



Data Collection and Preprocessing Phase

Date	20 JULY 2024
Team ID	SWTID1720014187
Project Title	Traffic Telligence: Advanced Traffic Volume Estimation With Machine
Maximum Marks	6 Marks

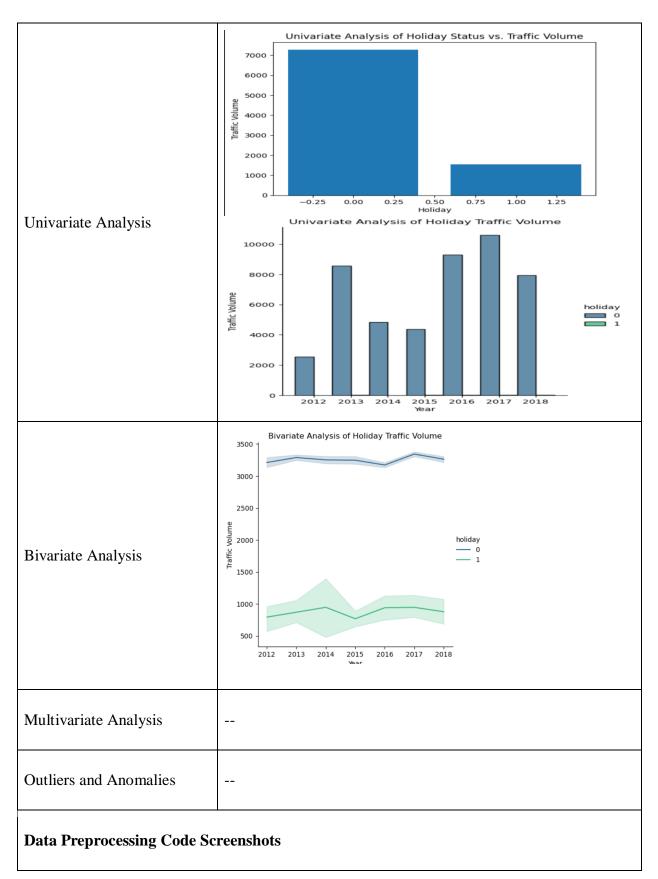
Data Exploration and Preprocessing Template

Identifies data sources, assesses quality issues like missing values and duplicates, and implements resolution plans to ensure accurate and reliable analysis.

Section		Description										
		<u>Dimension:</u> 48204 rows × 8 columns <u>Descriptive statistics:</u>										
Data Overview		temp	rain	snow	traffic_volume							
	count	48151.000000	48202.000000	48192.000000	48204.000000							
	mean	281.205351	0.334278	0.000222	3259.818355							
	std	13.343675	44.790062	0.008169	1986.860670							
	min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000							
	25%	272.160000	0.000000	0.000000	1193.000000							
	50%	282.460000	0.000000	0.000000	3380.000000							
	75%	291.810000	0.000000	0.000000	4933.000000							
	max	310.070000	9831.300000	0.510000	7280.000000							











		holida	v +4	amn	rain	snow	weather		date		Time	traffic_v	volume
Loading Data	0		N 28		0.0	0.0	Clouds						5545
	1		N 28		0.0	0.0	Clouds						4516
	2	Na	N 28	9.58	0.0	0.0	Clouds	02-	10-2012	11:	00:00		4767
	3		N 29		0.0	0.0	Clouds						5026
	4		N 29		0.0	0.0	Clouds						4918
Handling Missing Data	<pre>#fill the missing cells with the mean of the whole column data['temp']=data['temp'].fillna(data['temp'].mean()) data['rain']=data['rain'].fillna(data['rain'].mean()) data['snow']=data['snow'].fillna(data['snow'].mean()) data['weather'].fillna('Clouds',inplace=True) data['weather'].fillna('NaN',inplace=True)</pre>												
Data Transformation	holiday_list = ['Labor Day', 'Thanksgiving Day', 'Christmas Day', 'New Years Day',												
Feature Engineering	<pre>from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder # Assuming your data is in a DataFrame called 'data' # Assuming the weather column is named 'weather' # Create a LabelEncoder object le = LabelEncoder() # Fit the LabelEncoder to the weather data (learn the categories) le.fit(data['weather']) # Transform the 'weather' column to numerical labels data['weather'] = le.transform(data['weather'])</pre>												
Save Processed Data	39346 23628 6563	0	277.44 296.46 294.84	0.0	0.0	0 1 1	2859 4603 5635	29 25 31	11 05 05	2017 2016 2013	20 18 13	00 00 00	00 00 00
	44041 43918		279.69 290.46	0.0	0.0	6	622 3274	08		2018	19	00	00