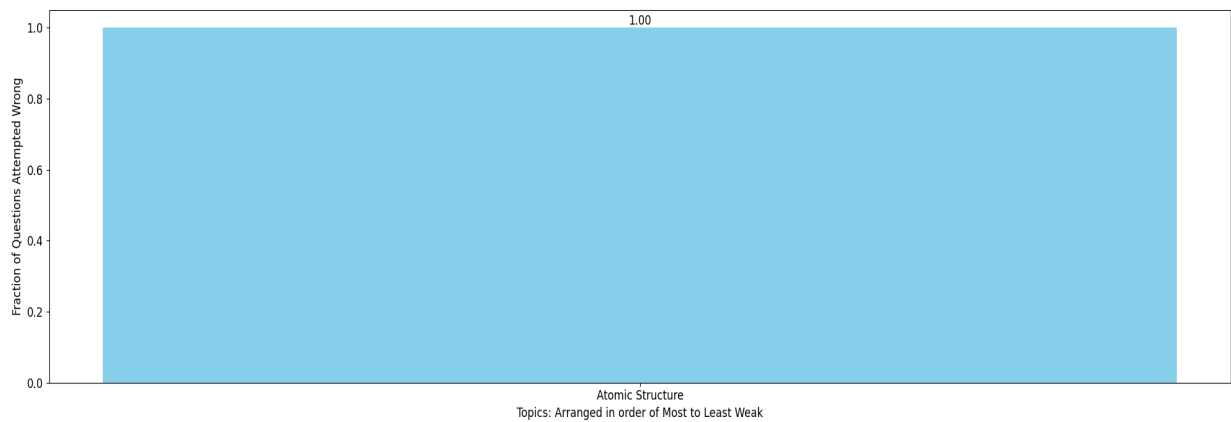


Drishti Garg Total
MLAssist - Personalised DPP

Question Paper Analysis:



Weak Topic Analysis:



Practice Questions:

Atomic Structure:

13. The ionization enthalpy of hydrogen atom is $1.312 \times 10^6 \text{ J mol}^{-1}$. The energy required to excite the electron in the atom from $n=1$ to $n=2$ is [AIEEE-2008]
(1) $8.51 \times 10^5 \text{ J mol}^{-1}$ (2) $6.56 \times 10^5 \text{ J mol}^{-1}$ (3) $7.56 \times 10^5 \text{ J mol}^{-1}$ (4) $9.84 \times 10^5 \text{ J mol}^{-1}$
7. In a certain electronic transition in the hydrogen atoms from an initial state (1) to a final state (2), the difference in the orbital radius ($r_1 - r_2$) is 24 times the first Bohr radius. Identify the transition.
(A) $5 \rightarrow 1$ (B) $25 \rightarrow 1$ (C) $8 \rightarrow 3$ (D) $6 \rightarrow 5$
9. A photon of energy 12.75 eV is completely absorbed by a hydrogen atom initially in ground state. The principle quantum number of the excited state is
(A) 1 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) ∞
41. The quantum number of four electrons are given below : [JEE Main (April) 2019]
I. $n=4, l=2, m_l=-2, m_s=-\frac{1}{2}$ II. $n=3, l=2, m_l=1, m_s=+\frac{1}{2}$
III. $n=4, l=1, m_l=0, m_s=+\frac{1}{2}$ IV. $n=3, l=1, m_l=1, m_s=-\frac{1}{2}$
(1) $I < III < II < IV$ (2) $IV < III < II < I$ (3) $I < II < III < I$ (4) $IV < II < III < I$
20. **Column-I** **Column-II**
(A) Electron moving in 2nd orbit in He^+ ion (P) Radius of orbit in which electron is moving is 0.529 \AA
(B) Electron moving in 3rd orbit in H-atom (Q) Total energy of electron is $(-13.6 \times 9 \text{ eV})$
(C) Electron moving in 1st orbit in Li^{+2} ion (R) Velocity of electron is