiles should be removed from their boxes and conditioned on site for at least 24 hours before fitting. An arrow on the back of the tile indicates the pile direction. Tiles can be laid with the arrows in the same direction to create a broadloom effect or in a chequer board effect by laying tiles at right angles to each other. Before setting out for the installation, it is essential to ensure that the sub floor is clean, dry, level, smooth and free from contaminants. To obtain a high standard of installation it is necessary to plan your setting out carefully. The correct starting point for setting out is the centre of the area to be tiled. It should be noted however that the final starting point for the installation might be offset from the centre line to ensure the correct size and balance of the side cuts.

Use Information

It is recommended to vacuum daily to remove surface soil using a heavy duty upright vacuum cleaner with a brush or a tub vacuum cleaner with a power head.

To maintain a good visible standard, the carpet will require deep cleaning on a weekly / monthly / as required basis (depending on weather conditions and volume of traffic). Deep cleaning can be carried out using various methods, depending on equipment availability.

In all cases, deep cleaning must follow brushing and vacuuming. Attention must be given to stains by using a pre-treatment of carpet spot and stain remover and chewing gum remover if required.

- A) Preferred method: The use of a conventional jet extraction machine, using a conventional floor tool, scrubbing the carpet and continuing to extract as much water as possible. This method leaves the carpet as dry as possible.
- B) Deep Soiled Matting: As with all other maintenance methods, always prepare the carpet by vacuum cleaning prior to treatment. The cleaning professional may consider a combination of a rotary scrubbing machine fitted with a carpet brush and extraction equipment to get improved results.

End of Life

Although Gradus does not operate a collection and disposal policy for the End-of-Life of its product range, its various sheet and tile products can be easily disposed of through three main disposal routes, namely Landfill, Municipal Waste Incineration (MWI) and recycling in the cement industry.

In each of these scenarios, the product may be disposed of either intact or by partial separation for which the product is separated down into its main input materials with some or all of them recycled.

Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules

Declared / Functional unit description

1m² (4.605 kg/m²) Genus & Volnay cut pile tufted impervious PVC backed carpet sheet

System boundary

This is a cradle-to-gate LCA, reporting all production life cycle stages of modules A1 to A3 in accordance with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013.



Data sources, quality and allocation

The Genus & Volnay cut pile carpet declared unit is 1 m² of product with a weight of 4.605 kg/m². The impervious PVC backing has been chosen to represent all product groups as a worst-case scenario even though it has a lower total product weight than the bitumen backed product. The higher impact of impervious PVC backing is based on generic Green Guide ratings calculated for the Green Guide.

The carpet manufacturing data supplied relates to the Poynton and Winsford sites and covers the working period 1st January to 31st December 2020. Poynton is the main manufacturing site and Winsford is the storage warehouse. The Poynton site manufactures other products in addition to Genus & Volnay. Allocations have been made according to the following table, and according to the provisions of the BRE PCR PN514 and EN 15804 standard:

Raw materials	Production by mass x % of product formulation
Packaging	% of total production by m ²
Energy, water, waste	% of total production by m ²

Energy and water usage at Winsford have also been additionally allocated at 41% of total usage based on the area taken up by Gerflor products within the facility.

All backings are applied by various other manufacturers. Generic datasets have been created based on data supplied by TFI for the Green Guide in 2007 to represent the impervious PVC application process used for this study. Allocations have been made on a per m² basis according to the provisions of the BRE PCR PN514 and EN 15804 standard. Average transport distances of soft cloth from Poynton to the backing plants and of backed carpet from the backing plants to Winsford have been included. Average quantities and transport distances of packing materials have also been calculated for the finished products from data previously supplied by the backing plants.

Secondary data have been drawn from the BRE LINA database v2.0.87 and the background LCI datasets are based on ecoinvent v3.2 (2015).

Quality Level	Geographical representativeness	Technical representativeness	Time representativeness
Very Good	Data from area under study	Data from processes and products under study. Same state of technology applied as defined in goal and scope (i.e. identical technology)	n/a
Fair	n/a	n/a	Less than 10 years of difference between the reference year according to the documentation, and the time period for which data are representative

The quality level of geographical and technical representativeness is Very Good. The quality level of time representativeness is Fair as the background LCI datasets are based on ecoinvent v3.2 which was compiled in 2015, and so there is less than 10 years between the reference year according to the documentation, and the time period for which data are representative.



Cut-off criteria

All raw materials and energy input to the manufacturing process have been included, except for direct emissions to air, water and soil, which are not measured. The inventory process in this LCA includes all data related to raw material, packaging material, ancillary and consumable items. Process energy, water use, water discharge and waste are included.



LCA Results

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts											
			GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF		
	kg CO₂ equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO ₂ equiv.	kg (PO ₄) ³⁻ equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.				
	Raw material supply	A1	1.28E+01	3.14E-07	5.69E-02	1.86E-02	1.18E-02	5.02E-05	2.76E+02		
Droduct stogs	Transport	A2	5.60E-01	1.01E-07	3.44E-03	6.21E-04	4.04E-04	1.27E-06	8.38E+00		
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	8.98E-02	2.27E-08	1.37E-03	8.84E-04	3.80E-04	9.31E-07	5.23E+00		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.34E+01	4.38E-07	6.17E-02	2.01E-02	1.26E-02	5.24E-05	2.90E+02		

GWP = Global Warming Potential; ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential;

AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water;

EP = Eutrophication Potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone; ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;

Parameters describing resource use, primary energy											
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT			
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ			
	Raw material supply	A1	9.73E+00	4.18E-04	9.74E+00	2.49E+02	5.22E+01	3.01E+02			
Product stage	Transport	A2	1.26E-01	3.84E-07	1.26E-01	8.36E+00	0.00E+00	8.36E+00			
Floudet stage	Manufacturing	А3	3.28E+00	1.34E-06	3.28E+00	5.94E+00	0.00E+00	5.94E+00			
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	1.31E+01	4.20E-04	1.31E+01	2.63E+02	5.22E+01	3.15E+02			

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;

PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials;

PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource



Parameters describing resource use, secondary materials and fuels, use of water											
			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW					
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m³					
	Raw material supply	A1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.24E-01					
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.85E-03					
Product stage	Manufacturing	A3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.45E-03					
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.29E-01					

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water

Other environmental information describing waste categories										
			HWD	NHWD	RWD					
			kg	kg	kg					
	Raw material supply	A1	2.54E-01	5.46E-01	2.34E-04					
Droduot atogo	Transport	A2	3.52E-03	3.33E-01	5.77E-05					
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	3.02E-03	2.35E-02	1.98E-05					
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.60E-01	9.03E-01	3.12E-04					

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed

Other environmental information describing output flows – at end of life											
			CRU	MFR	MER	EE					
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier					
	Raw material supply	A1	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					
Draduat ataga	Transport	A2	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					
Product stage	Manufacturing	А3	0.00E+00	3.56E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00E+00	3.56E-02	0.00E+00	0.00E+00					

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy



Interpretation

Analysis of the results shows that the following raw materials have the highest and second highest impacts for the selected indicators:

Indicator	Highest impact	2nd highest impact
GWP	PVC backing (47.6%)	Polypropylene yarn (46.7%)
ODP	Polypropylene yarn (43.2%)	PVC backing (35.2%)
AP	Polypropylene yarn (58.8%)	PVC backing (34.7%)
EP	Polypropylene yarn (49.8%)	PVC backing (41.3%)
POCP	PVC backing (59.9%)	Polypropylene yarn (34.0%)
ADPE	PVC backing (75.4%)	Polypropylene yarn (14.5%)
ADPF	PVC backing (47.2%)	Polypropylene yarn (46.6%)

References

BSI. Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations – Core rules for the product category of construction products. BS EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. London, BSI, 2013.

BSI. Environmental labels and declarations – Type III Environmental declarations – Principles and procedures. BS EN ISO 14025:2010 (exactly identical to ISO 14025:2006). London, BSI, 2010.

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Life cycle inventory analysis (LCI) for textile floor coverings; Part II, LCA for carpet tiles; From cradle to factory gate, Deutsches Teppich-Forschungsinstitut (Textile Flooring Institute - TFI), Aachen, 2007.

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