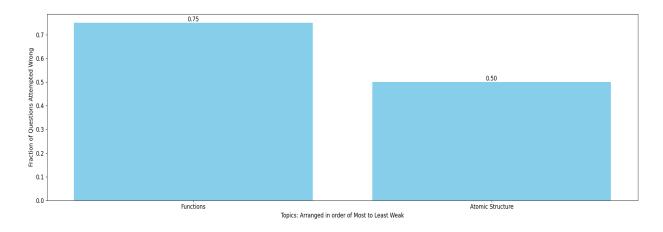
Shivesh Ratra Total MLAssist - Personalised DPP

Question Paper Analysis:



Weak Topic Analysis:



Practice Questions:

Functions:

10. If $h(x) = Ax^5 + B\sin x + C\ln\left(\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right) + 7$, where A, B, C are non-zero real constants and $h\left(\frac{-1}{2}\right) = 6$, then find the vale of $h\left(\frac{sgn(e^{-x})}{2}\right)$.

Daily Work Sheet-4

SINGLE CORRECTTYPE

(-4) (4) 4x

- 3. If $f: R \to R$ is a function defined by $f(x) = [x] \cos \pi \left(\frac{2x-1}{2}\right)$, where [x] denotes the greatest integer function, then f is : [AIEEE 2012]
 - (A) continuous only at x = 0.
 - (B) continuous for every real x.
 - (C) discontinuous only at x = 0.
 - (D) discontinuous only at non-zero integral values of x.
- 1. If the equation $(p^2 4)(p^2 9)x^3 + \left[\frac{p-2}{2}\right]x^2 + (p-4)(p^2 5p + 6)x + \{2p-1\} = 0$ is satisfied by all values of x in (0,3] then sum of all possible integral values of 'p' is (A) 0 (B) 5 (C) 9 (D) 10
- 21. Let $A = \{x \in R : x \text{ is not a positive integer } \}$. Define a function $f: A \to R$ as $f(x) = \frac{2x}{x-1}$, then f is

 [IEE Main 2019]

(A) injective but not surjective

(B) not injective

(C) surjective but not injective

(D) neither injective nor surjective

12. (i) Write explicitly, functions of y defined by the following equations and also find the domains of definition of the given implicit functions:

(a)
$$10^x + 10^y = 10$$

(b)
$$x + |y| = 2y$$

(ii) The function f(x) is defined on the interval [0,1]. Find the domain of definition of the functions.

(b)
$$f(2x + 3)$$

(iii) Given that y = f(x) is a function whose domain is [4,7] and range is [-1,9]. Find the range and domain of

(a)
$$g(x) = \frac{1}{3}f(x)$$

(b)
$$h(x) = f(x - 7)$$

Atomic Structure:

- 12. The maximum number of electrons that can have principal quantum number, n=3, and spin quantum number, $m_s = -1/2$, is [JEE 2011]
- 8. A single electron is revolving orbits a round nucleus a stationary (z = 5). The energy required to excite the electron from the third to the fourth Bohr orbit will be :-

The wavelength of an electron of kinetic energy 4.50×10^{-29} J is _____ × 10^{-5} m. 60. (Nearest integer) [JEE Main (April) 2023] Given: Mass of electron is 9×10^{-31} kg, $h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34}$ Js

Ans.

15. The atomic masses of He and Ne are 4 and 20 a.m.u. respectively. The value of the de Broglie wavelength of He gas at -73 °C is "M" times that of the de Broglie wavelength of Ne at 727 °C. M is. [JEE 2013]

1

The de Broglie wavelength of a car of mass 1000 kg and velocity 36 km/hr is : 24.

$$(h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js})$$

[JEE-Main(online) 2013]

(1)
$$6.626 \times 10^{-31}$$
 m

$$(2) 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ m}$$

(2)
$$6.626 \times 10^{-34}$$
 m (3) 6.626×10^{-38} m (4) 6.626×10^{-30} m