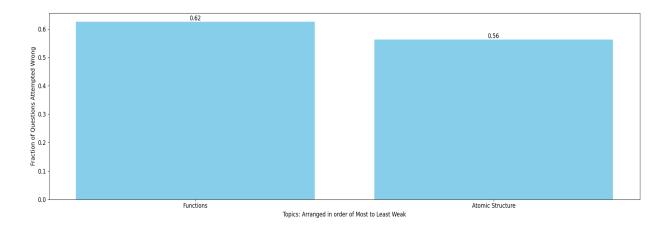
Ayush Pandey Total MLAssist - Personalised DPP

Question Paper Analysis:



Weak Topic Analysis:



Practice Questions:

Functions:

Let f: R → R and g: R → R be two non-constant differentiable functions.

If $f'(x) = (e^{(f(x))-g(x)})g'(x)$ for all $x \in R$, and f(1) = g(2) = 1, then which of the following statement(s) is (are) TRUE? [JEE Ad. 2018]

(A)
$$f(2) < 1 - \log_e 2$$

(B)
$$f(2) > 1 - \log_e 2$$

(C)
$$g(1) > 1 - \log_e 2$$

(D)
$$g(1) < 1 - \log_e 2$$

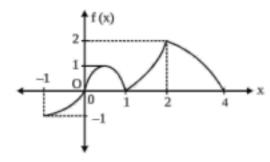
4. Number of solutions of the equation

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\sin^2 x)^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\cos^2 x)^n = 4 \text{ in } (0,2\pi) \text{ will be}$$

2. The function f(x) is defined by $f(x) = \cos^4 x + K\cos^2 2x + \sin^4 x$, where K is a constant. If the function f(x) is a constant function, the value of k is

- (C) 0
- (D) 1/2

 If graph of a function f(x) which is defined in [-1,4] is shown in the adjacent figure then identify the correct statement(s).



- (A) domain of f(|x| 1) is [-5,5]
- (B) range of f(|x| + 1) is [0,2]
- (C) range of f(-|x|) is [-1,0]
- (D) domain of f(|x|) is [−3,3]

2.	Which of the following equations have the same graphs?	
	I. $y = x - 2$	
	II. $y = \frac{(x^2-4)}{(x+2)}$	
	III. $(x + 2)y = x^2 - 4$	
	(A) I and II only.	
	(B) I and III only.	
	(C) II and III only.	
	(D) All the equations have different graphs.	
		Pl-45
Atomic Structure:		

If the radius of first orbit of H atom is ao, the de-Broglie wavelength of an electron in the third

The wavelength of an electron of kinetic energy 4.50×10^{-29} J is _____ × 10^{-5} m.

EXERCISE # (JEE-ADVANCE)

The angular momentum of an electron in a given orbit is J, Its kinetic energy will be :

Spectrum

(C) $\frac{J^2}{2m}$ (D) $\frac{J^2}{2\pi}$

(3) $2 \pi a_0$

(2) $8 \pi a_0$

Given: Mass of electron is 9×10^{-31} kg, $h = 6.6 \times 10^{-34}$ Js

(B) $\frac{Jv}{r}$

[JEE-Main(online) 2012]

[JEE Main (April) 2023]

 $(4) 4 \pi a_0$

22.

60.

Ans.

22.

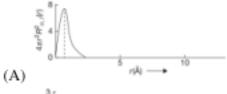
orbit is:

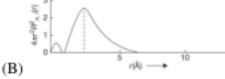
(1) $6 \pi a_0$

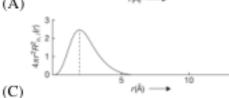
(A) $\frac{1}{2} \frac{J^2}{mr^2}$

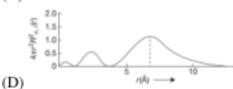
(Nearest integer)

50. The plots of radial distribution functions for various orbitals of hydrogen atom against 'r' are given below: [JEE Main (April) 2021]









Ans. A

- 14. Choose the correct statement among the following
 - (A) Radial distribution function (Ψ^2 - $4\pi r^2 dr$) give probability at a particular distance along one chosen direction
 - (B) Ψ^2 (r) give probability density at a particular distance over a spherical surface
 - (C) For 's' orbitals $\Psi(r)\Psi(\theta)\Psi(\phi) = \Psi(x, y, z)$ is independent of θ and ϕ
 - (D) '2p' orbital with quantum numbers. n = 2, \ell = 1, m = 0, also shows angular dependence