Three Level System

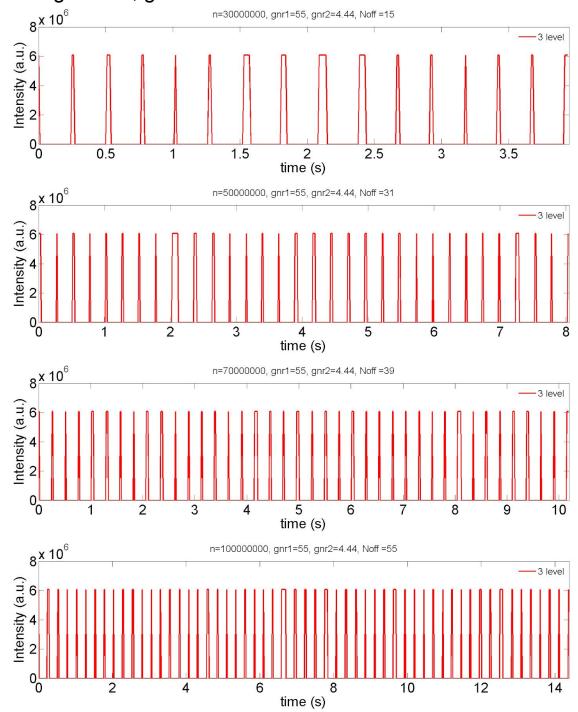
Bin size= 10 msec Code: clear: clc: close all: tic n=1: %current iteration n1=25000000; %total number of iterations p=10⁷; %pumping rate LT=10e-9; %initialised here, follows exponential distribution T=exprnd(LT,1,n1);gnr1=145; %rate of going from excited to trap state gnr2=2.84; %rate of going from trap to ground state bin size=10^-2; %size of each bin t(1)=0; % stores time at which intensity is measured intensity(1)=0; %intensity at a particular time i=2; %index for time array j=2; %index for intensity array k=1; %index for choose array g=1; %index for gsp1 array(array of gsp) c=1; %index for iterating over time while binning count=0; %number of time it goes in trap state while n<=n1 gsp1=1./T(n); %random number generated for gsp from exponential distribution %{ while gsp<10^7 % put limit to value of gsp gsp=exprnd(10^8); end %} S3=sqrt(p.^2-2*p*gnr1-2*p*gnr2+2*p*gsp1+gnr1.^2-2*gnr1*gnr2+2*gnr1*gsp1+gnr2.^2-2*gnr2*gsp1+gsp1.^2)/2; S2=p/2 +S3 + gsp1/2 + gnr1/2 + gnr2/2;S1=p/2 -S3 +gsp1/2 +gnr1/2 +gnr2/2; A1=(p*gnr1)/(p*gnr1+p*gnr2+gnr1*gnr2+gnr2*gsp1);

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A2=(S1/(2*S3))*A1;
  A3=-(S2/(2*S3))*A1;
  gsp2(q)=gsp1; %store gsp in gsp1
  choose(k)=rand(); %random number from 0 to 1 for choosing which state it goes
  if choose(k)<(gnr1/(gsp1+gnr1)) % case when carrier goes into trap state
     intensity(j)=0;
    j=j+1;
     t(i)=t(i-1)+ 1/gnr1 + 1/gnr2; %rise in time
     i=i+1;
     count=count+1;
  else %case when it goes to ground state directly
     t(i)=t(i-1)+1/gsp1; %rise in time
intensity(j)=(gsp1^2/(gsp1+gnr1))*((gnr2*A1/gnr1)+((gnr2-S2)/gnr1)*A2*exp(-S2/gsp1) +
((gnr2-S1)/gnr1)*A3*exp(-S1/gsp1)); % function for intensity
     i=i+1; %increment in time index
    j=j+1; %increment in intensity index
  end
  k=k+1;
  n=n+1;
  q=q+1;
end
plot(t, intensity, 'o')
figure()
n=fix(max(t)/bin size); %number of bins formed
i1=zeros(n,1); %array initialized with zero to store intensity after binning
for m=1:n %iterating over each bin
cprev=c;
 while t(c)<m*bin size
   i1(m)=i1(m)+intensity(c);
   c=c+1;
 end
 diff=c-cprev;
i1(m)=i1(m)/diff; %average of intensity is stored after binning
end
i1(isnan(i1)) =0;%replace all NaN to 0 in i1 array
t1 = 0:bin size:(n-1)*bin size;
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c = [[0,0,0];[0.7,0.7,0.7];[1,0,0];[0,1,0];[0,0,1]];
line style = {'-','--','-.','-'};
plot(t1,i1,'LineWidth',2,'Color', [c(3,:)],'LineStyle',line style{1});
xlim([0, max(t)]);
h legend = legend('3 level', 'Location', 'NorthEast');
title(['n=',num2str(n1),', gnr1=',num2str(gnr1),', gnr2=',num2str(gnr2), ', Noff
=',num2str(count)],'fontsize',16)
set(h legend, 'fontsize', 16, 'box', 'off');
xlabel('time (s)','fontsize',24);
ylabel('Intensity (a.u.)','fontsize',24);
set(gca, 'Fontsize',24);
figname png = ['Intensity and time for 3 level system8.png'];
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width = 15;
height = 4;
set(gcf, 'PaperPositionMode', 'manual');
set(gcf, 'PaperSize', [width height]);
set(gcf, 'PaperPosition', [0 0 width height]);
set(gca,'position',[0.1 0.19 .85 .7]);% specify these as the fraction of the total.. between
0 and 1
print('-dpng','-r125',figname png);
toc
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Results:

Case 1: gnr1=55, gnr2=4.44



Case 2: gnr1=145, gnr2=2.84

