In [1]:

- 1 import pandas as pd
- 2 import numpy as np
- 3 import tensorflow as tf
- import keras
- import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
- import seaborn as sns
- 7 import scipy
- 8 | from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
- In [2]:
- 1 (xtrain,ytrain),(xtest,ytest) = keras.datasets.cifar10.load_data()
 2 classes = ['airplane', 'automobile', 'bird', 'cat', 'deer', 'dog', 'frog', 'horse', 'ship', 'truck']
- In [3]:
- plt.imshow(xtrain[0])
- plt.title(classes[ytrain[0][0]],)
- 3 plt.axis(False)
- plt.show()

frog



```
In [4]:
         1 # selecting 50% less data from xtrain
           (xtrain_new_50,xtest_new_50,ytrain_new_50,ytest_new_50) = train_test_split(xtrain,ytrain,test_size=0.5,random_state=
         3 xtrain_1,xtest_1,ytrain_1,ytest_1 = train_test_split(xtrain_new_50,ytrain_new_50,test_size=0.3,random_state=0)
            print("Xtrain original :- ",xtrain.shape)
            print("Xtrain 50% selected from xtrain:-",xtrain_new_50.shape)
            print("70% selected from that 50% training:-",xtrain_1.shape)
       Xtrain original: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
       Xtrain 50% selected from xtrain: - (25000, 32, 32, 3)
       70% selected from that 50% training:- (17500, 32, 32, 3)
In [5]:
            from keras.models import Sequential
           from keras.layers import Conv2D, Activation, BatchNormalization, MaxPooling2D, Dense, Flatten, Dropout
In [6]:
            from keras.utils import to_categorical
         2
            ytrain = to_categorical(ytrain,10)
            ytrain_new_50 = to_categorical(ytrain_new_50,10)
            ytrain_1 = to_categorical(ytrain_1,10)
            ytest = to_categorical(ytest,10)
            ytest_new_50 = to_categorical(ytest_new_50,10)
            ytest_1 = to_categorical(ytest_1,10)
         1 xtrain_1[0].shape
In [7]:
```

Out[7]: (32, 32, 3)

```
In [8]:
            AlexNet = Sequential()
         2
            #1st Convolutional Layer
            AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=96, input_shape=xtrain_1[0].shape, kernel_size=(11,11), strides=(4,4), padding='same'))
            AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
            AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
         7
            # 1st Maxpooling Layer
            AlexNet.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2), strides=(2,2), padding='same'))
        10
            #2nd Convolutional Layer
        11
        12 AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=(5, 5), strides=(1,1), padding='same'))
        13 AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
            AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
        14
        15
        16
            # 2nd Maxpooling Layer
            AlexNet.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2), strides=(2,2), padding='same'))
        17
        18
        19 #3rd Convolutional Layer
        20 AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=384, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='same'))
        21 AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
        22
            AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
        23
            #4th Convolutional Layer
        24
        25 AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=384, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='same'))
        26 AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
        27
            AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
        28
        29
            #5th Convolutional Layer
        30 AlexNet.add(Conv2D(filters=256, kernel_size=(3,3), strides=(1,1), padding='same'))
            AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
        31
            AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
        32
        33
        34
            # 3rd Maxpooling Layer
        35
            AlexNet.add(MaxPooling2D(pool_size=(2,2), strides=(2,2), padding='same'))
        36
        37
            #Passing it to a Fully Connected layer
        38
            AlexNet.add(Flatten())
        39
        40 # 1st Fully Connected Layer
        41 AlexNet.add(Dense(4096, input_shape=(32,32,3,)))
        42 AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
```

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```
AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
44
45
    # Add Dropout to prevent overfitting
    AlexNet.add(Dropout(0.4))
47
48 #2nd Fully Connected Layer
49 AlexNet.add(Dense(4096))
50 | AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
51 AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
52 #Add Dropout
53
    AlexNet.add(Dropout(0.4))
54
55
   #3rd Fully Connected Layer
56 # AlexNet.add(Dense(1000))
                                                       # this is being removed to perform ConvNet as fixed feature extra
57 AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
58 AlexNet.add(Activation('relu'))
   #Add Dropout
    AlexNet.add(Dropout(0.4))
60
61
62 #Output Layer
63 AlexNet.add(Dense(10))
64 AlexNet.add(BatchNormalization())
65 | AlexNet.add(Activation('softmax'))
66
67
    #Model Summary
   AlexNet.summary()
68
69 # https://cs231n.github.io/transfer-learning/
```

Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 8, 8, 96)	34944	
batch_normalization (BatchNo (None, 8, 8,	, 96) 384	
activation (Activation)	(None, 8, 8, 96)	0	
max_pooling2d (MaxPo	poling2D) (None, 4, 4	, 96) 0	
conv2d_1 (Conv2D)	(None, 4, 4, 256	614656	
batch_normalization_:	1 (Batch (None, 4, 4,	256) 1024	

activation_1 (Activation) (None, 4, 4, 256) 0
max_pooling2d_1 (MaxPooling2 (None, 2, 2, 256) 0
conv2d_2 (Conv2D) (None, 2, 2, 384) 885120
batch_normalization_2 (Batch (None, 2, 2, 384) 1536
activation_2 (Activation) (None, 2, 2, 384) 0
conv2d_3 (Conv2D) (None, 2, 2, 384) 1327488
batch_normalization_3 (Batch (None, 2, 2, 384) 1536
activation_3 (Activation) (None, 2, 2, 384) 0
conv2d_4 (Conv2D) (None, 2, 2, 256) 884992
batch_normalization_4 (Batch (None, 2, 2, 256) 1024
activation_4 (Activation) (None, 2, 2, 256) 0
max_pooling2d_2 (MaxPooling2 (None, 1, 1, 256) 0
flatten (Flatten) (None, 256) 0
dense (Dense) (None, 4096) 1052672
batch_normalization_5 (Batch (None, 4096) 16384
activation_5 (Activation) (None, 4096) 0
dropout (Dropout) (None, 4096) 0
dense_1 (Dense) (None, 4096) 16781312
batch_normalization_6 (Batch (None, 4096) 16384
activation_6 (Activation) (None, 4096) 0
dropout_1 (Dropout) (None, 4096) 0

Epoch 40/100

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```
batch_normalization_7 (Batch (None, 4096))
                                         16384
activation_7 (Activation) (None, 4096)
                                      0
dropout_2 (Dropout)
                     (None, 4096)
                                      0
dense_2 (Dense)
                                    40970
                    (None, 10)
batch_normalization_8 (Batch (None, 10)
                                        40
                                     0
activation 8 (Activation) (None, 10)
Total params: 21,676,850
Trainable params: 21,649,502
Non-trainable params: 27,348
```

In [9]: 1 | AlexNet.compile(loss = 'categorical_crossentropy', optimizer= 'adam', metrics=['accuracy']) In [10]: # checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint('AlexNet.h5',save best only=True, monitor='val accuracy',mode='max') 2 history = AlexNet.fit(xtrain 1,ytrain 1,epochs=100,batch size=32) Epoch 32/100 Epoch 33/100 Epoch 34/100 Epoch 35/100 Epoch 36/100 Epoch 37/100 547/547 [==========] - 7s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0979 - accuracy: 0.9706 Epoch 38/100 547/547 [=============] - 7s 13ms/step - loss: 0.1012 - accuracy: 0.9693 Epoch 39/100 547/547 [============] - 7s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0876 - accuracy: 0.9740

localhost:8888/notebooks/task-1.ipynb#

In [11]: 1 history = pd.DataFrame(history.history)

In [12]: 1 history

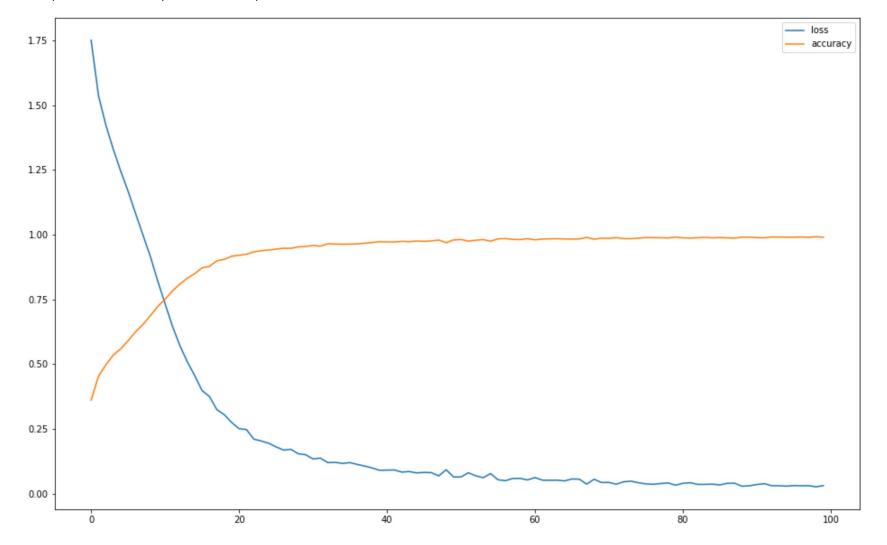
Out[12]:

	loss	accuracy
0	1.749619	0.361543
1	1.536217	0.454286
2	1.422057	0.498286
3	1.329333	0.536057
4	1.245421	0.559543
95	0.032239	0.990114
96	0.031350	0.990800
97	0.031872	0.989829
98	0.027423	0.992000
99	0.032049	0.990057

100 rows × 2 columns

In [13]: 1 history.plot.line(figsize=(16,10),)

Out[13]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f539a459250>



```
In [14]:
             ypred = np.argmax(AlexNet.predict(xtest_1),axis=1)
           2
             ytrain = np.argmax(ytrain,axis=1)
             ytrain_new_50 = np.argmax(ytrain_new_50,axis=1)
             ytrain_1 = np.argmax(ytrain_1,axis=1)
             ytest = np.argmax(ytest,axis=1)
             ytest_new_50 = np.argmax(ytest_new_50,axis=1)
           9 ytest_1 = np.argmax(ytest_1,axis=1)
In [15]:
           1 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report,accuracy_score
           2 accuracy_score(ypred,ytest_1)
Out[15]: 0.5650666666666667
In [16]:
           1 ytrain = to_categorical(ytrain,10)
           2 ytrain_new_50 = to_categorical(ytrain_new_50,10)
             ytrain_1 = to_categorical(ytrain_1,10)
             ytest = to_categorical(ytest,10)
             ytest_new_50 = to_categorical(ytest_new_50,10)
           7 ytest_1 = to_categorical(ytest_1,10)
```

localhost:8888/notebooks/task-1.ipynb#

```
In [17]:
    1 history = AlexNet.fit(xtrain,ytrain,epochs=100,batch_size=32)
   Epoch 1/100
   Epoch 2/100
   1563/1563 [=============] - 20s 13ms/step - loss: 0.6615 - accuracy: 0.7933
   Epoch 3/100
   Epoch 4/100
   Epoch 5/100
   1563/1563 [==============] - 20s 13ms/step - loss: 0.3458 - accuracy: 0.8939
   Epoch 6/100
   Epoch 7/100
   1563/1563 [==============] - 20s 13ms/step - loss: 0.2330 - accuracy: 0.9264
   Epoch 8/100
   Epoch 9/100
   Epoch 10/100
                       1 00 40 / 1
    1 history = pd.DataFrame(history.history)
In [18]:
```

localhost:8888/notebooks/task-1.ipynb#

In [19]:

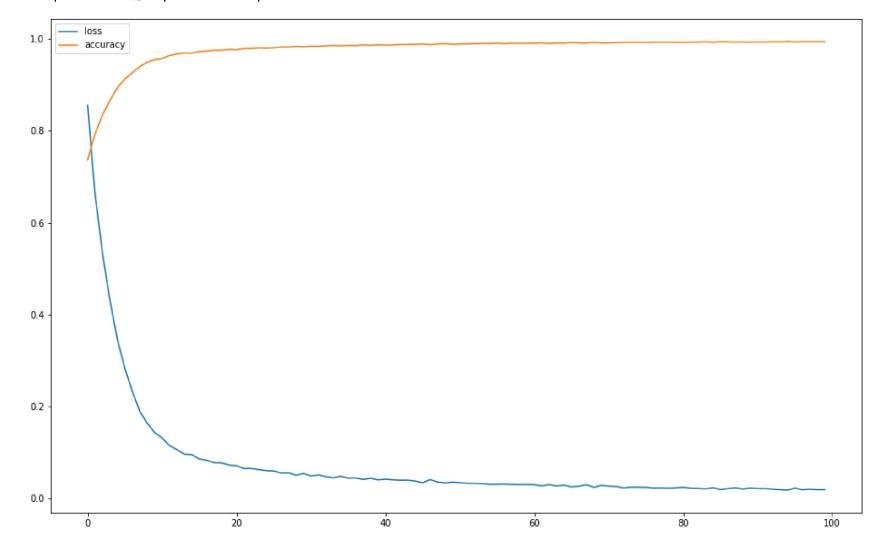
1 history

Out[19]:

:	loss	accuracy
0	0.855332	0.73690
1	0.661502	0.79328
2	0.533495	0.83442
3	0.430364	0.86640
4	0.345819	0.89390
95	0.022198	0.99338
96	0.018639	0.99414
97	0.019822	0.99392
98	0.018850	0.99404
99	0.018977	0.99400
	rows × 2 d	

In [20]: 1 history.plot.line(figsize=(16,10))

Out[20]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f53d01a0a90>



```
In [21]:

1  ypred = np.argmax(AlexNet.predict(xtest),axis=1)

2  ytrain = np.argmax(ytrain,axis=1)

4  ytrain_new_50 = np.argmax(ytrain_new_50,axis=1)

5  ytrain_1 = np.argmax(ytrain_1,axis=1)

6  ytest = np.argmax(ytest,axis=1)

8  ytest_new_50 = np.argmax(ytest_new_50,axis=1)

9  ytest_1 = np.argmax(ytest_1,axis=1)

In [22]:

1  from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,classification_report,accuracy_score
accuracy_score(ypred,ytest)
```

Out[22]: 0.6501