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```
In [ ]: # RISHABH
        #1Given list is [2,4,5,6,6,5]. Print as the runner-up score.=[2,4,5,6,6,5]
        scores = [2, 4, 5, 6, 6, 5]
        # Find the maximum score in the list
        max score = max(scores)
        # Remove all occurrences of the maximum score from the list
        while max_score in scores:
            scores.remove(max score)
        # Find the new maximum score in the updated list
        runner up score = max(scores)
        print(runner up score)
In [ ]: # 2. Given an integer n by user , perform the following conditional actions:
        If n is odd, print Weird
        If n is even and in the inclusive range of 2 to 5, print Not Weird
        If n is even and in the inclusive range of 6 to 20, print Weird
        If n is even and greater than 20 , print Not Weird
In [7]: n = int(input("Enter an integer: "))
        if n % 2 != 0:
            print("Weird")
        elif n in range(2, 6):
            print("Not Weird")
        elif n in range(6, 21):
            print("Weird")
        else:
            print("Not Weird")
        Not Weird
        #3 The provided code stub will read in a dictionary containing key/value pairs of nam
In [8]:
        \#marks = \{ a : [20,25,40], b : [30,35,40] \}
         # Define the dictionary containing the key/value pairs of name:[marks]
        marks_dict = {'a': [20, 25, 40], 'b': [30, 35, 40]}
        # Get the student name from the user
        student_name = input("Enter the student name: ")
        # Get the marks array for the given student name
        marks_array = marks_dict.get(student_name)
        # Calculate the average of the marks array using the sum() and len() functions
        average_marks = sum(marks_array) / len(marks_array)
        # Print the average of the marks array for the given student name, formatted to 2 deci
        print("{:.2f}".format(average_marks))
```

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In [9]: #4 Write a program to display the first 7 multiples of 7.
         # Loop through the range 1 to 8 (inclusive) and print the product of 7 and the loop va
         for i in range(1, 8):
             print(7 * i)
         7
         14
         21
         28
         35
         42
         49
In [12]: # 5 Consider a list (list = []). You can perform the following commands:
         insert i , e: Insert integer e at position i.
         #print: Print the list.
         #remove e: Delete the first occurrence of integer e.
         #append e: Insert integer e at the end of the list.
         #sort: Sort the list.
         #pop: Pop the last element from the list.
         #reverse: Reverse the list.
         # Create an empty list
         my list = []
         # Loop to get user input and perform the corresponding list operation
         while True:
             operation = input("Enter a list operation (insert, print, remove, append, sort, po
             if operation == "quit":
                 break
             if operation == "insert":
                 position = int(input("Enter the position to insert: "))
                 element = int(input("Enter the element to insert: "))
                 my_list.insert(position, element)
             elif operation == "print":
                  print(my_list)
             elif operation == "remove":
                  element = int(input("Enter the element to remove: "))
                 my list.remove(element)
             elif operation == "append":
                 element = int(input("Enter the element to append: "))
                 my_list.append(element)
             elif operation == "sort":
                 my_list.sort()
             elif operation == "pop":
                 my_list.pop()
             elif operation == "reverse":
                 my_list.reverse()
             else:
```

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```
print("Invalid operation. Please try again.")

print("Exiting list operations program.")

Cell In [12], line 2
   insert i , e: Insert integer e at position i.

SyntaxError: invalid syntax

In []:
```