

A series of thin, black, overlapping geometric lines and polygons in the top-left corner of the page, creating a complex, abstract pattern.

DIRECTORY SIZE CALCULATOR APPLICATION

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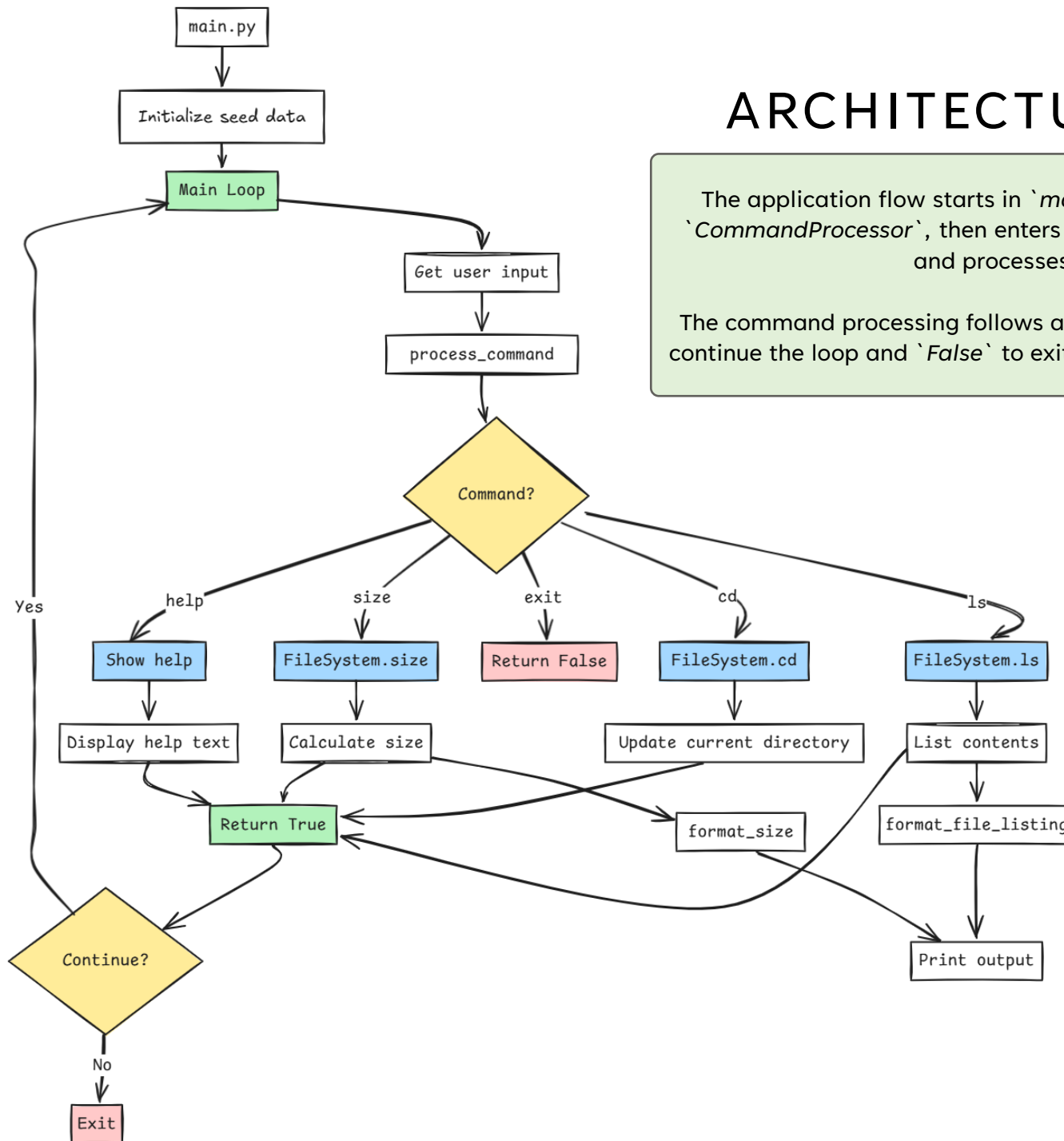
ARCHITECTURE FLOW DIAGRAM

The application flow starts in `main.py` where it initializes a `FileSystem` instance and `CommandProcessor`, then enters an infinite loop that continuously prompts for user input and processes commands through the processor.

The command processing follows a simple boolean return pattern where it returns `True` to continue the loop and `False` to exit. All commands (`cd`, `ls`, `help` and `size`) follow this pattern.

APPROACH AND DESIGN

- Used layered architecture for different parts of the program - **CLI** handles user commands, **filesystem** manages the virtual directory and files, and **models** store the actual object data.
- Used **dependency injection pattern** where `CommandProcessor` receives `FileSystem` instance (Directory containing files and directories) for loose coupling between components.
- Used composition over inheritance with `Directory` class aggregating `File` and `Directory` objects in a **tree structure** for easy navigation and size calculation.



PROJECT STRUCTURE

```
Capgemini/
├── main.py          # Main application entry point
├── test.py          # Comprehensive test suite
├── README.md
├── models/          # Data models
│   ├── file.py      # File class
│   └── directory.py  # Directory class
├── filesystem/
│   ├── filesystem.py # FileSystem class
│   └── initializer.py # Seed data initializer
├── cli/
│   └── command_processor.py # Command-line interface
└── utils/
    └── formatters.py # Formatting utilities
```

KEY FILES AND FOLDERS



- **CommandProcessor.py:** Handles all user input parsing and routes commands to the right filesystem operations, making it the central command hub.
- **Filesystem.py:** Manages the virtual filesystem navigation (`cd`, `ls`, `size` commands) and keeps track of current location, acting as the core filesystem controller.
- **Directory.py:** Defines the tree structure where folders can contain both files and other folders, using **recursion** to calculate total sizes by adding up all nested files and folders.

KEY MODALS:

File Modal

```
class File:
    def __init__(self, name: str, size: int):
        self.name = name
        self.size = size
```

Directory Modal

```
class Directory:
    def __init__(self, name: str, parent: Optional['Directory'] = None):
        self.name = name
        self.parent = parent
        self.children: Dict[str, Union[File, 'Directory']] = {}
```

PROCESS TO RUN & TEST

Once you have cloned the repository, go to the project directory and execute:

PS: Test Data and Seed Data have been added in the code directly

Running Application:

`python main.py`

```

    Directory Size Calculator Application
    A file system simulator with cd, ls, and size commands

Type 'help' for available commands.

/> ls
documents
downloads
photos

/> cd documents
/documents> ls
notes.txt (512.0 B)
projects
report.txt (1.0 KB)

/documents> size
7.5 KB

/documents> cd projects
/documents/projects> ls
project1.doc (2.0 KB)
project2.doc (4.0 KB)

/documents/projects> exit
Goodbye!
```

Running Tests:

`python test.py`

```

PS C:\Users\risha\Documents\Project\Directory-Size-Calculator-Application> python test.py
=====
Directory Size Calculator - Test Suite
=====

Available tests:

1. File Model
2. Directory Model
3. FileSystem Operations
4. Command Processor
5. Formatters
6. Sample Filesystem
7. Edge Cases

Please type one of the following:
  • A number (1-7) to run a specific test
  • 'all' to run all tests
  • 'exit' to quit the test suite

Enter your choice (number 1-7, 'all', or 'exit'): 2

===== Directory Model =====
Testing Directory model...
✓ Directory model tests passed
✓ Directory Model passed successfully!

Run another test? (y/n): N

Exiting test suite. Goodbye!
```

Benefits of This Structure

1. **Separation of Concerns:** Each module has a specific responsibility
2. **Maintainability:** Easy to modify individual components
3. **Testability:** Each module can be tested independently
4. **Extensibility:** Easy to add new features or commands
5. **Type Hints:** Full type annotation support for better IDE experience
6. **Clean Code:** Minimal comments with self-documenting code

Thank you!