

# Sorting Algorithms

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# Today's Checklist

- **Time Complexity**
- **2 Pointer approach**
- **Bubble sort**
- **Selection sort**
- **Insertion sort**

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**Ques:** Given an array of integers with 1 to n elements and the size of the array is n+1. One element is occurring more than once i.e duplicate number is present. Find the duplicate element.

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
arr	6	1	7	3	2	5	4	8	9	9	10

M-I :

```

for(int i = 0 ; i < n-1 ; i++) {
    for (int j = i+1 ; j < n ; j++) {
        if (arr[i] == arr[j]) {
            printf (    );
            break ;
        }
    }
}

```

3      3      3

Efficient  $\rightarrow$   $O(n^2)$  terms of space

arr

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
6	1	7	3	2	5	4	8	9	9	10

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓

$$10 + 9 + 8 + 7 + 6 + 5 + 4 + 3 + 1 = 53 \text{ operations}$$

M-2



br

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

visited array

Efficient → In terms of time..

Not efficient → In terms of space →  $O(n)$  Extra space

We are using extra space

M-3

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
arr	6	1	7	3	2	5	4	8	9	9	10

$$\text{sum} = 0 + 6 + 7 + 14 + 17 + 19 + 24 + 28 + 36 + 45 + 54 + 64$$

$$\text{Sum of numbers from 1 to 10} \rightarrow \frac{10 \times 11}{2} = 55$$

$$S_n = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$64 - 55 = 9$$

Efficient in terms of time & space both

3<sup>rd</sup> gen i3



M-3

3<sup>rd</sup> gen i3



M-1

Time Complexity

Space Complexity

TLE  $\rightarrow$  time limit exceeded

Q<sub>1</sub> `for(int i = 0; i < n; i++) {`  
`printf("Hello");`  
`}`  
 ↓

$n$  operations  $\rightarrow O(n)$

'Big O Notation'

$$O(n + a) \simeq O(n)$$

↓  
constant

Q<sub>2</sub> `for(int i = -2; i ≤ n; i++) {`  
`printf("Hello");`  
`}`  
 ↓

$$n + 3 \rightarrow O(n + 3) \sim O(n)$$

Q<sub>4</sub>

```
for(int i=1; i ≤ 3*n; i++) {  
    printf("Hello");  
}
```

$$O(3*n) \sim O(n)$$

$$O(K*n) \approx O(n)$$

↓

$K \rightarrow \text{constant}$

Q<sub>4</sub>

```
for(int i=1; i ≤ n*n; i++) {  
    printf("Hello");  
}
```

$$O(n*n) = O(n^2)$$

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Q<sub>1</sub>

```

for(int i=1; i ≤ n; i++) {
    for(int j=10; j ≤ n; j++) {
        printf("Hello");
    }
}

```

$i=1 \rightarrow j=1 \text{ to } n$

$O(n^2)$

Q<sub>2</sub>

```

for(int i=1; i ≤ n; i++) {
    for(int j=1; j ≤ i; j++) {
        printf("*");
    }
    printf("\n");
}

```

$$O\left(n\frac{n+1}{2}\right) = O\left(\frac{n^2}{2} + \frac{n}{2}\right)$$

$$= O\left(\frac{1}{2}n^2 + \frac{1}{2}n\right)$$

$$\approx O(n^2 + n)$$

$$\approx O(n^2)$$

$\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$  operations

$$O(3n^3 + 2n^2 + 8n) \approx O(n^3 + n^2 + n) \approx O(n^3)$$

$$O(\sqrt{n} + 8) \approx O(\sqrt{n})$$

$$O(n^{3/2} + n + 1) \approx O(n^{3/2})$$

Extra Space: 'n' size array,  $n^2$  size array,  $\frac{n}{2}$  size

→ 5 size array → X

↓  
 $O(1)$